### **USER MANUAL** DIR-615 VERSION 5.2

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## Preface

D-Link reserves the right to revise this publication and to make changes in the content hereof without obligation to notify any person or organization of such revisions or changes.

### **Manual Revisions**

Revision	Date	Description
5.2	December 22, 2009	<ul> <li>Updated for revision E1</li> </ul>

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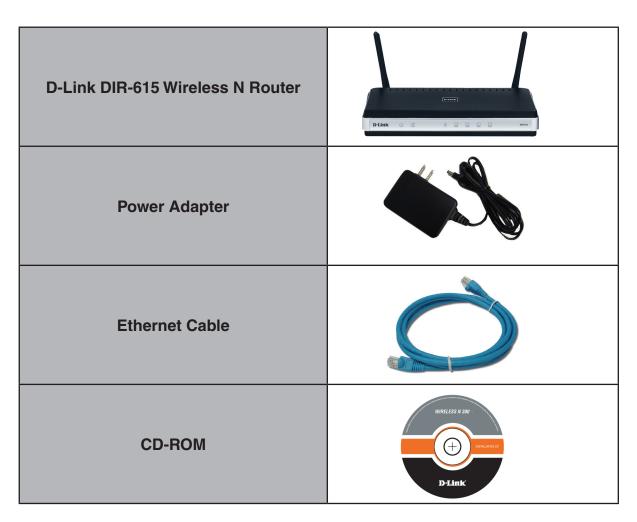
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## **Package Contents**



Note: Using a power supply with a different voltage rating than the one included with the DIR-615 will cause damage and void the warranty for this product.

## **System Requirements**

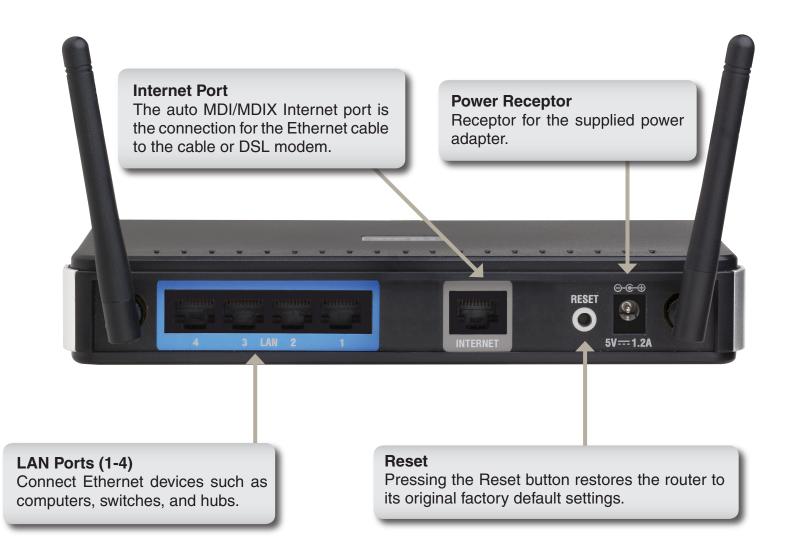
Network Requirements	<ul> <li>An Ethernet-based Cable or DSL modem</li> <li>IEEE 802.11n/g wireless clients</li> <li>10/100 Ethernet</li> </ul>
Web-based Configuration Utility Requirements	<ul> <li>Computer with the following: <ul> <li>Windows®, Macintosh, or Linux-based operating system</li> <li>An installed Ethernet adapter</li> </ul> </li> <li>Browser Requirements: <ul> <li>Internet Explorer 6 or higher</li> <li>Chrome 2.0 or higher</li> <li>Firefox 3.0 or higher</li> <li>Safari 3.0 or higher</li> </ul> </li> <li>Windows® Users: Make sure you have the latest version of Java installed. Visit www.java.com to download the latest version.</li> </ul>
CD Installation Wizard Requirements	<ul> <li>Computer with the following:</li> <li>Windows<sup>®</sup> XP (Service Pack 3), Vista<sup>®</sup> or Windows<sup>®</sup> 7</li> <li>An installed Ethernet adapter</li> <li>CD-ROM drive</li> </ul>

