LONG RANGE WIRELESS ACCESS POINT / CLIENT BRIDGE

Model: ENH200EXT



User Manual

Version: 2.0

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About This Document

This document is written by EnGenius Inc. EnGenius Inc. the reserves the right to change this document without notice and all rights are reserved. This document can only be used for the configuration of EnGenius products.

This document is to characterize the EnGenius ENH200EXT Wireless Access Point & Client Bridge. Please read the document carefully before setting up the ENH200EXT. Any damage which is caused by inappropriate use will not be covered under the warranty.

Formats

This document uses following symbols to indicate and highlight special messages.

	3 7 3 1 3
CAUTION	Caution: This symbol represents a vital message and it is critical for the device
	or settings.
NOTE	Note: This symbol represents an important message for the settings.
TIP	Tip: This symbol represents an alternative choice that can save time or
- 10	resources.

Before you start

The following equipment is required to setup the ENH200EXT:

- 1. (1) Computer/Notebook and Internet access.
- 2. (2) Ethernet cables.
- 3. (1) EnGenius ENH200EXT.

The equipment listed above is only for configuration of the ENH200EXT, you will need additional equipment to connect to the Internet and configuration will depend on your current network infrastructure. Please refer to Chapter 2 for more information.

1 Product Overview

Thank you for using the ENH200EXT. It is a powerful and enhanced, enterprise-scale product with 4 multi-functions: Access Point, Client Bridge, WDS, and Client Router.

EnGenius' ENH200EXT uses the latest wireless standard, 802.11n, which allows for faster wireless throughput. The ENH200EXT affords a great advantage to minimize the time and cost which is required to expand your network. It is also backwards compatible with 802.11b and 802.11g networking equipment.

The ENH200EXT is easy to install almost anywhere with included proprietary Power over Ethernet adapter for quick outdoor installation. In addition, the ENH200EXT can manage power level control, and it features narrow bandwidth selection, traffic shaping and real-time RSSI indication. The ENH200EXT fully supports wireless encryption including Wi-Fi Protected Access (WPA-PSK/WPA2-PSK), (64/128/152)-bit WEP Encryption, and IEEE 802.1x with RADIUS. The ENH200 is an ideal choice to pair with the ENH200EXT in a client / bridge topology.

The ENH200EXT utilizes a proprietary PoE adapter. Only use the supplied PoE adapter. Damage may occur if another PoE adapter is used.

1.1 Features

The following list describes the design and scope of the ENH200EXT made possible through the power and flexibility of wireless LANs:

a) Difficult-to-wire environments

There are many situations where wires cannot be laid easily. For example, historic and older buildings as well as open areas and cross-street architectures make the installation of LANs either impossible or very expensive.

b) Temporary workgroups

Consider situations in parks, athletic arenas, exhibition centers, disaster-recovery, temporary offices and construction sites where one wants a temporary WLAN established and removed at a future date. The ENH200EXT is easy to place into and remove from production.

c) The ability to access real-time information

Doctors and nurses, point-of-sale employees, and warehouse workers can access real-time information while dealing with patients, serving customers, and processing information.

d) Frequently altered environments

Show rooms, meeting rooms, retail stores, and manufacturing sites are prime examples where frequently rearranged workplaces are suited for wireless LANs.

e) Wireless extensions of Ethernet networks

Network managers in dynamic environments can minimize the overhead caused by moves, extensions to networks, and other changes by utilizing wireless LANs.

f) Wired LAN backup

Network managers may implement wireless LANs to provide redundancy for mission-critical applications which are implemented on wired networks.

g) Training and educational facilities

Training sites at corporations and students at universities use wireless connectivity to afford access to information, information exchanges, and learning.

Features		
High Speed Data Rate Up to 150Mbps	Capable of handling heavy data payloads such as HD video streaming	
High Output Power up to 27 dBm	Extended range and excellent coverage	
IEEE 802.11b/g/n Compliant	Fully interoperable with IEEE 802.11 b/g/n compliant devices	
Multi-Function	Users can use different modes in various environments	
Point-to-point, Point-to-multipoint Wireless Connectivity	Allow clients to transfer data between two or more buildings	
Support RSSI Indicator (CB mode)	Users can select the best signal to connect with AP efficiently	
Power-over-Ethernet	Flexible Access Point locations and cost savings (Note: The ENH200EXT includes a proprietary PoE adapter.)	
Support Multi-SSID function (4 SSID) in AP mode	Allow clients to access different networks through a single access point and assign different policies and functions for each SSID	
WPA2/WPA/ WEP/ IEEE 802.1x support	Full support for all types of current wireless security standards	
MAC address filtering in AP mode	Ensure secure network by enforcing network access control lists	
PPPoE/PPTP function support (AP Router/CR mode)	Easy to access Internet via ISP service authentication	

SNMP Remote Configuration Management	Allow administrators to remotely configure or manage the Access Point.
QoS (WMM) support	Enhance user performance and density

1.2 Benefits

Access Point Mode	Use this feature to setup the access point's configuration	
	information. It supports transmit power and channel adjustments.	
	Clients can access the network with different regulatory settings	
	and automatically change to the local regulations.	
Client Bridge Mode	Use this feature to connect to an Access Point, enabling WAN	
	sharing.	
WDS Mode	Use this feature to link multiple APs in a network; All associated	
	clients from any AP can communicate with each other like in	
	ad-hoc mode.	
Client Router Mode	Clients connect wirelessly to an AP and transmit data through AP	
	to access the Internet.	
Multiple SSIDs	ENH200EXT supports up to 4 SSIDs on your access point. The	
	following options can be set to each SSID:	
	- Public or private SSID	
	- Authentication	
	- VLAN identifier	
	- RADIUS accounting identifier	
	- Profile isolation for infrastructure network	
VLAN	Specify a VLAN number for each SSID to separate the services	
	among clients.	
QoS	Use this feature to limit the incoming or outgoing throughput.	
Wi-Fi Protected Access	Wi-Fi Protect Access is a standard-based interoperable security	
	enhancement that increases the level of data protection and	
	access control for existing and future wireless LAN systems. It is	
	compatible with IEEE 802.11i standard. WPA leverages TKIP and	
	802.1X for authenticated key management.	

1.3 Package Contents

Open the package carefully, and make sure that none of the items listed below are missing. Do not discard the packing materials; in case of return, the unit must be shipped in its original packaging.

- ➤ (1) Wireless Access Point / Client Bridge (ENH200EXT)
- **▶ (1)** 24V/0.6A Power Adapter
- ➤ (1) PoE Injector (EPE-24R)
- ➤ (1) Pole Mount Kit
- **> (1)** QIG
- ➤ (1) CD (User Manual)

Using a power adapter other than the one included with the ENH200EXT may cause damage to the device.

1.4 System Requirement

The following conditions are the minimum system requirements.

- ➤ A computer with an Ethernet interface and operating under Windows XP, Vista, 7 or Linux.
- ➤ An Internet browser that supports HTTP and JavaScript.

1.5 Hardware Overview

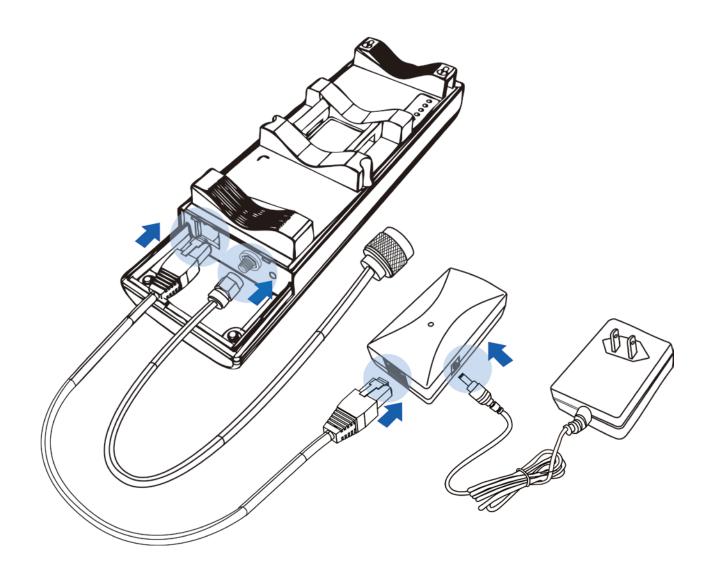
Physical Interface	- 1 x Port with PoE support
	- 1 x SMA Connector
	- 1 x Reset
Maximum Wireless Data rate	- 150 Mbps
LEDs status	- Power Status
	- LAN (10/100Mbps)
	- WLAN (Wireless is enabled)
	- 3 x Link Quality (Client Bridge mode)

1.6 Understanding the ENH200EXT LEDs

The rear of the ENH200EXT has two groups of LEDs. One group, labeled **INDICATORS**, shows the status of the device. The second group, **LINK QUALITY**, shows the strength of the link between the ENH200EXT and the network. The following table describes the ENH200 LEDs.

LED	Color	Mode	Status
Power	Green	OFF= ENH200EXT is not receiving power.	
		ON= ENH200	EXT is receiving power.
LAN	Green	OFF = ENH20	DEXT is not connected to the network.
		ON = ENH200	EXT is connected to the network, but not
		sending or red	ceiving data.
		Blink = ENH20	00EXT is sending or receiving data.
WLAN	Green	Access Point	OFF = ENH200EXT radio is off and the
		or Client	device is not sending or receiving data over
		Bridge Mode	the wireless LAN.
			ON = ENH200EXT radio is on, and the
			device is not sending or receiving data over
			the wireless LAN.
			Blink = ENH200EXT radio is on, and the
			device is sending or receiving data over the
			wireless LAN.
Link Quality	See Status column	Access Point	Shows the strength of the link between the
		or Client	ENH200EXT and the network.
		Bridge Mode	G = good quality (green).
			Y = medium quality (yellow).
			R = poor or no link (red).

1.7 Hardware installation diagram:



2 Wireless Network Modes

2.1 Access Point Mode

In the Access Point Mode, the ENH200EXT functions like a central connection for any stations or clients that support the IEEE 802.11b/g/n standards. Stations and clients must utilize the same SSID and Security Password to associate while within the range. The ENH200EXT supports 4 different SSIDs simultaneously.



2.2 Access Point with WDS Function Mode

The ENH200EXT also supports WDS functionality while in Access Point Mode. Simply configure other Access Points and the associated MAC addresses to enlarge the wireless area by enabling WDS Link Settings. WDS functionality can support up to 8 different AP MAC addresses.



Not every Access Point supports WDS in Access Point Mode. It is recommended to use ENH200EXTs if you would like to utilize this functionality.

2.3 Client Bridge Mode

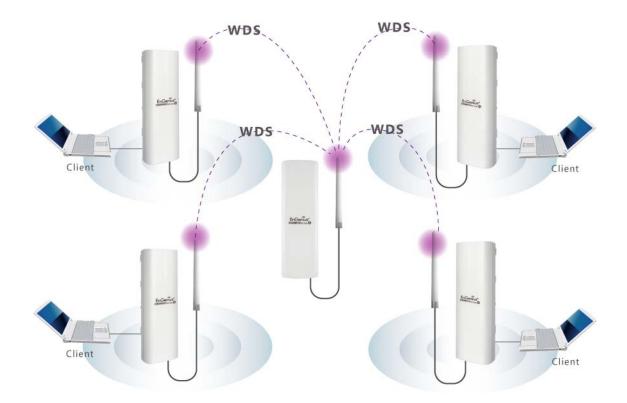
In the Client Bridge Mode, the ENH200EXT functions like a wireless client, connecting to an Access Point wirelessly and enabling Internet connectivity wherever you want. Use Site Survey

to scan all of the Access Points within range and configure its SSID and Security Password to associate with it. You can also connect your station to the LAN port of the ENH200EXT via Ethernet.



2.4 WDS Bridge Mode

In the WDS Bridge Mode, the ENH200EXT can wirelessly connect to different LANs by simply configuring the MAC Address and Security Settings of other AP's in the WDS list. This mode is used when two or more wired LANs are located within a small distance and communication between them is desired. The best solution is using ENH200EXTs to wirelessly connect the wired LANs. WDS Bridge Mode can establish up to 4 WDS links; the network diagram is a star topology.



WDS Bridge Mode is unlike Access Point Mode. APs linked by WDS are using the same wireless channel, and connecting excessive numbers of APs on the same channel may result in lower throughput. Please be aware to avoid loop connections; otherwise enable the Spanning Tree Function.

2.5 Client Router Mode

In the Client Router Mode, the ENH200EXT features an active DHCP server that allows WLAN clients to share the same Internet connection. Ideally, have clients wirelessly connect to an AP/WISP and connect to LANs via Ethernet. Client Router Mode is different from the AP Router Mode. It is not a common application however useful when connects to WISP AP.



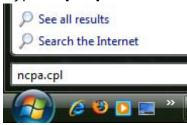
3 Configuring Your Computer for TCP/IP

This chapter describes how to configure the TCP/IP settings on a computer that will be used to configure the ENH200EXT. Because the default operating mode is Client Bridge, an IP address will not be assigned to the computer/notebook. Therefore, follow the steps below to assign an IP address to a client's Ethernet adapter.

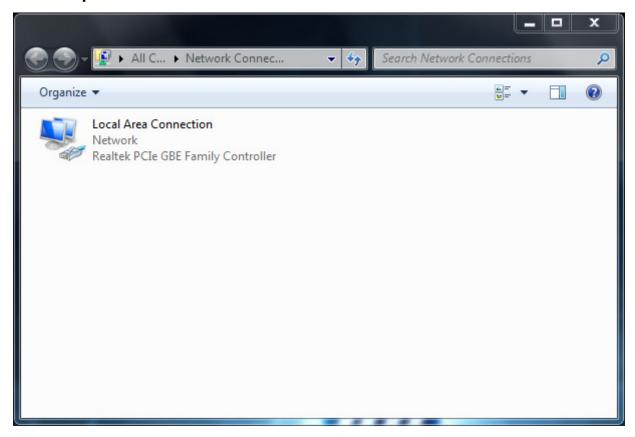
3.1 Configuring Microsoft Windows 7

Use the following procedure to configure a computer running Microsoft Windows 7.

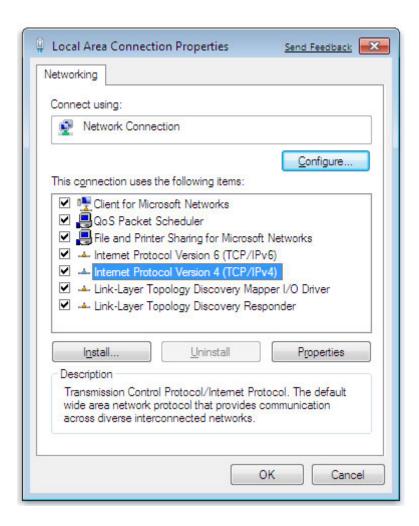
1. In the Start menu search box, type: **ncpa.cpl**



2. When the Network Connections List appears, right-click the **Local Area Connection** icon and click **Properties**.



3. In the Networking tab, click **Internet Protocol Version 4 (TCP/IPv4)**, and then click **Properties**.

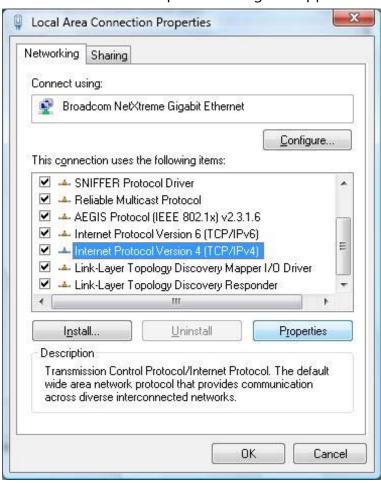


- 4. In the properties dialog box, click **Use the following IP address:** to configure your computer for Static TCP/IP. Enter an **IP address** (i.e. 192.168.1.10), the **subnet mask** of the ENH200EXT, and the **default gateway** which is the ENH200EXT's IP address, 192.168.1.1. Note: the subnet mask must match that of the ENH200EXT and the IP address must be on that subnet.
- 5. Click the **OK** button to save your changes and close the dialog box.
- 6. Click the **OK** button again to save your changes.

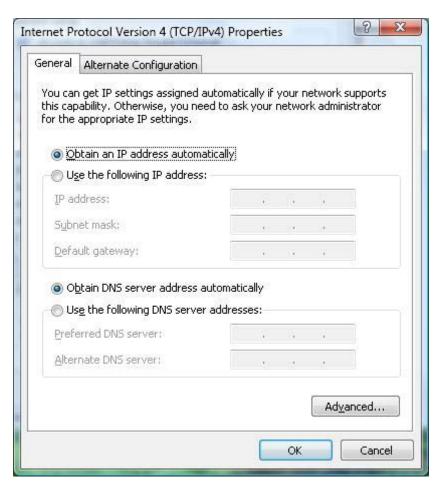
3.2 Configuring Microsoft Windows Vista

Use the following procedure to configure a computer running Microsoft Windows Vista with the default Windows interface.

- 1. On the Windows taskbar, click **Start**, click **Control Panel**, and then select the **Network** and **Internet** icon.
- 2. Click View Network Status and tasks and then click Manage Networks Connections.
- Right-click the Local Area Connection icon and click Properties.
- 4. Click **Continue**. The Local Area Connection Properties dialog box appears.
- 5. In the Local Area Connection Properties dialog box, verify that **Internet Protocol** (TCP/IPv4) is checked. Then select **Internet Protocol** (TCP/IPv4) and click the **Properties** button. The Internet Protocol Version 4 Properties dialog box appears.



6. In the properties dialog box, click **Use the following IP address:** to configure your computer for Static TCP/IP. Enter an **IP address** (i.e. 192.168.1.10), the **subnet mask** of the ENH200EXT, and the **default gateway** which is the ENH200EXT's IP address, 192.168.1.1. Note: the subnet mask must match that of the ENH200EXT and the IP address must be on that subnet.

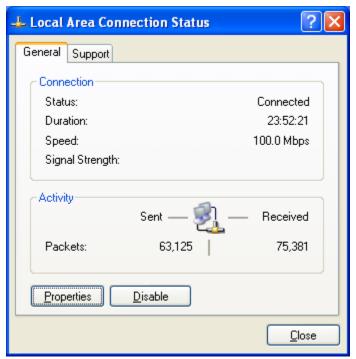


- 7. Click the **OK** button to save your changes and close the dialog box.
- 8. Click the **OK** button again to save your changes.

3.3 Configuring Microsoft Windows XP

Use the following procedure to configure a computer running Microsoft Windows XP with the default Windows interface.

- 1. On the Windows taskbar, click **Start**, click **Control Panel**, and then click **Network and Internet Connections**.
- 2. Click the **Network Connections** icon.
- 3. Click **Local Area Connection** for the Ethernet adapter connected to the ENH200. The Local Area Connection Status dialog box appears.
- 4. In the Local Area Connection Status dialog box, click the **Properties** button. The Local Area Connection Properties dialog box appears.

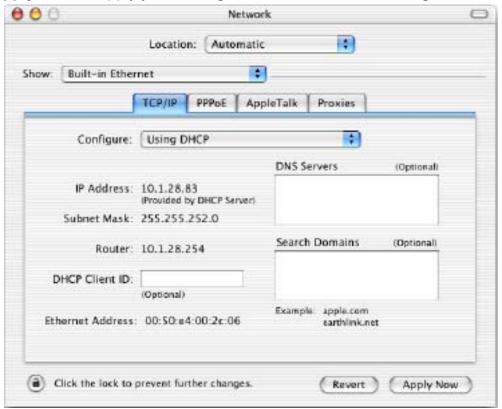


- 5. In the Local Area Connection Properties dialog box, verify that **Internet Protocol (TCP/IP)** is checked. Then select **Internet Protocol (TCP/IP)** and click the **Properties** button. The Internet Protocol (TCP/IP) Properties dialog box appears.
- 6. In the properties dialog box, click **Use the following IP address:** to configure your computer for Static TCP/IP. Enter an **IP address** (i.e. 192.168.1.10), the **subnet mask** of the ENH200EXT, and the **default gateway** which is the ENH200EXT's IP address, 192.168.1.1. Note: the subnet mask must match that of the ENH200EXT and the IP address must be on that subnet.
- 7. Click the **OK** button to save your changes and close the dialog box.
- 8. Click the **OK** button again to save your changes.

3.4 Configuring Apple Mac OS X

The following procedure describes how to configure TCP/IP on an Apple Macintosh running Mac OS 10.2 or later. Note: The menu titles and placement vary in each OS X 10.x operating system but are typically similar.

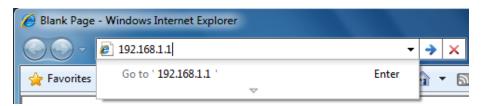
- 1. Pull down the Apple Menu, click **System Preferences**, and select **Network**.
- 2. Verify that the NIC connected to the ENH200 is selected in the **Show** field.
- 3. In the Configure field on the TCP/IP tab, select Manually.
- 4. Click **Apply Now** to apply your settings and close the TCP/IP dialog box.
- 5. Enter an **IP address** (i.e. 192.168.1.10), the **subnet mask** of the ENH200EXT, and the **Router** which is the ENH200EXT's IP address, 192.168.1.1. Note: the subnet mask must match that of the ENH200EXT and the IP address must be on that subnet.
- 6. Click **Apply Now** to apply your settings and close the TCP/IP dialog box.



3.5 Logging into the ENH200EXT

After completing the TCP/IP settings from the beginning of the Chapter, you can now access the web-based configuration menu.

1. Open a web browser.



2. Enter IP **192.168.1.1** into your address bar.

If you have changed the ENH200EXT LAN IP address, make sure you enter the correct IP Address.



- 3. After successfully connecting to the ENH200EXT, a browser pop-up with a Windows Security notice will appear. Please enter the correct **Username** and **Password**.
- 4. The default Username and Password are both admin.

If you have changed the Username and Password, please enter the correct

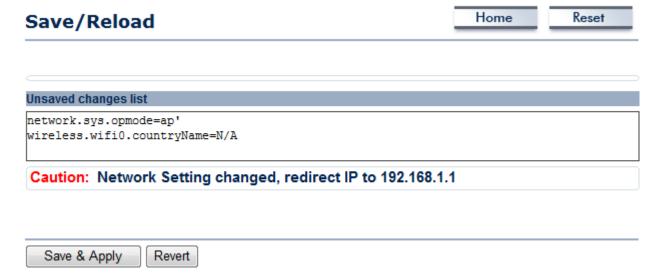
Username and Password.

4 Status

The **Status** section is on the navigation drop-down menu. Selecting it, you will then see three options: Main, Wireless Client List, and System Log. Each option is described in detail below.

4.1 Save / Load

This page allows viewing of the modified settings. The changes will show in the Unsaved changes list. You can decide to cancel **(Revert)** all the changes or to **Save & Apply** the new settings.



You cannot cancel specific settings. You can only save all of the settings or revert to the previously saved state.

4.2 Main

Click on the **Main** link under the **Status** drop-down menu or click **Home** from the top-right of the webpage. The status that is displayed corresponds with the operating mode that is selected. Information such as operating mode, system up-time, firmware version, serial number, kernel version, and application version are displayed in the *System* section. LAN IP address, subnet mask, and MAC address are displayed in the *LAN* section. In the *Wireless section*, the frequency and channel are displayed. Since this device supports multiple-SSIDs, the details of each SSID, such as ESSID and its security settings are displayed.

Main		Home	Reset
System Information			
Device Name	ENH200EXT		
Ethernet WAN MAC Address	00:02:6F:34:56:78		
Ethernet LAN MAC Address	00:02:6F:34:56:78		
Wireless MAC Address	00:02:6F:34:56:78		
Country	N/A		
Current Time	Tue Oct 19 11:40:42 UTC 2010		
Firmware Version	0.9.0.1 build-101019 (5b39146d)		
Management VLAN ID	Untagged		
LAN Settings	100 100 1 1		
IP Address	192.168.1.1		
Subnet Mask	255.255.255.0		
Default Gateway	192.168.1.1		
Primary DNS	0.0.0.0		
Secondary DNS	0.0.0.0		
DHCP Client	Disabled		
Current Wireless Settings			
Operation Mode	Access Point		
Wireless Mode	IEEE 802.11b/g/n mixed		
Channel Bandwidth	40 MHz		
Frequency/Channel	2.442 GHz (Channel 7)		
Profile Isolation	No		
Profile Settings (SSID/Security/VID)	1 EnGenius1/None/1 2 N/A 3 N/A 4 N/A		

Disabled

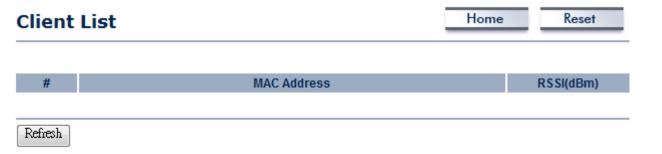
3 Km

Spanning Tree Protocol

Distance

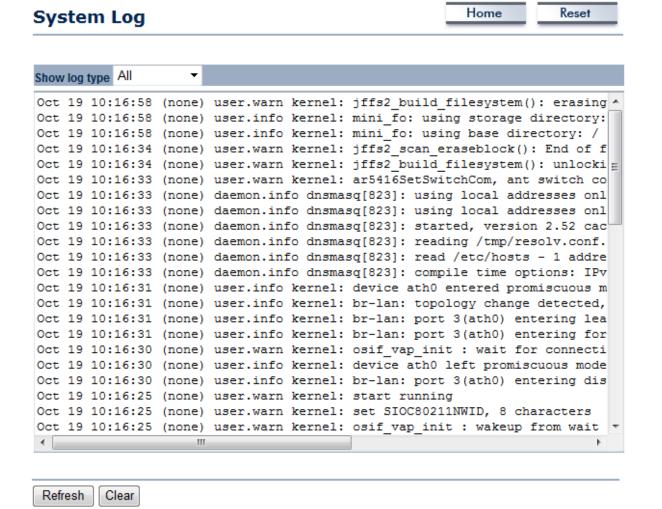
4.3 Wireless Client List

Click on the **Wireless Client List** link under the **Status** drop-down menu. This page displays the list of Clients that are associated to the ENH200EXT. The MAC addresses and signal strength for each client is displayed. Click on the **Refresh** button to refresh the client list.