## **Features**

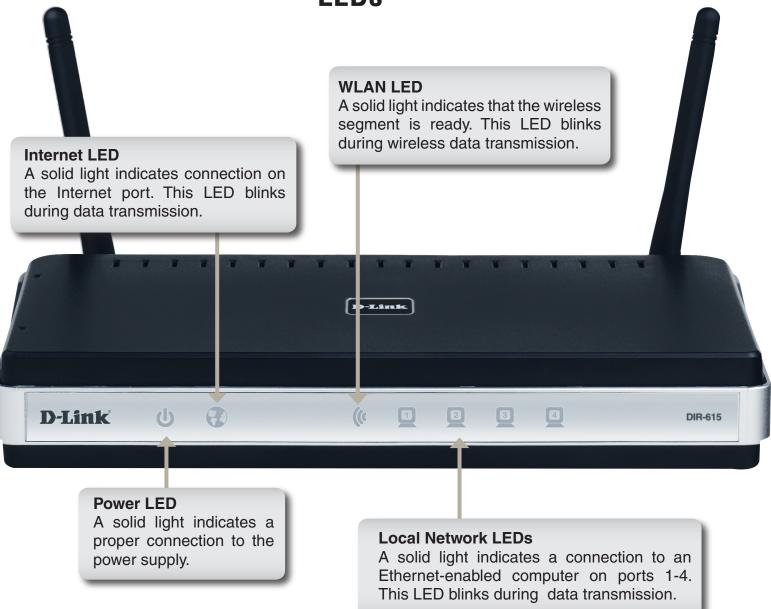
- Faster Wireless Networking The DIR-615 provides up to 300Mbps\* wireless connection with other 802.11n wireless clients. This capability allows users to participate in real-time activities online, such as video streaming, online gaming, and real-time audio.
- **Compatible with 802.11g Devices** The DIR-615 is still fully compatible with the IEEE 802.11g standard, so it can connect with existing 802.11g PCI, USB and Cardbus adapters.
- Advanced Firewall Features The Web-based user interface displays a number of advanced network management features including:
  - **Content Filtering** Easily applied content filtering based on MAC Address, URL, and/or Domain Name.
  - Filter Scheduling These filters can be scheduled to be active on certain days or for a duration of hours or minutes.
  - Secure Multiple/Concurrent Sessions The DIR-615 can pass through VPN sessions. It supports multiple and concurrent IPSec and PPTP sessions, so users behind the DIR-615 can securely access corporate networks.
- User-friendly Setup Wizard Through its easy-to-use Web-based user interface, the DIR-615 lets you control what information is accessible to those on the wireless network, whether from the Internet or from your company's server. Configure your router to your specific settings within minutes.

<sup>\*</sup> Maximum wireless signal rate derived from IEEE Standard 802.11g and 802.11n specifications. Actual data throughput will vary. Network conditions and environmental factors, including volume of network traffic, building materials and construction, and network overhead, lower actual data throughput rate. Environmental conditions will adversely affect wireless signal range.

## Hardware Overview Connections



# Hardware Overview LEDs



## Installation

This section will walk you through the installation process. Placement of the router is very important. Do not place the router in an enclosed area such as a closet, cabinet, or in the attic or garage.

## **Before you Begin**

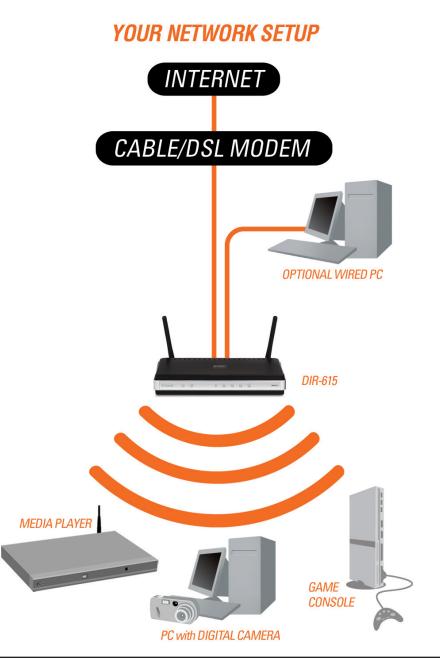
- Please configure the router with the computer that was last connected directly to your modem.
- You can only use the Ethernet port on your modem. If you were using the USB connection before using the router, then you must turn off your modem, disconnect the USB cable and connect an Ethernet cable to the Internet port on the router, and then turn the modem back on. In some cases, you may need to call your ISP to change connection types (USB to Ethernet).
- If you have DSL and are connecting via PPPoE, make sure you disable or uninstall any PPPoE software such as WinPoet, Broadjump, or Enternet 300 from your computer or you will not be able to connect to the Internet.
- When running the Setup Wizard from the D-Link CD, make sure the computer you are running the CD from is connected to the Internet and online or the wizard will not work. If you have disconnected any hardware, re-connect your computer back to the modem and make sure you are online.

## **Wireless Installation Considerations**

The D-Link wireless router lets you access your network using a wireless connection from virtually anywhere within the operating range of your wireless network. Keep in mind, however, that the number, thickness and location of walls, ceilings, or other objects that the wireless signals must pass through, may limit the range. Typical ranges vary depending on the types of materials and background RF (radio frequency) noise in your home or business. The key to maximizing wireless range is to follow these basic guidelines:

- Keep the number of walls and ceilings between the D-Link router and other network devices to a minimum
   - each wall or ceiling can reduce your adapter's range from 3-90 feet (1-30 meters.) Position your devices
   so that the number of walls or ceilings is minimized.
- 2. Be aware of the direct line between network devices. A wall that is 1.5 feet thick (.5 meters), at a 45-degree angle appears to be almost 3 feet (1 meter) thick. At a 2-degree angle it looks over 42 feet (14 meters) thick! Position devices so that the signal will travel straight through a wall or ceiling (instead of at an angle) for better reception.
- **3**. Building Materials make a difference. A solid metal door or aluminum studs may have a negative effect on range. Try to position access points, wireless routers, and computers so that the signal passes through drywall or open doorways. Materials and objects such as glass, steel, metal, walls with insulation, water (fish tanks), mirrors, file cabinets, brick, and concrete will degrade your wireless signal.
- **4**. Keep your product away (at least 3-6 feet or 1-2 meters) from electrical devices or appliances that generate RF noise.
- **5**. If you are using 2.4GHz cordless phones or X-10 (wireless products such as ceiling fans, lights, and home security systems), your wireless connection may degrade dramatically or drop completely. Make sure your 2.4GHz phone base is as far away from your wireless devices as possible. The base transmits a signal even if the phone in not in use.