4.4 System Log

Click on the **System Log** link under the **Status** drop-down menu. The device automatically records events in its internal memory. When there is not enough internal memory for all of the most recent events, events are deleted in descending chronological order so that the latest events may be retained.



4.5 Connection Status

Click on the **Connection Status** link under the **Status** drop-down menu. This page displays the current status of the network, including Network Type, SSID, BSSID, Connection Status, Wireless Mode, Current Channel, Security, Data Rate, Current noise level, and Signal strength. **Wireless**

Network Type	Client Router
SSID	EnGenius
BSSID	N/A
Connection Status	N/A
Wireless Mode	N/A
Current Channel	N/A
Security	N/A
Tx Data Rate(Mbps)	N/A
Current noise level	N/A
Signal strength	N/A

WAN

MAC Address	00:02:6f:75:9f:a8
Connection Type	Static IP
Connection Status	Down
IP Address	
IP Subnet Mask	0.0.0.0

Refresh

4.6 DHCP Client Table

Click on the **DHCP Client List** link under the **Status** drop-down menu. This page displays the list of Clients that are associated to the ENH200EXT through DHCP. The MAC addresses and signal strength for each client is displayed. Click on the **Refresh** button to refresh the client list.

DHCP Client List	Home Reset	
MAC addr	ID	Expires
MAC dddr	IP	Expires
Refresh		

5 System

5.1 Switching the Operation Mode

The ENH200EXT supports 4 modes: Access Point, Client Bridge, WDS Bridge, and Client Router. In order to switch between the operating modes, please go to System -> Operation mode.

To begin, click **System Properties** under System Section.

System Pro		Home	Reset	
System Properties				
Device Name	ENH200EXT	(1 to 32 chara	acters)	
Country/Region	Please Select a Country Code	+		
Operation Mode	Access PointClient BridgeWDS BridgeClient Router			
Accept Cancel				

- **Device Name**: Specify a name for the device. It is not the broadcast SSID; this will be shown in SNMP management.
- •Country/Region: Select a Country/Region to conform to local regulations.
- •Operation Mode: Select an operation mode via a Radio Button.

Click **Accept** to confirm the changes.

Accept does not apply the changes, you must go to Status -> Save / Load to apply the new settings. Please refer to Chapter 4.1 for more information.

If you would like to use Access Point with WDS Function mode, please select Access Point Mode and then enable WDS function in the Wireless Network section.

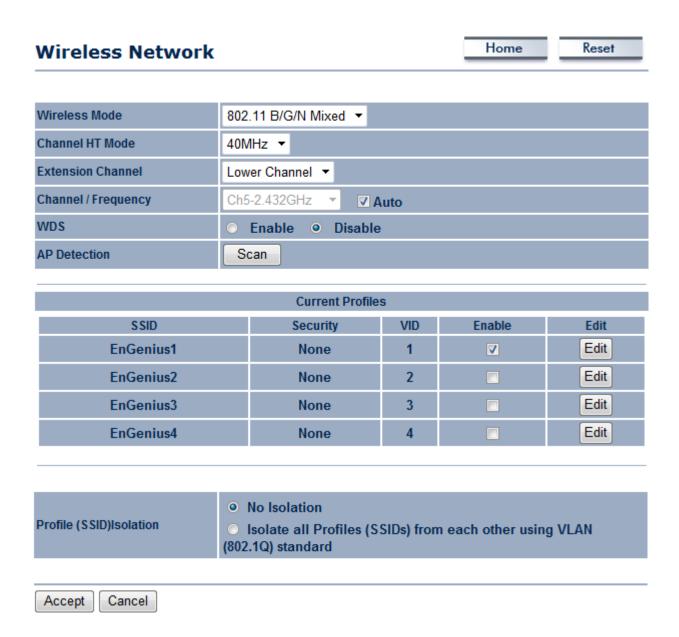
6 Wireless Configuration

This section will guide you through all of the wireless settings. Please read the instructions carefully. Inappropriate settings could lower the performance or affect the stability of your network. Before continuing, please make sure you have chosen the correct operating mode.

6.1 Wireless Settings

This section contains the basic wireless settings. Please read the description carefully and consult Chapter 10 for more detailed information.

6.1.1 Access Point Mode



The wireless mode supports 802.11b/g/n mixed operation. It is		
compatible with the most common wireless bands.		
The default channel bandwidth is 40 MHz. A larger channel can		
provide better transmit quality and speed.		
Specify the upper channel or lower channel selection. It may		
influence the Auto channel function.		
The channel availability is determined by the country's		
regulations.		
Place a check mark to enable Auto channel selection.		
AP Detection can help to select a best channel by scanning the		
nearby area.		
Configure up to four different SSIDs; it allows for the division of		
clients into separate groups to access the network. Press Edit to		
configure the profile and place a check to enable an additional		
SSID.		
Restrict client communications with different VID by selecting the		
Radio button.		
Press Accept to confirm the changes or Cancel to return to the		
previous settings.		

Accept does not apply the changes; you must go to Status -> Save / Load to apply the new settings. Please refer to Chapter 4.1 for more information.

SSID Profile

Wireless Setting

The state of the s		
SSID	EnGenius1	(1 to 32 characters)
VLAN ID	1	(1~4095)
Suppressed SSID		
Station Separation	Enable	Disable
Wireless Security		
Security Mode	Disabled 🔻	
Save Cancel		

SSID	Specify the SSID for current profile.		
VLAN ID	Specify the VLAN tag for current profile.		
Suppressed SSID	Place a check to hide the SSID. Clients will not be able to see the		
	broadcast SSID in Site Survey.		
Station Separation	Select the Radio button to allow / deny clients to communicate		
	with one another.		
Wireless Security	Please refer to the Wireless Security section.		
Save / Cancel	Press Save to save the changes or Cancel to return previous		
	settings.		

6.1.2 Client Bridge Mode

Wireless Network

Home Reset Wireless Mode 802.11 B/G/N Mixed ▼ Specify the static SSID: AP SSID (1 to 32 characters) Or press the button to search for any available WLAN Service. SSID Site Survey Prefered BSSID **WDS Client Enable** Disable Wireless Security Changing the wireless security settings may cause this wireless client to associate with a different one. This may temporarily disrupt your configuration session. Security Mode Disabled

Accept Cancel	
Wireless Mode	The wireless mode supports 802.11b/g/n mixed operation. It is
	compatible with the most common known wireless bands.
SSID	Specify the SSID if known. The SSID text box will be automatically
	filled in when an AP in the Site Survey is selected.
Site Survey	Use Site Survey to scan nearby APs, and then select the AP to
	establish a connection.
Prefer BSSID	Specify the MAC address, if known. The Prefer BSSID check box
	will be automatically filled in when an AP in the Site Survey is
	selected.
WDS Client	Select a Radio button to Enable / Disable WDS Client.
Wireless Security	Please refer to Chapter 6.2 for details.
Accept / Cancel	Press Accept to confirm the changes or Cancel to return
	previous settings.

Accept does not apply the changes; you must go to Status -> Save / Load to apply the new settings. Please refer to Chapter 4.1 for more information.

Site Survey

2.4GHz Site Survey

2.4GHz Site Survey i :Infrastructure ✓:Ad_he					ure 💇:Ad_hoc	
BSSID	SSID	Channel	Signal	Туре	Security	Network Mode
00:e0:4c:81:86:21	DinoNet	1	-86 dBm	В	WEP	A.
00:13:f7:7c:6f:43	SMC	6	-105 dBm	G	NONE	ă.

Refresh

Profile	After Site Survey, the webpage will display all of the nearby	
	Access Points. Click the BSSID if you would like to connect with it.	
Wireless Security	Please refer to the Wireless Security section.	
Refresh	Press Refresh to scan again.	

If the Access Point is suppressing its own SSID, the SSID section will be blank; the SSID must be entered manually.

6.1.3 WDS Bridge Mode

Home Reset Wireless Network Wireless Mode 802.11 B/G/N Mixed ▼ Channel HT Mode 40MHz ▼ **Extension Channel** Upper Channel ▼ Channel / Frequency Ch6-2.437GHz Accept Cancel **Wireless Mode** The wireless mode supports 802.11b/g/n mixed modes. It is compatible with the most common wireless bands. **Channel HT Mode** The default channel bandwidth is 40 MHz. A larger channel can provide better transmit quality and speed. **Extension Channel** Specify the upper channel or lower channel selection. It may influence the Auto channel function The channel availability is determined by the country's **Channel / Frequency** regulations. **Accept / Cancel** Press **Accept** to confirm the changes or **Cancel** to return to the

Accept does not apply the changes; you must go to Status -> Save / Load to apply the new settings. Please refer to Chapter 4.1 for more information.

previous settings.

ID		1	MAC Address	i		Mode
1	:	:	:	:	:	Disable ▼
2	:	:		:	:	Disable ▼
3	:	:	:	:	:	Disable ▼
4	:	:	:	:	:	Disable ▼
5	:	:	:	:	:	Disable ▼
6	:	:	:	:	:	Disable ▼
7	:	:	:	:	:	Disable ▼
8	:			:	:	Disable ▼

Accept Cancel	
MAC Address	Enter the Access Point's MAC address that you would like to
	extend the wireless coverage of into the MAC address filter.
Mode	Select Disable or Enable from the drop down list.
Accept / Cancel	Press Accept to confirm the changes or Cancel to return to the
	previous settings.

Please make note of the following:

- 1. **Accept** does not apply the changes; you must go to Status -> Save / Load to apply the new settings. Please refer to Chapter 4.1 for more information.
- 2. You must enter the MAC address of the Access Point whose wireless coverage you would like to extend. Not all Access Point supports this feature.

6.1.4 Client Router Mode

Wireless Network Wireless Mode 802.11 B/G/N Mixed ▼ Specify the static SSID: AP SSID (1 to 32 characters) Or press the button to search for any available WLAN Service. SSID Site Survey

Home

Reset

Wireless Security

Prefered BSSID

Changing the wireless security settings may cause this wireless client to associate with a different one. This may temporarily disrupt your configuration session. Security Mode Disabled

Accept Cancel	
Wireless Mode	The wireless mode supports 802.11b/g/n mixed operation. It is
	compatible with the most common wireless bands.
SSID	Specify the SSID, if known. The SSID text box will be automatically
	filled in if an AP in the Site Survey is selected.
Site Survey	Use Site Survey to scan nearby APs, and then select the AP to
	establish a connection.
Prefer BSSID	Specify the MAC address, if known. Prefer BSSID text box will be
	automatically filled in when an AP in the Site Survey is selected.
Wireless Security	Please refer to Chapter 6.2 for details.
Accept / Cancel	Press Accept to confirm the changes or Cancel to return to the
	previous settings.

Accept does not apply the changes; you must go to Status -> Save / Load to apply the new settings. Please refer to Chapter 4.1 for more information.

Site Survey

BSSID

00:e0:4c:81:86:21

00:13:f7:7c:6f:43

2.4GHz Site Survey

SSID

DinoNet

SMC

Channel

6

¹ :Infrastructure ♥ :Ad_hoc				
уре	Security	Network Mode		
В	WEP	Å		
G	NONE	Ä		

Refresh

Profile	After Site Survey, the webpage will display all nearby Access
	Points. Click the BSSID if you would like to connect with an AP.
Wireless Security	Please refer to the Wireless Security section.
Refresh	Press Refresh to scan again.

Signal

-86 dBm

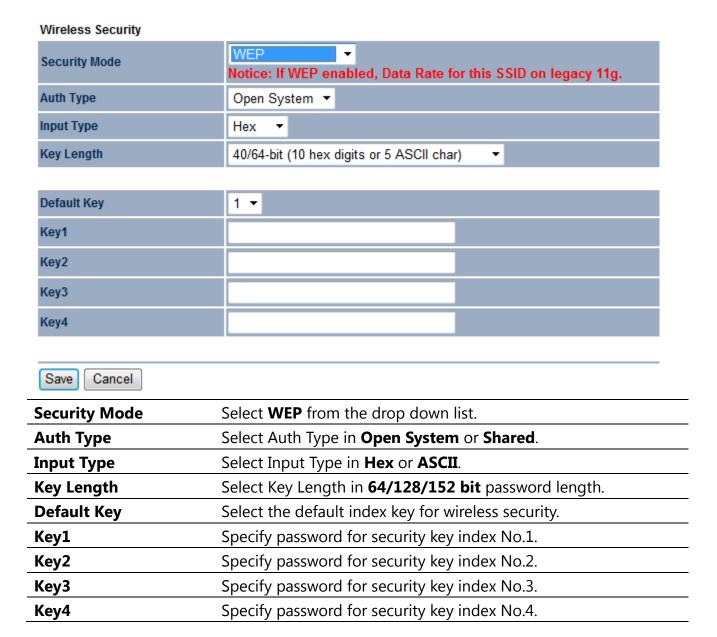
-105 dBm

If the Access Point is suppressing its own SSID, the SSID section will be blank; the SSID must be entered manually.

6.2 Wireless Security Settings

Wireless Security Settings section will guide you through the Security configurations: WEP, WPA-PSK, WPA2-PSK, WPA-PSK Mixed, WPA, WPA2, and WPA Mixed. We strongly recommend that uses WPA2-PSK as your security setting.

6.2.1 WEP



6.2.2 WPA-PSK

Wireless Security

Interval

Security Mode	WPA-PSK ▼	
Encryption	Both(TKIP+AES) ▼ Notice: If TKIP enabled, Data Rate for this SSID on legacy 11g.	
Passphrase	(8 to 63 characters) or (64 Hexadecimal characters)	
Group Key Update Interval	3600 seconds(30~3600, 0: disabled)	
Save Cancel	Solact WDA DSV from the drop down list	
Security Mode	Select WPA-PSK from the drop down list.	
Encryption	Select Both , TKIP or AES for encryption type.	
Passphrase	Specify the security password.	
Group Key Update		

6.2.3 WPA2-PSK

Wireless Security

Security Mode	WPA2-PSK ▼
Encryption	Both(TKIP+AES) ▼ Notice: If TKIP enabled, Data Rate for this SSID on legacy 11g.
Passphrase	(8 to 63 characters) or (64 Hexadecimal characters)
Group Key Update Interval	3600 seconds(30~3600, 0: disabled)

Save Cancel		
Security Mode	Select WPA2-PSK from the drop down list.	
Encryption	Select Both , TKIP or AES for encryption type.	
Passphrase	Specify the security password.	
Group Key Update	Specify Group Key Update Interval time.	

6.2.4 WPA-PSK Mixed

Wireless Security

Security Mode	WPA-PSK Mixed ▼	
Encryption	Both(TKIP+AES) ▼ Notice: If TKIP enabled, Data Rate for this SSID on legacy 11g.	
Passphrase	(8 to 63 characters) or (64 Hexadecimal characters)	
Group Key Update Interval	3600 seconds(30~3600, 0: disabled)	

Save	Cancel

Security Mode	Select WPA-PSK Mixed from the drop down list.		
Encryption	Select Both , TKIP or AES for encryption type.		
Passphrase	Specify the security password.		
Group Key Update	Specify Crown Key Undete Interval time		
Interval	Specify Group Key Update Interval time.		

Using WPA-PSK Mixed can allow multiple security modes at the same time.

6.2.5 WPA

Wireless Security

Radius Secret

Interval

Group Key Update

Security Mode	WPA ▼	
Encryption	Both(TKIP+AES) ▼	
	Notice: If TKIP enabled, Data Rate for this SSID on legacy 11g.	
Radius Server		
Radius Port	1812	
Radius Secret		
Group Key Update Interval	3600 seconds(30~3600, 0: disabled)	
Save Cancel		
Security Mode	Select WPA from the drop down list.	
Encryption	Select Both , TKIP or AES for Encryption type.	
Radius Server	Specify Radius Server IP address.	
Radius Port	Specify Radius Port number, the default port is 1812.	

Specify Radius Secret that is given by the Radius Server.

802.11n does not allow WEP/WPA-PSK/WPA-PSK TKIP security mode. The wireless transmit mode will drop from 802.11n to 802.11g.

Specify Group Key Update Interval time.

6.2.6 WPA2

Wireless Security

Radius Secret

Interval

Group Key Update

Security Mode	WPA2 ▼	
Encryption	Both(TKIP+AES) ▼ Notice: If TKIP enabled, Data Rate for this SSID on legacy 11g.	
Radius Server		
Radius Port	1812	
Radius Secret		
Group Key Update Interval	3600 seconds(30~3600, 0: disabled)	
Save Cancel		
Security Mode	Select WPA2 from the drop down list.	
Encryption	Select Both , TKIP or AES for encryption type.	
Radius Server	Specify Radius Server IP Address.	
Radius Port	Specify Radius Port number, the default port is 1812.	

Specify Radius Secret that is given by the Radius Server.

802.11n does not allow WEP/WPA-PSK/WPA-PSK TKIP security mode. The wireless transmit mode will drop from 802.11n to 802.11g.

Specify Group Key Update Interval time.

6.2.7 WPA Mixed

Wireless Security

Security Mode	WPA Mixed
Encryption	Both(TKIP+AES) ▼ Notice: If TKIP enabled, Data Rate for this SSID on legacy 11g.
Radius Server	
Radius Port	1812
Radius Secret	
Group Key Update Interval	3600 seconds(30~3600, 0: disabled)
Save Cancel	

Security Mode	Select WPA Mixed from the drop down list.		
Encryption	Select Both , TKIP or AES for encryption type.		
Radius Server	Specify Radius Server IP Address.		
Radius Port	Specify Radius Port number, the default port is 1812.		
Radius Secret	Specify Radius Secret that is given by the Radius Server.		
Group Key Update	Specify Group Key Update Interval time.		
Interval			

6.3 Wireless Advanced Settings

Wireless Advanced Settings

Home Reset

Data Rate	Auto ▼
Transmit Power	11 dBm ▼
RTS/CTS Threshold (1 - 2346)	2346 bytes
Distance (1-30km)	3 km
Short GI:	Enable ▼
Aggregation:	 Enable ○ Disable Frames 50000 Bytes(Max)

Wireless Traffic Shaping

Enable Traffic Shaping	○ Enable ○ Disable	
Incoming Traffic Limit	1000	kbit/s
Outgoing Traffic Limit	2000	kbit/s

Accept Cancel

Data Rate	Select Data Rate from the drop down list. Data rate will affect the		
	efficiency of the throughput. A lower data rate will allow for		
	transmissions to travel longer distances.		
Transmit Power	Select Transmit Power to increase or decrease the transmit power.		
	Altering the transmit power will change the wireless coverage		
	area correspondingly; however, setting the Transmit Power to an		
	extreme level may cause issues for wireless connectivity.		
RTS/CTS Threshold	Specify Threshold package size for RTC/CTS. Smaller thresholds		
	will cause RTS/CTS packets to be sent more often, consuming		
	more of the available bandwidth. In addition, if heavy traffic		
	occurs, the wireless network is more robust in the event of		
	interference or collisions.		
Distance	Specify distance range between AP and Clients. Farther distances		
	may utilize lower connection speeds.		
Short GI	Short GI is an improvement of 802.11n and 802.11a/g. It can		
	increase performance by 10% during the data transmission. For		
	example, if the 802.11a/g's GI is 800us, the short GI will be 400us.		

Aggregation	Aggregation is to merge the typical size of data's header to one data. It is useful for the small size but more packets.	
Wireless Traffic	Place a check to enable Wireless Traffic Shaping function.	
Shaping		
Incoming Traffic Limit	Specify the wireless transmission speed for incoming traffic.	
Outgoing Traffic Limit	Specify the wireless transmission speed for outgoing traffic.	
Accept / Cancel	Press Accept to confirm the changes or Cancel to return	
	previous settings.	

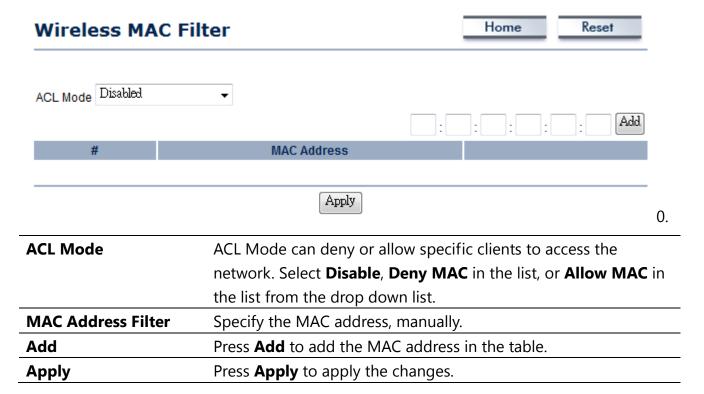


Please make note of the following:

- 1. Changing Wireless Advanced Settings may lower the wireless connection quality. Please keep all settings as default unless you understand the modifications which you have made.
- 2. **Accept** does not apply the changes; you must go to Status -> Save / Load to apply the new settings. Please refer to Chapter 4.1 for more information.

6.4 Wireless MAC Filter

Wireless MAC Filter is used to Allow or Deny wireless clients, by their MAC addresses, from accessing the network. You can manually add a MAC address to restrict the access permission's of the client. The default setting is Disable Wireless MAC Filters.



6.5 WDS Link Settings

WDS Link Settings is used to establish a connection between Access Points without forgoing Access Point functionality. APs with WDS functionality can extend the wireless coverage and allow LANs to communicate with each other.

WDS Link Settings

DO LIIIK OCKIIIGO	$\overline{}$

Home

Reset

ID		MAC Address		Mode
1			:	Disable ▼
2	: :	: :	:	Disable ▼
3	: :	: :	:	Disable ▼
4	: :	: :	:	Disable ▼
5	: :	: :	:	Disable ▼
6	: :	: :	:	Disable ▼
7	: :	: :	:	Disable ▼
8		: :	:	Disable ▼

Accept Cancel	
MAC Address	Enter the Access Point's MAC address that you would like to
	extend the wireless coverage of into the MAC address filter.
Mode	Select Disable or Enable from the drop down list.
Accept / Cancel	Press Accept to confirm the changes or Cancel to return
	previous settings.

Accept does not apply the changes; you must go to Status -> Save / Load to apply the new settings. Please refer to Chapter 4.1 for more information.

The MAC address of the AP that you would like to extend the wireless coverage of must be entered. Not all Access Points supports this feature.

7 LAN Setup

This section will guide you to setup the Local Area Network (LAN) settings

7.1 IP Settings

This section is only available for **Non-Router Mode**. IP Settings allows you to configure the IP settings of the ENH200EXT.

Reset Home IP Settings Obtain an IP address automatically (DHCP) **IP Network Setting** Specify an IP address IP Address 192 168 1 255 0 255 255 IP Subnet Mask 0 0 **Default Gateway Primary DNS** 0 0 0 0 0 Secondary DNS Apply Cancel **IP Network Setting** Select Radio button for Obtain an IP address automatically or Specify an IP address. **IP Address** Specify LAN port IP address. **IP Suet Mask** Specify Subnet Mask. **Default Gateway** Specify Default Gateway. **Primary DNS** Specify Primary DNS. **Secondary DNS** Specify Secondary DNS. **Accept / Cancel** Press **Accept** to confirm the changes or **Cancel** to return previous settings.



Please make note of the following:

- 1. **Obtain an IP address automatically** is not a DHCP server. This setting allows the ENH200EXT to automatically request an IP address when it is connected to a device which has a DHCP server.
- 2. Changing LAN IP Address will change LAN Interface IP address. The webpage will automatically redirect to the new IP address after **Apply** is selected.

7.2 Spanning Tree Settings

Home Reset **Spanning Tree Settings Spanning Tree Status** On Off **Bridge Hello Time** seconds (1-10) Bridge Max Age 20 seconds (6-40) **Bridge Forward Delay** 15 seconds (4-30) 32768 **Priority** (0-65535)Apply Cancel **Spanning Tree Status** Select the Radio button to **On** or **Off** to toggle the Spanning Tree function. **Bridge Hello Time** Specify Bridge Hello Time in seconds. **Bridge Max Age** Specify Bridge Max Age in seconds. **Bridge Forward Delay** Specify Bridge Forward Delay in seconds. Specify the Priority number; smaller numbers have greater **Priority** priority. **Accept / Cancel** Press **Accept** to confirm the changes or **Cancel** to return

Accept does not apply the changes; you must go to Status -> Save / Load to apply the new settings. Please refer to Chapter 4.1 for more information.

previous settings.