## **Connect to Cable/DSL/Satellite Modem**

If you are connecting the router to a cable/DSL/satellite modem, please follow the steps below:

- 1. Place the router in an open and central location. Do not plug the power adapter into the router.
- 2. Turn the power off on your modem. If there is no on/off switch, then unplug the modem's power adapter. Shut down your computer.
- 3. Unplug the Ethernet cable (that connects your computer to your modem) from your computer and place it into the Internet port on the router.
- 4. Plug an Ethernet cable into one of the four LAN ports on the router. Plug the other end into the Ethernet port on your computer.
- 5. Turn on or plug in your modem. Wait for the modem to boot (about 30 seconds).
- 6. Plug the power adapter to the router and connect to an outlet or power strip. Wait about 30 seconds for the router to boot.
- 7. Turn on your computer.
- 8. Verify the link lights on the router. The power light, Internet light, and the LAN light (the port that your computer is plugged into) should be lit. If not, make sure your computer, modem, and router are powered on and verify the cable connections are correct.
- 9. Skip to page 13 to configure your router.

## **Connect to Another Router**

If you are connecting the D-Link router to another router to use as a wireless access point and/or switch, you will have to do the following before connecting the router to your network:

- Disable UPnP<sup>™</sup>
- Disable DHCP
- Change the LAN IP address to an available address on your network. The LAN ports on the router cannot accept a DHCP address from your other router.

To connect to another router, please follow the steps below:

- Plug the power into the router. Connect one of your computers to the router (LAN port) using an Ethernet cable. Make sure your IP address on the computer is 192.168.0.xxx (where xxx is between 2 and 254). Please see the Networking Basics section for more information. If you need to change the settings, write down your existing settings before making any changes. In most cases, your computer should be set to receive an IP address automatically in which case you will not have to do anything to your computer.
- 2. Open a web browser and enter http://192.168.0.1 and press Enter. When the login window appears, set the user name to Admin and leave the password box empty. Click Log In to continue.
- 3. Click on **Advanced** and then click **Advanced Network**. Uncheck the Enable UPnP checkbox. Click **Save Settings** to continue.
- 4. Click **Setup** and then click **Network Settings**. Uncheck the Enable DHCP Server server checkbox. Click **Save Settings** to continue.
- 5. Under Router Settings, enter an available IP address and the subnet mask of your network. Click **Save Settings** to save your settings. Use this new IP address to access the configuration utility of the router in the future. Close the browser and change your computer's IP settings back to the original values as in Step 1.

- 6. Disconnect the Ethernet cable from the router and reconnect your computer to your network.
- 7. Connect an Ethernet cable in one of the LAN ports of the router and connect it to your other router. Do not plug anything into the Internet port of the D-Link router.
- 8. You may now use the other 3 LAN ports to connect other Ethernet devices and computers. To configure your wireless network, open a web browser and enter the IP address you assigned to the router. Refer to the **Configuration** and **Wireless Security** sections for more information on setting up your wireless network.

## **Getting Started**

The DIR-615 includes a Quick Router Setup Wizard CD. Follow the simple steps below to run the Setup Wizard to guide you quickly through the installation process. You may manually configure your router without the wizard. Refer to the next page to manually setup your router.

Insert the **Quick Router Setup Wizard CD** in the CD-ROM drive. The step-by-step instructions that follow are shown in Windows<sup>®</sup> XP or Vista<sup>®</sup>. The steps and screens are similar for the other Windows<sup>®</sup> operating systems.

If the CD autorun function does not automatically start on your computer, go to **Start** > **Run**. In the run box type "D:\DIR615.exe" (where *D*: represents the drive letter of your CD-ROM drive).

When the autorun screen appears, click **Install Router** and follow the on-screen instructions.



*Note*: It is recommended to write down the login password on the provided CD holder.

## Configuration

This section will show you how to configure your new D-Link wireless router using the web-based configuration utility.

## **Web-based Configuration Utility**

To access the configuration utility, open a web-browser such as Internet Explorer and enter the IP address of the router (192.168.0.1).

You may also connect using the NetBIOS name in the address bar (http://dlinkrouter).

Select **Admin** from the drop-down menu and then enter your password. Leave the password blank by default. Type in the graphical authentication code (if you cannot read it, click **Regenerate**). The graphical authentication will be disabled by default.

If you get a **Page Cannot be Displayed** error, please refer to the **Troubleshooting** section for assistance.



LOGIN	
Log in to the router:	
	User Name : Admin 👻
	Password :
	Enter the correct password above and then type the characters you see in the picture below.
	F 5 3 9 5 Regenerate
	Log In

### **Internet Connection Setup Wizard**

Once logged into the web interface of the router, the **Setup > Internet** page will appear. Click the **Internet Connection Setup Wizard** button to quickly configure your router using the setup wizard.

If you want to enter your settings without running the wizard, click **Manual Internet Configuration Wizard** and skip to page 19.

<b>D-Lin</b>	K				
DIR-615	SETUP	ADVANCED	TOOLS	STATUS	SUPPORT
INTERNET	INTERNET CONNEC	TION			Helpful Hints
WIRELESS SETTINGS		o set up your Internet co ard, or you can manually c	nnection: you can use the onfigure the connection.	Web-based Internet	If you are new to networking and have never configured a router before, click on Internet Connection
	If you would like to ut	TION SETUP WIZARE	based Wizards to assist yo	u in connecting your	Setup Wizard and the router will guide you through a few simple steps to get your network up and running.
		Internet Connection Ing these wizards, please m Guide included in the pack	ake sure you have follows	ed all steps outlined in	If you consider yourself an advanced user and have configured a router before, click Manual Internet Connection Setup to input all the settings
			ngs of your new D-Link Sy	stems Router	manually. More

Click Next to continue.

#### WELCOME TO THE D-LINK INTERNET CONNECTION SETUP WIZARD

This wizard will guide you through a step-by-step process to configure your new D-Link router and connect to the Internet.

<ul> <li>Step 1: Set your Password</li> <li>Step 2: Select your Time Zone</li> <li>Step 3: Configure your Internet Connection</li> <li>Step 4: Save Settings and Connect</li> </ul>	
Prev Next Cancel	Connect

Create a new password and then click **Next** to continue.

STEP 1: SET YOUR PASSWORD
By default, your new D-Link Router does not have a password configured for administrator access to the Web-based configuration pages. To secure your new networking device, please set and verify a password below:
Password :
Verify Password :
Prev Next Cancel Connect

Select your time zone from the drop-down menu and then click **Next** to continue.

STEP 2: SELECT YOUR TIME ZONE
Select the appropriate time zone for your location. This information is required to configure the time-based options for the router.
(GMT-08:00) Pacific Time (US/Canada), Tijuana 🛛 🗸
Prev Next Cancel Connect

Select the type of Internet connection you use and then click **Next** to continue.

#### STEP 3: CONFIGURE YOUR INTERNET CONNECTION

Your Internet Connection could not be detected, please select your Internet Service Provider (ISP) from the list below. If your ISP is not listed; select the "Not Listed or Don't Know" option to manually configure your connection.

Not Listed or Don't Know 🔽

If your Internet Service Provider was not listed or you don't know who it is, please select the Internet connection type below:

#### OHCP Connection (Dynamic IP Address)

Choose this if your Internet connection automatically provides you with an IP Address. Most Cable Moderns use this type of connection.

#### O Username / Password Connection (PPPoE)

Choose this option if your Internet connection requires a username and password to get online. Most DSL modems use this type of connection.

#### O Username / Password Connection (PPTP)

Choose this option if your Internet connection requires a username and password to get online. Most DSL modems use this type of connection.

#### O Username / Password Connection (L2TP)

DHCP CONNECTION (DYNAMIC IP ADDRESS)

Choose this option if your Internet connection requires a username and password to get online. Most DSL modems use this type of connection.

#### Static IP Address Connection

Choose this option if your Internet Setup Provider provided you with IP Address information that has to be manually configured.



If you selected Dynamic, you may need to enter the MAC address of the computer that was last connected directly to your modem. If you are currently using that computer, click **Clone Your PC's MAC Address** and then click **Next** to continue.

The Host Name is optional but may be required by some ISPs. The default host name is the device name of the Router and may be changed.

To set up this connection, please make sure that you are connected to the D-Link Router with the PC that was originally connected to your broadband connection. If you are, then click the Clone MAC button to copy your computer's MAC Address to the D-Link Router.
MAC Address : 00:18:e7:6a:21:bf (optional) Clone Your PC's MAC Address
Host Name : DIR-615
Note: You may also need to provide a Host Name. If you do not have or know this information, please contact your ISP.
Prev Next Cancel Connect

If you selected PPPoE, enter your PPPoE username and password. Click **Next** to continue.

Select **Static** if your ISP assigned you the IP address, subnet mask, gateway, and DNS server addresses.

**Note:** Make sure to remove your PPPoE software from your computer. The software is no longer needed and will not work through a router.

If you selected PPTP, enter your PPTP username and password. Click **Next** to continue.

,	ot have this informat	ion, please contact your ISP.
Address Mode	: 💿 Dynamic IP 🛛 🔿	Static IP
IP Address	: 0.0.0.0	]
User Name	:	]
Password	: •••••	]
Verify Password	: •••••	]
Service Name	:	(optional)
Note: You may also need to pri contact your ISP.	ovide a Service Name. If	you do not have or know this information, please
ONS SETTINGS		
Primary DNS Address	: 0.0.0.0	
Secondary DNS Address	: 0.0.0.0	
	Prev Next	Cancel

SET USERNAME AND PASSWORD CONNECTION (PPTP)			
	d to have a Username and Password from your Internet P adress. If you do not have this information, please contact		
Address Mode :	💿 Dynamic IP 🛛 🔿 Static IP		
PPTP IP Address :	0.0.0		
PPTP Subnet Mask :	0.0.0		
PPTP Gateway IP Address :	0.0.0.0		
PPTP Server IP Address (may be same as gateway) :			
User Name :			
Password :	•••••		
Verify Password :	•••••		
DNS SETTINGS			
Primary DNS Address : 0.0.0.0			
Secondary DNS Address : 0.0.0.0			
Prev	Next Cancel Connect		

If you selected L2TP, enter your L2TP username and password. Click **Next** to continue.