8 Router Settings

This section is only available for **AP Router Mode** and **Client Router Mode**.

8.1 WAN Settings

There are four different types of WAN connections: Static IP, DHCP, PPPoE, and PPTP. Please contact your ISP to determine the connection type.

8.1.1 Static IP

Select Static IP in WAN connection if your ISP gives all the of the necessary information about IP address, Subnet Mask, Default Gateway, Primary DNS and Secondary DNS.

Home

Reset

WAN Settings		Home Reset
Internet Connection Type	Static IP →	
Options		
Account Name (if required)		
Domain Name (if required)		
мти	Auto → 1500	
Internet IP Address		
IP Address	0 0 0 0	
IP Subnet Mask	0 . 0 . 0 . 0	
Gateway IP Address	0 . 0 . 0 . 0	
Domain Name Server (DNS) Address		
Primary DNS	0 0 0 0	
Secondary DNS	0 0 0 0	
WAN Ping		
Discard Ping on WAN	v	
[Apply Cancel		

Internet Connection	Calast Ctatic ID to begin configuration of the Ctatic ID compaction	
Туре	Select Static IP to begin configuration of the Static IP connection.	
Account Name	Specify Account Name that is provided by ISP.	
Domain Name	Specify Domain Name that is provided by ISP.	
MTU	Specify the Maximum Transmit Unit size. EnGenius recommends	
	that it remains in Auto.	
IP Address	Specify WAN port IP address.	
IP Subnet Mask	Specify WAN IP Subnet Mask.	
Gateway IP Address	Specify WAN Gateway IP address.	
Primary DNS	Specify Primary DNS IP.	
Secondary DNS	Specify Secondary DNS IP.	
Discard Ping on WAN	Place a check to Enable or Disable ping from WAN.	
Accept / Cancel	Press Accept to confirm the changes or Cancel to return	
	previous settings.	

Accept does not apply the changes; you must go to Status -> Save / Load to apply the new settings. Please refer to Chapter 4.1 for more information.

If the router's MTU is set too high, downstream packets will be fragmented. If the router's MTU is set too low, the router will fragment packets unnecessarily and, in extreme cases, may be unable to establish connections. In either case, network performance can suffer.

8.1.2 DHCP (Dynamic IP)

Select **DHCP** as your WAN connection type to obtain the IP address automatically. You will need to enter Account Name as your hostname and DNS addresses (Optional).

WAN Settings					Home	Reset
Internet Connection Type	DHCP	~				
Options						
Account Name (if required)						
Domain Name (if required)						
MTU	Auto	Ŧ	1500			
O Get Automatically From ISP Use These DNS Servers						
Primary DNS	0 .	0	. 0)		
Secondary DNS	0 .	0	. 0)		
WAN Ping						
Discard Ping on WAN	V					
Apply Cancel						

Internet Connection Type	Select DHCP to begin configuration of the DHCP connection.	
Account Name	Specify Account Name which is provided by ISP.	
Domain Name	Specify Domain Name which is provided by ISP.	
MTU	Specify the Maximum Transmit Unit size. EnGenius recommend	
	that it remains in Auto.	
Get Automatically From	Select the Radio button for the DNS servers to be obtained	
ISP	automatically from the DHCP server.	

Use These DNS Servers	Select the Radio button to setup the Primary DNS and	
	Secondary DNS servers manually.	
Discard Ping on WAN	Place a check to Enable or Disable ping from WAN.	
Accept / Cancel	Press Accept to confirm the changes or Cancel to return	
	previous settings.	

Accept does not apply the changes; you must go to Status -> Save / Load to apply the new settings. Please refer to Chapter 4.1 for more information.

If the router's MTU is set too high, downstream packets will be fragmented. If the router's MTU is set too low, the router will fragment packets unnecessarily and, in extreme cases, may be unable to establish connections. In either case, network performance can suffer.

8.1.3 PPPoE (Point-to-Point Protocol over Ethernet)

Select **PPPoE** as your WAN connection type if your ISP provides a Username and Password. If the PPPoE is a DSL service, please remove the PPPoE software from your computer as the software is not necessary with the use of the ENH200EXT.

WAN Settings		Home	Reset
Internet Connection Type	PPPoE →		
Options			
МТИ	Auto ▼ 1492		
PPPoE Options			
Login			
Password			
Service Name (if required)			
Connect on Demand: MaxKeep Alive: Redial Period			
Get Automatically From I	SP		
Use These DNS Servers			
Primary DNS	0 0 0 0		
Secondary DNS	0 .0 .0 .0		
WAN Ping			
Discard Ping on WAN	V		
Apply Cancel			
nternet Connection Type	Select PPPoE to begin confi	iguration of the PPP	oE connection
МТИ	Specify the Maximum Transmit Unit size. EnGenius recomm		ius recommen
•	that it remains in Auto.		
Login	Specify the Username that		
Password	Specify the Password that is		ICD
Service Name	Specify the Service Name t	hat is given by your	ISP.

Connect on Demand	Select the Radio button to specify the maximum idle time. The
	Internet will disconnect when it reaches the maximum idle time;
	however, it will automatically connect when a client tries to access
	the network.
Keep Alive	Select the Radio button to keep internet connection always on.
	Specify the redial period for once the Internet connection is lost.
Get Automatically	Select the Radio button for the DNS servers to be obtained
From ISP	automatically from the DHCP server.
Use These DNS Servers	Select the Radio button for setup the Primary DNS and
	Secondary DNS servers manually.
Discard Ping on WAN	Place a check to Enable or Disable ping from WAN.
Accept / Cancel	Press Accept to confirm the changes or Cancel to return
	previous settings.

Accept does not apply the changes; you must go to Status -> Save / Load to apply the new settings. Please refer to Chapter 4.1 for more information.

If the router's MTU is set too high, downstream packets will be fragmented. If the router's MTU is set too low, the router will fragment packets unnecessarily and, in extreme cases, may be unable to establish connections. In either case, network performance can suffer.

8.1.4 PPTP (Point-to-Point Tunneling Protocol)

Select **PPTP** as your WAN connection type if your ISP provides information regarding: IP Address, Subnet Mask, Default Gateway (Optional), DNS (Optional), Server IP, Username, and Password.

WAN Settings						_	Home	Reset
Internet Connection Type	PPTP	•						
Options								
MTU	Auto	•	1460					
PPTP Options								
IP Address	192	168	. 2	. 1				
Subnet Mask	255	255	. 255	. 0				
Default Gateway	192	168	. 2	. 10	0			
PPTP Server	0	0	. 0	. 0				
Username								
Password								
 Connect on Demand: Max idle Keep Alive: Redial Period 	Time ¹⁵ Seconds	Minu	tes					
Get Automatically From ISP								
Use These DNS Servers								
Primary DNS	0	0	. 0	. 0				
Secondary DNS	0	0	. 0	. 0				
WAN Ping								
Discard Ping on WAN	V							
Apply Cancel								

Internet Connection	Solost PDTD to begin configuration of the PDTD connection		
Туре	Select PPTP to begin configuration of the PPTP connection.		
MTU	Specify the Maximum Transmit Unit size. EnGenius recommends		
	that it remains in Auto.		
IP Address	Specify WAN port IP address.		
IP Subnet Mask	Specify WAN IP Subnet Mask.		
Gateway IP Address	Specify WAN Gateway IP address.		
PPTP Server	Specify PPTP Server IP address.		
Username	Specify the Username that is given by your ISP.		
Password	Specify the Password that is given by your ISP.		
Connect on Demand	Select the Radio button to specify the maximum idle time. The		
	Internet will disconnect when it reaches the maximum idle time;		
	however, it will automatically connect when a client tries to access		
	the network.		
Keep Alive	Select the Radio button to keep internet connection always on.		
	Specify the redial period once the internet lose connection.		
Get Automatically	Select the Radio button for the DNS servers to be obtained		
From ISP	automatically from the DHCP server.		
Use These DNS Servers	Select the Radio button for setup the Primary DNS and		
	Secondary DNS servers manually.		
Discard Ping on WAN	Place a check to Enable or Disable ping from WAN.		
Accept / Cancel	Press Accept to confirm the changes or Cancel to return		
	previous settings.		

Accept does not apply the changes; you must go to Status -> Save / Load to apply the new settings. Please refer to Chapter 4.1 for more information.

If the router's MTU is set too high, downstream packets will be fragmented. If the router's MTU is set too low, the router will fragment packets unnecessarily and, in extreme cases, may be unable to establish connections. In either case, network performance can suffer.

8.2 LAN Settings (Router Mode)

LAN IP Setup

IP Address	192 168	1 1
IP Subnet Mask	255 255	. 255 . 0

Use Router As DHCP Server

Starting IP Address	192	168	. 1	. 100
Ending IP Address	192	168	. 1	200
WINS Server IP	0	. 0	. 0	. 0

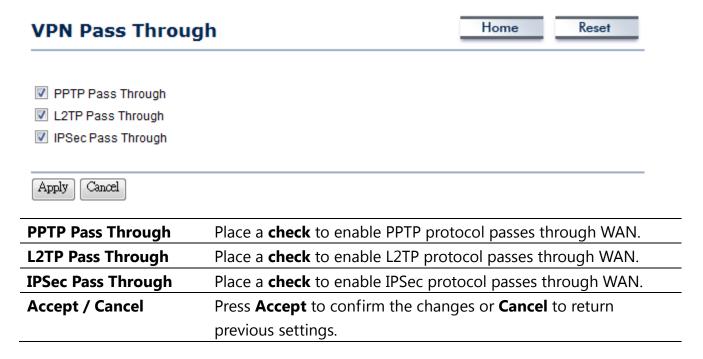
Accept	Cancel
--------	--------

IP Address	Specify LAN port IP address.
IP Subnet Mask	Specify LAN IP Subnet Mask.
WINS Server IP	Specify WINS Server IP.
Use Router As DHCP	Diagonal description and blatha DUCD assures
Server	Place a check to enable the DHCP server.
Starting IP Address	Specify DHCP server starting IP address.
Ending IP Address	Specify DHCP server ending IP address.
WINS Server IP	Specify the WINS Server IP address.
Accept / Cancel	Press Accept to confirm the changes or Cancel to return
	previous settings.

Accept does not apply the changes; you must go to Status -> Save / Load to apply the new settings. Please refer to Chapter 4.1 for more information.

8.3 VPN Pass Through

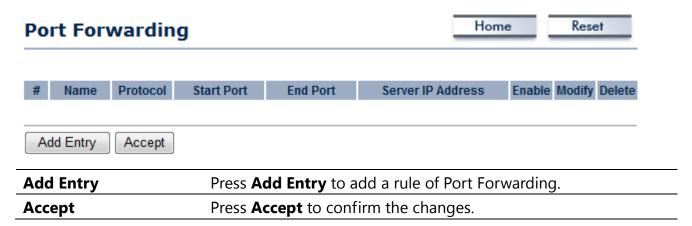
VPN Pass Through is used to allow certain protocols to be tunneled through an IP network such as PPTP and L2TP, or to implement a secure exchange of packets at the IP Layer such as IPSec.



Accept does not apply the changes; you must go to Status -> Save / Load to apply the new settings. Please refer to Chapter 4.1 for more information.

8.4 Port Forwarding

Port Forwarding is used to allow public services such as Web Server, Mail Server, or FTP server to be set up. For example: Set up a Web Server on your computer with port number **8080**. A visitor on the Internet can access your Web Server by entering **WAN Port IP** with port number **8080**. If the WAN Port IP address is 192.168.5.1, then visitors must enter **http://192.168.5.1:8080**. To find out more about common port numbers please consult the Internet.



Accept does not apply the changes; you must go to Status -> Save / Load to apply the new settings. Please refer to Chapter 4.1 for more information.

Port Forwarding

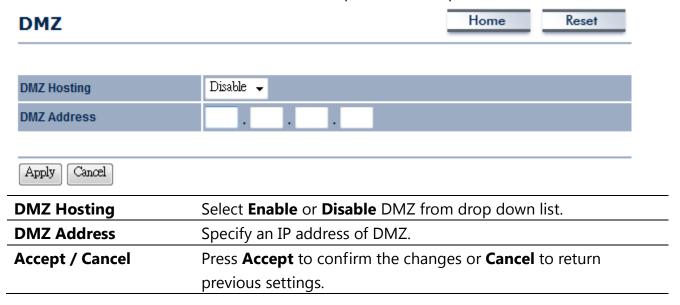
Savo Cancol

Service Name	
Protocal	BOTH ▼
Starting Port	(1~65535)
Ending Port	(1~65535)
IP Address	

Save	
Service Name	Specify a name for current Port Forwarding rule.
Protocol	Select a protocol from drop down list: Both , TCP , or UDP .
Starting Port	Specify Starting Port number.
Ending Port	Specify Ending Port number.
IP Address	Specify IP address.
Save / Cancel	Press Save to confirm the changes or Cancel to return previous
	settings.