SET USERNAME AND PASSWORD CONNECTION (L2TP)				
	e a Username and Password from your Internet . If you do not have this information, please contact			
Address Mode : 💿 Dynamic IP	◯ Static IP			
L2TP IP Address : 0.0.0.0				
L2TP Subnet Mask : 0.0.0.0				
L2TP Gateway IP Address :				
L2TP Server IP Address				
User Name :				
Password :				
Verify Password : •••••••				
DNS SETTINGS				
Primary DNS Address : 0.0.0.0				
Secondary DNS Address : 0.0.0.0				
Prev	Cancel			

If you selected Static, enter your network settings supplied by your Internet provider. Click **Next** to continue.

	ou will need to have a complete list of IP information provided by your f you have a Static IP connection and do not have this information,
IP Address	: 0.0.0.0
Subnet Mask	: 0.0.0.0
Gateway Address	
Primary DNS Addres	<sup>ss</sup> 0.0.0.0
Secondary DN Address	IS 0.0.0
	Prev Next Cancel Connect

The Setup is now complete. Click the **Connect** to save your settings. Please allow 1-2 minutes to connect.

The Internet Connection Setup Wizard has completed. Click the Connect button to save your settings and reboot the router.
Prev Next Cancel Connect

### Manual Configuration Dynamic (Cable)

If you opt to set up your Internet connection manually, you will be redirected to a WAN page that allows you to select your Internet type and enter the correct configuration parameters.

Select your Internet connection type using the "My Internet Connection is" drop-down menu.

Click the **Save Settings** button when you have configured the connection.

**My Internet** Select **Dynamic IP (DHCP)** to obtain IP Address information **Connection:** automatically from your ISP. Select this option if your ISP does not give you any IP numbers to use. This option is commonly used for cable modem services such as Comcast and Cox.

Enable Advanced Domain Name System (DNS) services enhances your
 Advanced Internet performance by getting you the information and web pages
 you are looking for faster and more reliably. In addition, it improves your overall Internet experience by correcting many common typo mistakes automatically, taking you where you intended to go and saving you valuable time.

**Disclaimer:** D-Link makes no warranty as to the availability, reliability, functionality and operation of the Advanced DNS service or its features.

INTERNET CONNECTION TYPE	E
Choose the mode to be used b	y the router to connect to the Internet.
My Internet Connection is :	Dynamic IP (DHCP)
ADVANCED DNS SERVICE	
	y option that provides Anti-Phishing to protect your and navigation improvements such as auto- os.
Enable Advanced DNS Service :	
DYNAMIC IP (DHCP) INTERN	ET CONNECTION TYPE :
	pe if your Internet Service Provider (ISP) didn't formation and/or a username and password.
provide you with IP Address in	formation and/or a username and password.
provide you with IP Address in Host Name :	formation and/or a username and password.
provide you with IP Address in Host Name : Use Unicasting :	formation and/or a username and password. DIR-615 I (compatibility for some DHCP Servers)
provide you with IP Address in Host Name : Use Unicasting : Primary DNS Address : Secondary DNS Address : MTU :	formation and/or a username and password. DIR-615 IV (compatibility for some DHCP Servers) 0.0.0
provide you with IP Address in Host Name : Use Unicasting : Primary DNS Address : Secondary DNS Address :	formation and/or a username and password. DIR-615  C (compatibility for some DHCP Servers) 0.0.0.0

Host Name: The Host Name is optional but may be required by some ISPs. Leave blank if you are not sure.

Use Check the box if you are having problems obtaining an IP address from your ISP. Unicasting:

**Primary**/ Enter the Primary and secondary DNS server IP addresses assigned by your ISP. These addresses are usually obtained **Secondary** automatically from your ISP. Leave at 0.0.0.0 if you did not specifically receive these from your ISP. **DNS Server**:

- MTU: Maximum Transmission Unit you may need to change the MTU for optimal performance with your specific ISP. 1500 is the default MTU.
- MAC Address: The default MAC Address is set to the Internet port's physical interface MAC address on the Broadband Router. It is not recommended that you change the default MAC address unless required by your ISP. You can use the Clone Your PC's MAC Address button to replace the Internet port's MAC address with the MAC address of your Ethernet card.

### PPPoE (DSL)

Choose PPPoE (Point to Point Protocol over Ethernet) if your ISP uses a PPPoE connection. Your ISP will provide you with a username and password. This option is typically used for DSL services. Make sure to remove your PPPoE software from your computer. The software is no longer needed and will not work through a router.

	Select <b>PPPoE (Username/Password)</b> from the drop-down menu.	PPPOE INTERNET CONNECTIO	ON TYPE :	
		Enter the information provided	by your Internet Se	rvice Provider (ISP).
Address Mode:	Select Static if your ISP assigned you the IP	Address Mode :	💿 Dynamic IP 🔘 St	tatic IP
	address, subnet mask, gateway, and DNS	IP Address :	0.0.0.0	
	server addresses. In most cases, select <b>Dynamic</b> .	User Name :		]
	Dynamo.	Password :	•••••	
IP Address:	Enter the IP address (Static PPPoE only).	Verify Password :	•••••	
		Service Name :		(optional)
User name:	Enter your PPPoE user name.	Reconnect Mode :	🔘 Always on 💿 On	i demand 🔘 Manual
Password:	Enter your PPPoE password and then retype	Maximum Idle Time :	5 (minutes	5, O=infinite)
	the password in the next box.	Primary DNS Address :	0.0.0.0	(optional)
	•	Secondary DNS Address :	0.0.0.0	(optional)
Service Name:	Enter the ISP Service Name (optional).	MTU :	1492 (bytes) I	MTU default = 1492
Deconnection Mode		MAC Address :	00:18:e7:6a:21:bf	
	Select either <b>Always-on</b> , <b>On-Demand</b> , or <b>Manual</b> .		Clone Your PC's MA	AC Address

Maximum Idle Time: Enter a maximum idle time during which the Internet connection is maintained during inactivity. To disable this feature, enable Auto-reconnect.

DNS Addresses: Enter the Primary and Secondary DNS Server Addresses (Static PPPoE only).

- MTU: Maximum Transmission Unit you may need to change the MTU for optimal performance with your specific ISP. 1492 is the default MTU.
- MAC Address: The default MAC Address is set to the Internet port's physical interface MAC address on the Broadband Router. It is not recommended that you change the default MAC address unless required by your ISP. You can use the **Clone Your PC's** MAC Address button to replace the Internet port's MAC address with the MAC address of your Ethernet card.

### PPTP

Choose PPTP (Point-to-Point-Tunneling Protocol) if your ISP uses a PPTP connection. Your ISP will provide you with a username and password. This option is typically used for DSL services.

Address Mode:	Select <b>Static</b> if your ISP assigned you the IP	PPTP INTERNET CONNECTION	N TYPE :
	address, subnet mask, gateway, and DNS server addresses. In most cases, select <b>Dynamic</b> .	Enter the information provided	by your Internet Service Provider (ISP).
PPTP IP Address:	Enter the IP address (Static PPTP only).	Address Mode :	💿 Dynamic IP 🔘 Static IP
		PPTP IP Address :	0.0.0.0
	Enter the Primary and Secondary DNS Server	PPTP Subnet Mask :	0.0.0.0
IVIASK:	Addresses (Static PPTP only).	PPTP Gateway IP Address :	0.0.0.0
<b>PPTP Gateway:</b>	Enter the Gateway IP Address provided by your	PPTP Server IP Address :	
ISP.		Username :	
		Password :	•••••
<b>PPTP Server IP:</b>	Enter the Server IP provided by your ISP	Verify Password :	•••••
	(optional).	Reconnect Mode :	🔿 Always on 💿 On demand 🔘 Manual
llsername:	Enter your PPTP username.	Maximum Idle Time :	5 (minutes, 0=infinite)
Oscinanic.	Enter your FFTF usemanie.	Primary DNS Address :	0.0.0.0
Password:	Enter your PPTP password and then retype the	Secondary DNS Address :	0.0.0.0
	password in the next box.	MTU :	1400 (bytes) MTU default = 1400
_		MAC Address :	00:18:e7:6a:21:bf
Reconnect Mode:	Select either <b>Always-on</b> , <b>On-Demand</b> , or <b>Manual</b> .		Clone Your PC's MAC Address

- Maximum Idle Enter a maximum idle time during which the Internet connection is maintained during inactivity. To disable this feature, enable Time: Auto-reconnect.
- DNS Servers: The DNS server information will be supplied by your ISP (Internet Service Provider.)
  - MTU: Maximum Transmission Unit you may need to change the MTU for optimal performance with your specific ISP. 1400 is the default MTU.

MAC Address: The default MAC Address is set to the Internet port's physical interface MAC address on the Broadband Router. It is not recommended that you change the default MAC address unless required by your ISP. You can use the **Clone Your PC's** MAC Address button to replace the Internet port's MAC address with the MAC address of your Ethernet card.

### L2TP

Choose L2TP (Layer 2 Tunneling Protocol) if your ISP uses a L2TP connection. Your ISP will provide you with a username and password. This option is typically used for DSL services.

- Address Mode: Select Static if your ISP assigned you the IP address, subnet mask, gateway, and DNS server addresses. In most cases, select Dynamic.
- **L2TP IP Address:** Enter the L2TP IP address supplied by your ISP (Static only).
  - L2TP Subnet Enter the Subnet Mask supplied by your ISP Mask: (Static only).
  - L2TP Gateway: Enter the Gateway IP Address provided by your ISP.
  - L2TP Server IP: Enter the Server IP provided by your ISP (optional).

Username: Enter your L2TP username.

- **Password:** Enter your L2TP password and then retype the password in the next box.
- Reconnect Mode: Select either Always-on, On-Demand, or Manual.

Maximum Idle	Enter a	maximum	idle time	e during	which t	the Interne	t connection	is maintained	during	inactivity.	To disable	this fe	eature,
Time:	enable A	Auto-reconi	nect.										

DNS Servers: Enter the Primary and Secondary DNS Server Addresses (Static L2TP only).

2TP INTERNET CONNECTION	TYPE :			
Enter the information provided by your Internet Service Provider (ISP).				
Address Mode :	💿 Dynamic IP 🔘 Static IP			
L2TP IP Address :	0.0.0			
L2TP Subnet Mask :	0.0.0.0			
L2TP Gateway IP Address :	0.0.0.0			
L2TP Server IP Address :				
Username :				
Password :	•••••			
Verify Password :	•••••			
Reconnect Mode :	🔘 Always 💿 On demand 🔘 Manual			
Maximum Idle Time :	5 (minutes, O=infinite)			
Primary DNS Address :	0.0.0			
Secondary DNS Address :	0.0.0.0			
MTU :	1400 (bytes) MTU default = 1400			
MAC Address :	00:18:e7:6a:21:bf			
(	Clone Your PC's MAC Address			
L2TP Server IP Address : Username : Password : Verify Password : Reconnect Mode : Maximum Idle Time : Primary DNS Address : Secondary DNS Address : MTU :	5 (minutes, O=infinite) 0.0.0.0 0.0.0.0 1400 (bytes) MTU default = 1400 00:18:e7:6a:21:bf			

- MTU: Maximum Transmission Unit you may need to change the MTU for optimal performance with your specific ISP. 1400 is the default MTU.
- Clone MAC The default MAC Address is set to the Internet port's physical interface MAC address on the Broadband Router. It is not Address: recommended that you change the default MAC address unless required by your ISP. You can use the Clone Your PC's MAC Address button to replace the Internet port's MAC address with the MAC address of your Ethernet card.