8.5 DMZ

Enabling DMZ will expose the computer which is in the DMZ to the Internet. This feature may be used in scenarios such as Internet Gaming or Video Conferencing. DMZ will forward all the ports to one PC simultaneously. This PC will be vulnerable to any incoming traffic, including unsolicited or malicious traffic, because DMZ opens all of the ports.



Accept does not apply the changes; you must go to Status -> Save / Load to apply the new settings. Please refer to Chapter 4.1 for more information.

9 Management Settings

The **Management** section is on the navigation drop-down menu. You will see seven options: Administration, Management VLAN, SNMP Settings, Backup / Restore Settings, Firmware Upgrade, Time Settings, and Log. Each option is described below.

9.1 Administration

Click on the **Administration** link under the **Management** menu. This option allows you to create a user name and password for the device. By default, this device is configured with a username and password of **admin**. For security reasons it is highly recommended that you create a new user name and password.

Administration		Home	Reset
Administrator			
Name	admin		
New Password			
Confirm New Password			
Remote Access			
Remote Management	Enable Disable		
Remote Upgrade	● Enable ● Disable		
Remote Management Port	8080		
Save/Apply Cancel			

Name	Specify Username for login.
Password	Specify a Password for login
Confirm Password	Re-enter the Password for confirmation.
Remote Management	Select the Radio button to Enable or Disable Remote
	Management.
Remote Upgrade	Select the Radio button to Enable or Disable Remote Upgrade.
Remote Management	Specify the Port number for Remote Management. For example:

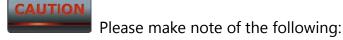
Port	if you specify the Port number is 8080, then you will need to enter
	the following http:// IP address :8080 to access the web interface.
Save / Apply / Cancel	Press Save / Apply to confirm the changes or Cancel to return
	previous settings.

Pressing **Save / Apply** will change the settings immediately. It is not reversible unless the settings are changed again or the device is reset.

9.2 Management VLAN

Click on the **Management VLAN** link under the **Management** menu. This option allows you to assign a VLAN tag to packets. A VLAN is a group of computers on a network whose software has been configured so that they behave as if they were on a separate Local Area Network (LAN). Computers on a VLAN do not have to be physically located next to one another on the LAN.

Home Reset Management VLAN Settings Caution: If you reconfigure the Management VLAN ID, you may lose connectivity to the access point. Verify that the switch and DHCP server can support the reconfigured VLAN ID, and then re-connect to the new IP address. No VLAN tag Management VLAN Specified VLAN ID (must be in the range 1 ~ 4094.) Accept Cancel If your network includes VLANs and if tagged packets need to Management VLAN ID pass through the Access Point, specify the VLAN ID in this field. If not, select the **No VLAN tag** radio button. **Accept / Cancel** Press **Accept** to confirm the changes or **Cancel** to return previous settings.



- 1. If you reconfigure the Management VLAN ID, you may lose connection to the ENH200EXT. Verify the DHCP server can support the reconfigured VLAN ID, and then re-connect to the new IP address.
- 2. **Accept** does not apply the changes; you must go to Status -> Save / Load to apply the new settings. Please refer to Chapter 4.1 for more information.

9.3 SNMP Settings

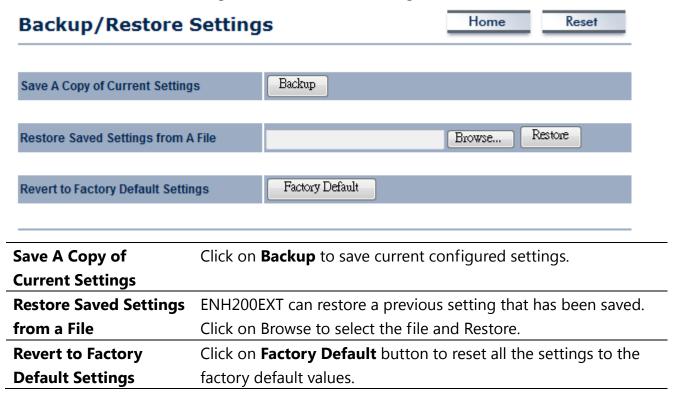
Click on the **SNMP Settings** link under the **Management** menu. This is a networking management protocol used to monitor network-attached devices. SNMP allows messages [called protocol data units] to be sent to various parts of a network. Upon receiving these messages, SNMP-compatible devices [called agents] return data stored in their Management Information Databases.

SNMP Settings			-	Tionie	Reser
SNMP		Enable	Disable		
Contact					
Location					
Community Name (Read Only)		public			
Community Name (Read/Write)	private			
Trap Destination Address					
Trap Destination Community N	ame	public			
Save/Apply Cancel					
SNMP Enable/Disable	Select th	e Radio buttoi	n to Enable o	or Disable SI	NMP function.
Contact	Specify the contact details of the device.				
Location	Specify t	he location of	the device.		
Community Name	Specify t	he password fo	or access the	SNMP comr	munity for read
	only acc	ess.			
Community Name	Specify t	he password fo	or access the	SNMP comr	nunity for read
	and write	e access.			
Trap Destination IP	IP Specify the IP address that will receive the SNMP trap.				
Address					
Trap Destination	Specify the password of the SNMP trap community.			nity.	
Community Name					
Save / Apply / Cancel	Press Sa	ve / Apply to o	confirm the c	hanges or C	ancel to return
	nrevious	cattings			

Pressing **Save / Apply** will change the settings immediately. It is not reversible unless the settings are changed again or the device is reset.

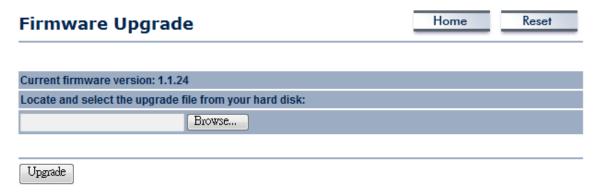
9.4 Backup/Restore Settings

Click on the **Backup/Restore Setting** link under the **Management** menu. This option is used to save the current settings of the device in a file on a storage device, or to load settings on to the device from storage device. This feature is very useful for administrators who have several devices that need to be configured with the same settings.



9.5 Firmware Upgrade

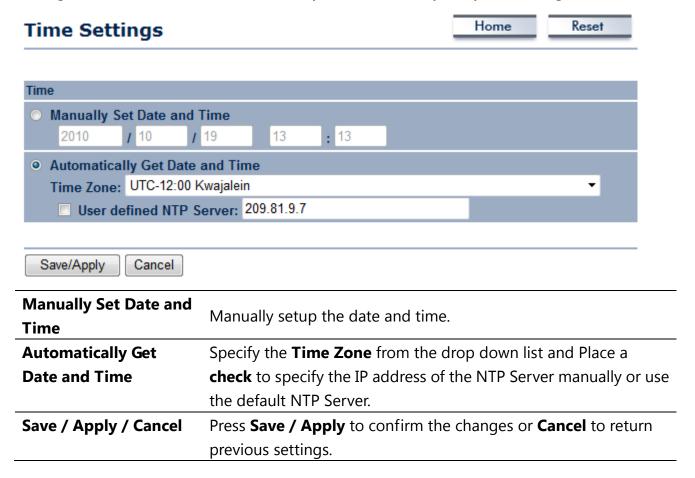
Click on the **Firmware Upgrade** link under the **Management** menu. This page is used to upgrade the firmware of the device. Make sure that to download the appropriate firmware from EnGenius.



The upgrade process may take few minutes. Please do not power off the device as this may cause the device to crash or become unusable. The ENH200EXT will restart automatically once the upgrade is complete.

9.6 Time Settings

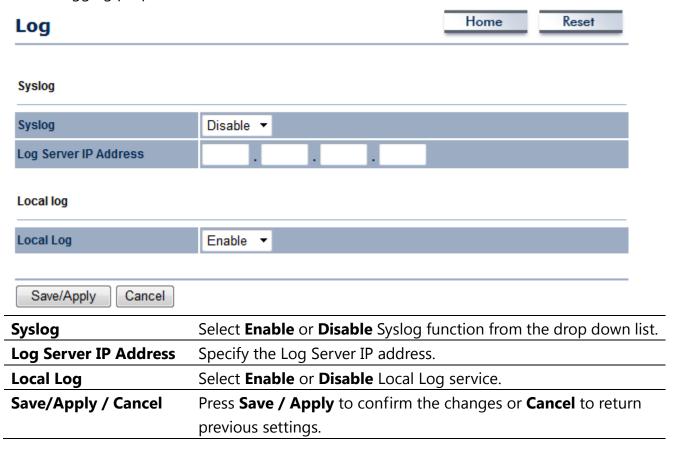
Click on the **Time Settings** link under the **Management** menu. This page allows you to configure the time on the device. You may do this manually or by connecting to a NTP server.



Pressing **Save / Apply** will change the settings immediately. It is not reversible unless the settings are changed again or the device is reset.

9.7 Log

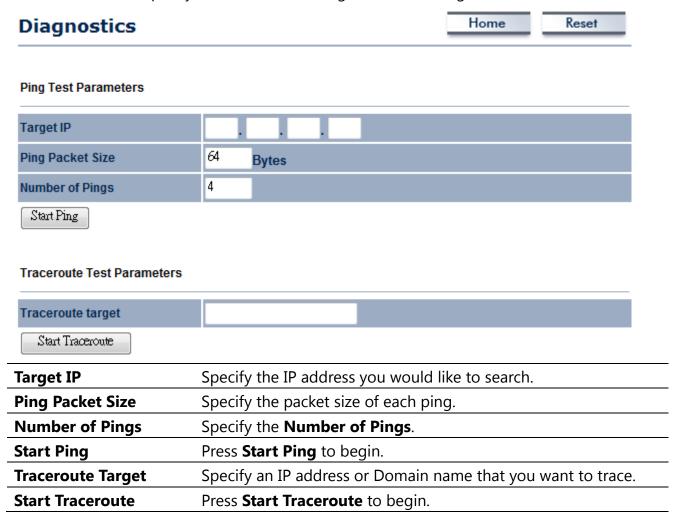
Click on the **Log** link under the **Management** menu. This page displays a list of events that are triggered on the Ethernet and Wireless interface. This log can be referred to when an error occurs on the system or when a report needs to be sent to the technical support department for debugging purposes.



Pressing **Save / Apply** will change the settings immediately. It is not reversible unless the settings are changed again or the device is reset.

9.8 Diagnostics

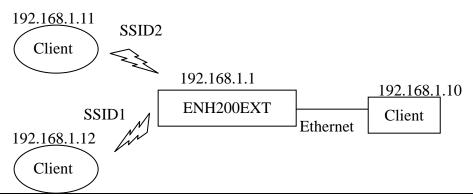
Click on the **Diagnostics** link under the **Management** menu. This function allows you to detect connection quality and trace the routing table to the target.



10 Network Configuration Example

This chapter describes the role of the ENH200EXT with 4 modes. The Access Point mode's default configuration is a central unit of the wireless network or as a root device of the wired environment. Repeater Mode and Mesh Network Mode need additional configuration.

10.1 Access Point



Access Point	
Step 1	Login to the web-based configuration interface with default IP
	192.168.1.1
Step 2	Select your country or region's regulation.
Step 3	Use site survey to scan channels of the nearby area.
Step 4	Select a channel with less interference.
Step 5	Specify the SSID for your broadcast SSID and you can also
	configure multiple SSID at the same time.
Step 6	Verify VLAN identifier in order to separate services among clients
Step 7	Setup the authentication settings.
Step 8	Select Apply to process all of the configurations.

NOTE

For more advanced settings, please refer to the previous chapters.

Wireless Client	
Step 1	Select the Wireless Mode you would like to associate with.
	Use Site Survey to scan for nearby Access Points and select the
Step 2	AP that you would like to connect with or enter the SSID
	manually.
Step 3	Configure VLAN ID in your wireless device if available.
Step 4	Select the correct authentication type and password.

The ENH200EXT's Access Point Mode does not provide a DHCP server so the Wireless Client IP address must be configured manually in Local Area Network Settings.

10.2 Client Bridge Mode

Client Bridge Mode functions like a wireless dongle. It must connect to an Access Point/AP Router to join the network.





Please refer to the last section to check the Access Point's configuration.

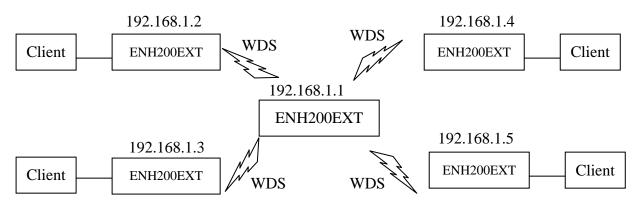
Client Bridge	
Step 1	Login to the web-based configuration interface with the default
	IP: 192.168.1.1
Step 2	Select your country or region's regulation.
Step 3	Select Operation Mode to Client Bridge from System
	Properties.
Step 4	Use site survey to scan channels of the nearby area.
Step 5	Select the AP that you would like to associate with.
Step 6	Setup the authentication settings that match to the Access Point's
	settings.
Step 7	Select Apply to process all of the configurations.



The Client Bridge's IP settings must match the Access Point's settings.

10.3 WDS Bridge Mode

Use this feature to link multiple APs together in a network. All clients associated with any of the APs can communicate with each other similar to an ad-hoc mode. The following configuration will allow ENH200EXTs to communicate with a central AP.

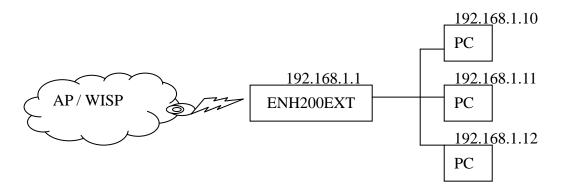


WDS Bridge	
Step 1	Login to the web-based configuration interface with default IP
	192.168.1.1
Step 2	Select your country or region's regulation.
Step 3	Change Operation Mode to WDS Bridge under System
	Properties.
Step 4	Set the device's IP settings under System -> IP Settings
Step 5	Set the WLAN settings under Wireless Network.
Step 6	Configure WDS Link Settings under Wireless.
Step 7	Specify the MAC address of the AP which you would like to
	connect with.
Step 8	Press Apply under Save / Reload to process all of the
	configurations.
Step 9	Verify the device's settings by browsing to Status -> Main .
	View the WDS link status.

Each WDS bridge device must use the same **Subnet**, **Wireless Mode**, **Wireless Channel**, and **Security Setting**.

10.4 Client Router Mode

In the Client Router Mode, the ENH200EXT has a DHCP Server that allows multiple devices to share the same Internet connection. Connect to an AP/WISP wirelessly and connect to LANs via wired. Client Router Mode is functionally opposite to the AP Router Mode.





Please refer to the last section to check Access point's configuration.

Client Router	
Step 1	Login to the web-based configuration interface with default IP
	192.168.1.1
Step 2	Select your country or region's regulation.
Step 3	Select Operation Mode to Client Router from System
	Properties.
Step 4	Change your Local Area Network setting to Obtain an IP
	Address Automatically.
Step 5	Use site survey to scan channels of the nearby area.
Step 6	Select the AP that you would like to associate with.
C+ 7	Setup the authentication settings that match the Access Point's
Step 7	settings.
Step 8	Configure your WAN connection type which is given by your
	Internet Service Provider on the WAN Settings.
Step 9	Press Apply to process all of the configurations.



The Client Router's IP settings must match those of the Access Point's.

<u>Appendix A – Troubleshooting</u>

This appendix provides problem-solving information you may find useful in case you need to troubleshoot your ENH200EXT. It also includes information about contacting technical support.

A.1 Problem Solving

Question	Answer
How do I reset the ENH200EXT?	There are two ways to reset the ENH200EXT,
	a hardware method and a software method.
	Both methods return the ENH200EXT to its
	factory default configuration.
	To use the hardware method, press reset
	button behind the hole of the PoE injector
	for 10 seconds; open the cover on the
	bottom panel of the ENH200EXT and find
	the Reset button (see section 2.1). Using a
	flat object such as a pencil, press the Reset
	button for approximately 10 seconds and
	then stop pressing.
	To use the software method, click Restore
	to Factory Default in the Management
	menu.
Why do I not see traffic pass after I connect	The ENH200EXT uses a proprietary PoE
the ENH200EXT to a PoE switch?	injector and will not work with standard
	802.3af-compliant PoE switches.
What is the default IP address of the	The default IP address is 192.168.1.1
ENH200EXT?	
I plugged the PoE to the Ethernet port on	You need to plug the Ethernet cable
the back of ENH200EXT but the unit is not	connect to PoE injector, and connect the
on, how come?	power adapter comes with the package to
	the "DC IN" port on the PoE injector
When I install the PoE connection to the	The ENH200EXT uses a proprietary PoE
ENH200EXT, what kind of PoE should I use?	injector and will not work with standard
	802.3af-compliant PoE switches.
I power up the unit but cannot find signal	You need to attach an external antenna to
more than 5 feet	the antenna connector.

Question	Answer
I want to buy a high-gain antenna for the	Use a pig tail cable with a SMA connector to
ENH200EXT, but I don't know what type of	connect to the ENH200EXT, the other end
antenna and RF connector to buy.	can be an SMA or Type N. depends on the
	connectors of the antenna you will buy. We
	don't include antenna because based your
	project need you may need to use Omni
	directional antenna with different gains; or
	use directional antenna with different gains.

A.2 Contacting Technical Support

If you encounter issues that cannot be resolved using this manual, please contact your vendor where you purchase the device. If you cannot contact your vendor, you may also contact EnGenius Customer Service department in the region where you purchased the device.

Before you contact your local EnGenius office, please prepare the following information:

- Product model name and serial number
- The place where you purchased the product
- Warranty information
- The date when you received the product
- · A brief description about the issue and the attempts you tried to resolve it

To contact EnGenius Customer Service office in the United States, please use either of the following methods:

Email: support@EnGeniustech.com

Telephone: 1-888-735-7888

Appendix B - Specifications

Standard:	IEEE 802.11 b/g/n		
Physical Interface:	- 1 x Port with PoE support		
	- 1 x Reset		
Max. Data rate:	150 Mbps	150 Mbps	
LEDs status:	- Power Status		
	- LAN1/LAN2 (10/100Mbps)		
	- WLAN (Wireless is up)		
	- 3 x Link Quality (Client Brid	ge mode)	
Security:	- WEP Encryption-64/128/15	52 bit	
	- WPA/WPA2 Personal (WPA	-PSK using TKIP or AES)	
	- WPA/WPA2 Enterprise (WP	A-EAP using TKIP)	
	- 802.1x Authenticator		
	- Hide SSID in beacons		
	- MAC address filtering, up t	o 50 field	
	- Wireless STA (Client) conne	ected list	
Power Requirements:	- Active Ethernet (Power over Ethernet)		
	- Proprietary PoE design		
	- Power Adapter 24VAC / 0.6	SA .	
Antenna:	N/A		
Antenna Connector:	RP-SMA		
Package Contents:	- Wireless Long Range 11N AP/CB (ENH200EXT)		
	- PoE Injector (EPE-24R)		
	- Power Adaptor		
	- CD with User's Manual		
	- QIG		
	- Mounting Set		
	- Special Screw Set		
Certifications:	FCC, CE, IC		
RADIO FREQUENCY BAND			
Channel	Tx Avg. Power	Rx Sensitivity	
	Optimal (dBm)	Optimal (dBm)	
802.11b(2.412 ~ 2.472GHz)			
1Mbps:	27	-97	
2Mbps:	27	-95	
5.5Mbps:	27	-92	
11Mbps:	27	-89	

802.11g(2.412 ~ 2.472GHz)		
6Mbps:	26	-96
9Mbps:	26	-93
12Mbps:	26	-89
18Mbps:	26	-85
24Mbps:	25	-81
36Mbps:	24	-79
48Mbps:	23	-76
54Mbps:	22	-75
802.11n(2.412 ~ 2.472GHz)		
MCS0 / MCS8:	26	-95
MCS1 / MCS9:	26	-92
MCS2 / MCS10:	26	-87
MCS3 / MCS11:	26	-85
MCS4 / MCS12:	24	-80
MCS5 / MCS13:	23	-79
MCS6 / MCS14:	22	-74
MCS7 / MCS15:	21	-73
ENVIRONMENT & MECHANICAL		
Temperature Range:	Operating -20°C ~ 70°C (-4°F to 158° F)	
	Storage -30°C ~ 80°C (-22° F to 176°F)	
Humidity (non-condensing):	0%~90% typical	
Waterproof:	IP55	

Appendix C – Glossary

Access Point

A base station in a WLAN that act as a central transmitter and receiver of WLAN radio signals.

Ad Hoc Network

A short-term WLAN framework created between two or more WLAN adapters, without going through an Access Point. An ad hoc network lets computers send data directly to and from one another. For an ad hoc network to work, each computer on the network needs a WLAN card installed configured for Ad Hoc mode.

Antenna

A device that sends and receives radio-frequency (RF) signals. Often camouflaged on existing buildings, trees, water towers or other tall structures, the size and shape of antennas are generally determined by the frequency of the signal they manage.

Authentication

A process that verifies the identity of a wireless device or end-user. A common form of authentication is to verify identities by checking a user name and password to allow network access.

Backbone

A high-speed line or series of connections that form a major pathway within a network.

Bandwidth

The part of the frequency spectrum required to transmit desired information. Each radio channel has a center frequency and additional frequencies above and below this carrier frequency that carry the transmitted information. The range of frequencies from the lowest to the highest used is called the bandwidth.

Bridge

A wireless device that connects multiple networks that are physically separate or use different media, but which use similar standards.

Bridge Mode

An Access Pointy in bridge mode can operate as a WLAN bridge that connects two wired network segments. The peer device also must be in bridge mode. This wireless bridge connection is equivalent to a Wireless Distribution System (WDS).

CHAP

Challenge Handshake Authentication Protocol. An alternative protocol that uses a challenge/response technique instead of sending passwords over the wire.

Collision

Interference resulting from two network devices sending data at the same time. The network detects the collision of the two transmitted packets and discards both of them.

Coverage

The region within which a paging receiver can reliably receive the transmission of paging signals.

Coverage Area

The geographical area that can be served by a mobile communications network or system.

Coverage Hole

An area within the radio coverage footprint of a wireless system where the RF signal level is below the design threshold. Physical obstructions such as buildings, foliage, hills, tunnels, and indoor parking garages are usually the cause of coverage holes.

Cyclic Redundancy Check (CRC)

A common technique for detecting data transmission errors.

Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol (DHCP)

A protocol that assigns temporary IP addresses automatically to client stations logging onto an IP network, so the IP addresses do not have to be assigned manually. The ENH200 contains an internal DHCP server that automatically allocates IP address using a user-defined range of IP addresses.

Dead Spot

An area within the coverage area of a WLAN where there is no coverage or transmission falling off. Electronic interference or physical barriers such as hills, tunnels, and indoor parking garages are usually the cause of dead spots. See also coverage area.

802.11

A category of WLAN standards defined by the Institute of Electrical and Electronics Engineers (IEEE).

802.11a

An IEEE standard for WLANs that operate at 5 GHz, with data rates up to 54 Mbps.

802.11b

An IEEE standard for WLANs that operate at 2.4 GHz, with data rates up to 11 Mbps.

802.11q

An IEEE standard for WLANs that operates at 2.4 GHz, with data rate of 300 Mbps. The new standard also raises the encryption bar to WPA2. The 40 HT option can be added to increase the data rate.

Encryption

Translates data into a secret code to achieve data security. To read an encrypted file, you must have a secret key or password for decryption. Unencrypted data is referred to as plain text; encrypted data is referred to as cipher text

ESS ID

The unique identifier for an ESS. All Access Points and their associated wireless stations in the same group must have the same ESSID.

Footprint

Geographical areas where an entity is licensed to broadcast its signal.

Gateway

A computer system or other device that acts as a translator between two systems that use different communication protocols, data formatting structures, languages, and/or architecture.

HT mode

In the 802.11n system, two new formats, called High Throughput (HT), are defined for the Physical Layer, Mixed Mode, and Green Field. If a system runs 40 HT, two adjacent 20 MHz channels are used. The larger 40 MHz bandwidth can provide better transmit quality and speed.

Keys

Like passwords, keys open (decrypt) and close (encrypt) messages. While many encryption algorithms are commonly known and public, the key must be kept secret.

Local-Area Network (LAN)

A small data network covering a limited area, such as a building or group of buildings. Most LANs connect workstations or personal computers. LANs let many users share devices such as printers as well as data. LANs also facilitate communication through e-mail or chat sessions.

Media Access Control (MAC) Address

Address associated with every hardware device on the network. Every 802.11 wireless device has its own specific MAC address. This unique identifier is hard-coded into the device and can be used to provide security for WLANs. When a network uses a MAC table, only the 802.11 radios that have their MAC addresses added to that network's MAC table can access the network.

Network Address Translation (NAT)

An Internet standard that lets a LAN use one set of IP addresses for internal traffic and a second set of addresses for external traffic.

Network Time Protocol (NTP)

A protocol that lets devices synchronize their time with a time server. NTP uses TCP or UDP port 123 by default.

Passphrase

A text string that automatically generates WEP keys on wireless client adapters.