### **Static IP Address**

Select Static IP Address if all the Internet port's IP information is provided to you by your ISP. You will need to enter in the IP address, subnet mask, gateway address, and DNS address(es) provided to you by your ISP. Each IP address entered in the fields must be in the appropriate IP form, which are four octets separated by a dot (x.x.x.x). The Router will not accept the IP address if it is not in this format.

IP Address: Enter the IP address assigned by your ISP.

Subnet Mask: Enter the Subnet Mask assigned by your ISP.

Default Gateway: Enter the Gateway assigned by your ISP.

- **DNS Servers:** The DNS server information will be supplied by your ISP (Internet Service Provider.)
  - **MTU:** Maximum Transmission Unit you may need to change the MTU for optimal performance with your specific ISP. 1500 is the default MTU.
- MAC Address: The default MAC Address is set to the Internet port's physical interface MAC address on the Broadband Router. It is not recommended that you change the default MAC address unless required by your ISP. You can use the **Clone Your PC's MAC Address** button to replace the Internet port's MAC address with the MAC address of your Ethernet card.

STATIC IP ADDRESS INTERM	NET CONNECTION TYPE :
Enter the static address inform ISP).	ation provided by your Internet Service Provider
IP Address :	0.0.0.0
Subnet Mask :	0.0.0.0
Default Gateway :	0.0.0
Primary DNS Server :	0.0.0.0
Secondary DNS Server :	0.0.0.0
MTU :	1500 (bytes) MTU default = 1500
MAC Address :	00:18:e7:6a:21:bf
	Clone Your PC's MAC Address

### **Wireless Settings**

If you want to configure the wireless settings on your router using the wizard, click **Wireless Network Setup Wizard** and refer to page 85.

Click **Add Wireless Device with WPS** if you want to add a wireless device using Wi-Fi Protected Setup (WPS) and refer to page 88.

If you want to manually configure the wireless settings on your router click **Manual Wireless Network Setup** and refer to the next page.



### **Manual Wireless Network Setup**

- Enable Wireless: Check the box to enable the wireless function. If you do not want to use wireless, uncheck the box to disable all the wireless functions. Click Add New to create your own time schedule to enable the wireless function.
- Wireless Network Service Set Identifier (SSID) is the name of your Name: wireless network. Create a name using up to 32 characters. The SSID is case-sensitive.
  - **802.11 Mode:** Select one of the following:

**802.11g Only** - Select if all of your wireless clients are 802.11g.

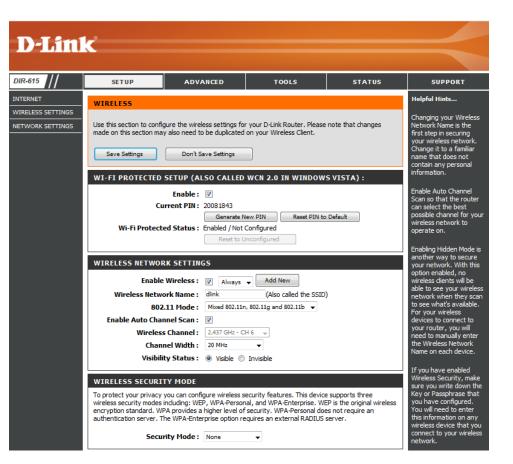
**Mixed 802.11g and 802.11b** - Select if you are using both 802.11b and 802.11g wireless clients.

**802.11b Only** - Select if all of your wireless clients are 802.11b.

**802.11n Only** - Select only if all of your wireless clients are 802.11n.

**Mixed 802.11n, 802.11b, and 802.11g** - Select if you are using a mix of 802.11n, 11g, and 11b wireless clients.

**Mixed 802.11n and 802.11g** - Select if you are using a mix of 802.11n and 802.11g wireless clients.



Enable Auto The Auto Channel Scan setting can be selected to allow the DIR-615 to choose the channel with the least amount of Channel Scan: interference.

Wireless Channel: Indicates the channel setting for the DIR-615. By default the channel is set to 6. The Channel can be changed to fit the channel setting for an existing wireless network or to customize the wireless network. If you enable Auto Channel Scan, this option will be greyed out.

Transmission Rate: Select the transmit rate. It is strongly suggested to select Best (Auto) for best performance.

Channel Width: Select the Channel Width:

**Auto 20/40** - Select if you are using both 802.11n and non-802.11n wireless devices. **20MHz** - Select if you are not using any 802.11n wireless clients. This is the default setting.

Visibility Status: Select Invisible if you do not want the SSID of your wireless network to be broadcasted by the DIR-615. If Invisible is selected, the SSID of the DIR-615 will not be seen by Site Survey utilities so your wireless clients will have to know the SSID of your DIR-615 in order to connect to it.

Wireless Security: Refer to page 84 for more information regarding wireless security.

### **Network Settings**

This section will allow you to change the local network settings of the router and to configure the DHCP settings.

**IP Address:** Enter the IP address of the router. The default IP address is 192.168.0.1.

If you change the IP address, once you click **Apply**, you will need to enter the new IP address in your browser to get back into the configuration utility.