Power Over Ethernet (PoE)

A PoE provides power to PoE-enabled devices using an 8-pin CAT 5 Ethernet cable, eliminating the need for a power source.

Preamble

Synchronizes transmissions in a WLAN. The preamble type defines the length of the Cyclic Redundancy Check block for communication between a device and roaming wireless stations.

Protected Extensible Authentication Protocol (PEAP)

Authentication protocol of IEEE 802.1x used to send authentication data and passwords over 802.11 WLANs.

Quality of Service (QoS)

A network's ability to deliver data with minimum delay. QoS also refers to the networking methods used to provide bandwidth for real-time multimedia applications.

Remote Authentication Dial-In User Service (RADIUS)

Networking protocol that provides centralized authentication, authorization, and accounting

management for computers to connect and use a network service. Because of its broad support and ubiquitous nature, the RADIUS protocol is often used by ISPs and enterprises to manage access to the Internet or internal networks, WLANs, and integrated e-mail services.

Service Set Identifier (SSID)

Name of a WLAN. All wireless devices on a WLAN must use the same SSID to communicate with each other.

Simple Network Management Protocol (SNMP)

An Internet-standard protocol for managing devices on IP networks.

Snooping

Passively watching a network for data, such as passwords, that can be used to benefit a hacker.

Temporal Key Integrity Protocol (TKIP)

An encryption protocol that uses 128-bit keys. Keys are dynamically generated and distributed by the authentication server. TKIP regularly changes and rotates encryption keys, with an encryption key never being used twice.

Transmission Control Protocol/Internet Protocol (TCP/IP)

A protocol that allows communications over and between networks. TCP/IP is the basis for Internet communications.

Weighted Fair Queuing (WFQ)

WFQ services queues are based on priority and queue weight. Queues with larger weights get more service than queues with smaller weights. This highly efficient queuing mechanism divides available bandwidth across different traffic queues.

Wired Equivalent Privacy (WEP)

Security protocol that provides a WLAN with a level of security and privacy comparable to that of a wired LAN. WEP encrypts data sent between wired and WLANs to keep transmissions private.

Wireless Local-Area Network (WLAN)

WLANs use RF technology to send and receive data wirelessly in a certain area. This lets users in a small zone send data and share resources such as printers without using cables to physically connect each computer.

Wi-Fi Protected Access (WPA)

A subset of the IEEE 802.11i standard. WPA applies IEEE 802.1x and Extensible Authentication Protocol (EAP) to authenticate wireless clients using an external RADIUS database. WPA uses Temporal Key Integrity Protocol (TKIP), Message Integrity Check (MIC), and IEEE 802.1x to encrypt data. See also WPA-PSK (WPA -Pre-Shared Key).

Wi-Fi MultiMedia (WMM)

Part of the IEEE 802.11e QoS enhancement to the Wi-Fi standard that ensures quality of service for multimedia applications in WLANs.

Wireless Client Supplicants

Software that runs on an operating system, instructing the wireless client how to use WPA.

WPA -Pre-Shared Key (WPA-PSK)

WPA-PSK requires a single (identical) password entered into each Access Point, wireless gateway, and wireless client. A client is granted access to a WLAN if the passwords match. **WPA2**

A wireless security standard that defines stronger encryption, authentication, and key management than WPA. It includes two data encryption algorithms, Temporal Key Integrity Protocol (TKIP) and Advanced Encryption Standard (AES), in the Counter mode with Cipher block chaining Message authentication Code Protocol (CCMP).

Wireless Distribution System (WDS)

A technology that lets Access Points communicate with one another to extend the range of a WLAN.

Appendix D – Statements of Conformity

D.1 – Federal Communication Commission Interference Statement

This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class B digital device, pursuant to Part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference in a residential installation. This equipment generates, uses and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instructions, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. However, there is no guarantee that interference will not occur in a particular installation. If this equipment does cause harmful interference to radio or television reception, which can be determined by turning the equipment off and on, the user is encouraged to try to correct the interference by one of the following measures:

- Reorient or relocate the receiving antenna.
- Increase the separation between the equipment and receiver.
- Connect the equipment into an outlet on a circuit different from that to which the receiver is connected.
- Consult the dealer or an experienced radio/TV technician for help.

FCC Caution: Any changes or modifications not expressly approved by the party responsible for compliance could void the user's authority to operate this equipment.

This device complies with Part 15 of the FCC Rules. Operation is subject to the following two conditions: (1) This device may not cause harmful interference, and (2) this device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.

IMPORTANT NOTE:

Radiation Exposure Statement:

This equipment complies with FCC radiation exposure limits set forth for an uncontrolled environment. This equipment should be installed and operated with minimum distance 20cm between the radiator & your body.

This transmitter must not be co-located or operating in conjunction with any other antenna or transmitter.

Note: Country selection is not available in the US model.

D.2 - Industry Canada Statement

This device complies with RSS-210 of the Industry Canada Rules. Operation is subject to the following two conditions: (1) This device may not cause harmful interference, and (2) this device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.

Ce dispositif est conforme à la norme CNR-210 d'Industrie Canada applicable aux appareils radio exempts de licence. Son fonctionnement est sujet aux deux conditions suivantes: (1) le dispositif ne doit pas produire de brouillage préjudiciable, et (2) ce dispositif doit accepter tout brouillage reçu, y compris un brouillage susceptible de provoquer un fonctionnement indésirable.

IMPORTANT NOTE: Radiation Exposure Statement:

This equipment complies with IC radiation exposure limits set forth for an uncontrolled environment. This equipment should be installed and operated with minimum distance 20cm between the radiator & your body.

NOTE IMPORTANTE: (Pour l'utilisation de dispositifs mobiles):

Déclaration d'exposition aux radiations:

Cet équipement est conforme aux limites d'exposition aux rayonnements IC établies pour un environnement non contrôlé. Cet équipement doit être installé et utilisé avec un minimum de 20 cm de distance entre la source de rayonnement et votre corps.

D.3 – Europe Declaration of Conformity

This device complies with the essential requirements of the R&TTE Directive 1999/5/EC. The following test methods have been applied in order to prove presumption of conformity with the essential requirements of the R&TTE Directive 1999/5/EC:

- EN60950-1:2006 A11:2009 Safety of Information Technology Equipment
- EN50385 : 2002
- Generic standard to demonstrate the compliance of electronic and electrical apparatus with the basic restrictions related to human exposure to electromagnetic fields (0 Hz 300 GHz)
- EN 300 328 V1.7.1: 2006-10
- Electromagnetic compatibility and Radio spectrum Matters (ERM); Wideband Transmission systems; Data transmission equipment operating in the 2,4 GHz ISM band and using spread spectrum modulation techniques; Harmonized EN covering essential requirements under article 3.2 of the R&TTE Directive

EN 301 489-1 V1.8.1: 2008-04

Electromagnetic compatibility and Radio Spectrum Matters (ERM); ElectroMagnetic Compatibility (EMC) standard for radio equipment and services; Part 1: Common technical requirements

- EN 301 489-17 V2.1.1 2009-05
- Electromagnetic compatibility and Radio spectrum Matters (ERM); ElectroMagnetic Compatibility
 (EMC) standard for radio equipment and services; Part 17: Specific conditions for 2,4 GHz
 wideband transmission systems and 5 GHz high performance RLAN equipment

This device is a 2.4 GHz wideband transmission system (transceiver), intended for use in all EU member states and EFTA countries, except in France and Italy where restrictive use applies.

In Italy the end-user should apply for a license at the national spectrum authorities in order to obtain authorization to use the device for setting up outdoor radio links and/or for supplying public access to telecommunications and/or network services.

This device may not be used for setting up outdoor radio links in France and in some areas the RF output power may be limited to 10 mW EIRP in the frequency range of 2454 – 2483.5 MHz. For detailed information the end-user should contact the national spectrum authority in France.



© Česky	[Jméno výrobce] tímto prohlašuje, že tento [typ zařízení] je ve shodě se základními požadavky a
[Czech]	dalšími příslušnými ustanoveními směrnice 1999/5/ES.
₫ Dansk	Undertegnede [fabrikantens navn] erklærer herved, at følgende udstyr [udstyrets typebetegnelse]
[Danish]	overholder de væsentlige krav og øvrige relevante krav i direktiv 1999/5/EF.
de Deutsch	Hiermit erklärt [Name des Herstellers], dass sich das Gerät [Gerätetyp] in Übereinstimmung mit
[German]	den grundlegenden Anforderungen und den übrigen einschlägigen Bestimmungen der Richtlinie 1999/5/EG befindet.
et Eesti	Käesolevaga kinnitab [tootja nimi = name of manufacturer] seadme [seadme tüüp = type of
[Estonian]	equipment] vastavust direktiivi 1999/5/EÜ põhinõuetele ja nimetatud direktiivist tulenevatele teistele asjakohastele sätetele.
en English	Hereby, [name of manufacturer], declares that this [type of equipment] is in compliance with the
	essential requirements and other relevant provisions of Directive 1999/5/EC.
es Español	Por medio de la presente [nombre del fabricante] declara que el [clase de equipo] cumple con los
[Spanish]	requisitos esenciales y cualesquiera otras disposiciones aplicables o exigibles de la Directiva 1999/5/CE.
💷 Ελληνική	ME THN ΠΑΡΟΥΣΑ [name of manufacturer] ΔΗΛΩΝΕΙ ΟΤΙ [type of equipment] $ΣΥΜΜΟΡΦΩΝΕΤΑΙ$
[Greek]	ΠΡΟΣ ΤΙΣ ΟΥΣΙΩΔΕΙΣ ΑΠΑΙΤΗΣΕΙΣ ΚΑΙ ΤΙΣ ΛΟΙΠΕΣ ΣΧΕΤΙΚΕΣ ΔΙΑΤΑΞΕΙΣ ΤΗΣ ΟΔΗΓΙΑΣ 1999/5/ΕΚ.
fr Français	Par la présente [nom du fabricant] déclare que l'appareil [type d'appareil] est conforme aux
[French]	exigences essentielles et aux autres dispositions pertinentes de la directive 1999/5/CE.
it Italiano	Con la presente [nome del costruttore] dichiara che questo [tipo di apparecchio] è conforme ai
[Italian]	requisiti essenziali ed alle altre disposizioni pertinenti stabilite dalla direttiva 1999/5/CE.
Latviski	Ar šo [name of manufacturer /izgatavotāja nosaukums] deklarē, ka [type of equipment / iekārtas
[Latvian]	tips] atbilst Direktīvas 1999/5/EK būtiskajām prasībām un citiem ar to saistītajiem noteikumiem.
lt Lietuvių	Šiuo [manufacturer name] deklaruoja, kad šis [equipment type] atitinka esminius reikalavimus ir
[Lithuanian]	kitas 1999/5/EB Direktyvos nuostatas.
ml Nederlands	Hierbij verklaart [naam van de fabrikant] dat het toestel [type van toestel] in overeenstemming is
[Dutch]	met de essentiële eisen en de andere relevante bepalingen van richtlijn 1999/5/EG.
mt Malti	Hawnhekk, [isem tal-manifattur], jiddikjara li dan [il-mudel tal-prodott] jikkonforma mal-ħtiġijiet
[Maltese]	essenzjali u ma provvedimenti oħrajn relevanti li hemm fid-Dirrettiva 1999/5/EC.
№ Magyar	Alulírott, [gyártó neve] nyilatkozom, hogy a [típus] megfelel a vonatkozó alapvető
[Hungarian]	követelményeknek és az 1999/5/EC irányelv egyéb előírásainak.
Polski	Niniejszym [nazwa producenta] oświadcza, że [nazwa wyrobu] jest zgodny z zasadniczymi
[Polish]	wymogami oraz pozostałymi stosownymi postanowieniami Dyrektywy 1999/5/EC.
₱ Português	[Nome do fabricante] declara que este [tipo de equipamento] está conforme com os requisitos

Slovensko [Slovenian]	[Ime proizvajalca] izjavlja, da je ta [tip opreme] v skladu z bistvenimi zahtevami in ostalimi relevantnimi določili direktive 1999/5/ES.
Slovensky [Slovak]	[Meno výrobcu] týmto vyhlasuje, že [typ zariadenia] spĺňa základné požiadavky a všetky príslušné ustanovenia Smernice 1999/5/ES.
fi Suomi [Finnish]	[Valmistaja = manufacturer] vakuuttaa täten että [type of equipment = laitteen tyyppimerkintä] tyyppinen laite on direktiivin 1999/5/EY oleellisten vaatimusten ja sitä koskevien direktiivin muiden ehtojen mukainen.
Svenska [Swedish]	Härmed intygar [företag] att denna [utrustningstyp] står I överensstämmelse med de väsentliga egenskapskrav och övriga relevanta bestämmelser som framgår av direktiv 1999/5/EG.