**Subnet Mask:** Enter the Subnet Mask. The default subnet mask is 255.255.255.0.

Local Domain: Enter the Domain name (Optional).

**Enable DNS Relay:** Uncheck the box to transfer the DNS server information from your ISP to your computers. If checked, your computers will use the router for a DNS server.

SETUP ADVA	NCED	TOOLS	STATUS	SUPP
NETWORK SETTINGS				Helpful Hints
Use this section to configure the interr in DHCP Server to assign IP addresses configured here is the IP Address that change the IP Address here, you may again.	to the computers of you use to access	on your network. The the Web-based mana	IP Address that is gement interface. If you	If you already DHCP server network or ar static IP addr the devices or network, und <b>Enable DHCI</b> to disable this
ROUTER SETTINGS				If you have d your network
Use this section to configure the interr configured here is the IP Address that change the IP Address here, you may again.	you use to access	the Web-based mana	gement interface. If you	should always fixed IP addre a DHCP Reso for each such
Router IP Address :	192.168.0.1			More
Subnet Mask :	255.255.255.0			
Device Name :				
Local Domain Name :		(0	otional)	
Enable DNS Relay :	4			
DHCP SERVER SETTINGS				
Use this section to configure the built- Use this section to configure the built- network.				-
Enable DHCP Server :				
DHCP IP Address Range :		to 192.168.0.199	_	
DHCP Lease Time :		)		
Always Broadcast :	🗵 (compatibility fo	or some DHCP Clients)		
NetBIOS announcement :	<b></b>			
Learn NetBIOS from WAN :		_		
NetBIOS Scope :		(optional)		
NetBIOS node type :	Broadcast only I Point-to-Point (r	(use when no WINS se to broadcast)	rvers configured)	
		io proadcast) oadcast then Point-to-	Point)	
		-Point then Broadcast		
Primary WINS IP Address :				
Secondary WINS IP Address :				
ADD/EDIT DHCP RESERVATIO	N			i —
Enable :				
Computer Name :		<< Computer Nam		
IP Address :		]		
MAC Address :				
	Copy Your F Save Clear	C's MAC Address		
DHCP RESERVATIONS LIST : Enable Host Name	MAC Address	TD 4	idress	
chable nost wante	MAC Address	IP A	JUI CSS	

### **DHCP Server Settings**

DHCP stands for Dynamic Host Control Protocol. The DIR-615 has a built-in DHCP server. The DHCP Server will automatically assign an IP address to the computers on the LAN/private network. Be sure to set your computers to be DHCP clients by setting their TCP/IP settings to "Obtain an IP Address Automatically." When you turn your computers on, they will automatically load the proper TCP/IP settings provided by the DIR-615. The DHCP Server will automatically allocate an unused IP address from the IP address pool to the requesting computer. You must specify the starting and ending address of the IP address pool.

	check this box to enable the DHCF server on your router.	DHCP SERVER SETTINGS		
Server:	Uncheck to disable this function.	Use this section to configure the built-in DHCP Server to assign IP addresses to the computers on your network.		
DHCP IP	Enter the starting and ending IP addresses for the DHCP			
Address Range: server's IP assignment.		Enable DHCP Server : 🔽		
	en e	DHCP IP Address Range: 192.168.0.100 to 192.168.0.199		
<b>Note:</b> If you statically (manually) assign IP addresses to your computers or devices, make sure the IP addresses are outside	Note: If you statically (manually) assign IP addresses to your	DHCP Lease Time: 10080 (minutes)		
	Always Broadcast : 🗹 (compatibility for some DHCP Clients)			
		NetBIOS announcement : 📃		
of this range or you may have an IP conflict.	Learn NetBIOS from WAN :			
		NetBIOS Scope : (optional)		
	The length of time for the IP address lease. Enter the Lease	NetBIOS node type :		
	time in minutes.	O Point-to-Point (no broadcast)		
		Mixed-mode (Broadcast then Point-to-Point)		
Always	Enable this function to ensure compatibility with some DHCP	○ Hybrid (Point-to-Point then Broadcast)		
Broadcast:		Primary WINS IP Address :		

**Enable DHCP** Check this box to enable the DHCP conver on your

- to 192.168.0.199 0.100 (minutes) mpatibility for some DHCP Clients) (optional) dcast only (use when no WINS servers configured) t-to-Point (no broadcast) d-mode (Broadcast then Point-to-Point) id (Point-to-Point then Broadcast) Secondary WINS IP Address :
- Learn NetBIOS If NetBIOS advertisement is switched on, switching this setting on causes WINS information to be learned from the WAN **WAN:** side, if available. Turn this setting off to configure manually.
- Net BIOS scope: This is an advance setting and is normally left blank. This allows the configuration of NetBIOS domain name under which network hosts operate. This setting has no effect if the "Learn NetBIOS information form WAN is activated.

#### **DHCP** Reservation

If you want a computer or device to always have the same IP address assigned, you can create a DHCP reservation. The router will assign the IP address only to that computer or device.

ADD DHCD RESERVATION

Note: This IP address must be within the DHCP IP Address Range.

Enable: Check this box to enable the reservation.

- **Computer Name:** Enter the computer name or select from the dropdown menu and click <<.
  - **IP Address:** Enter the IP address you want to assign to the computer or device. This IP Address must be within the DHCP IP Address Range.
  - MAC Address: Enter the MAC address of the computer or device.
  - **Copy Your PC's** If you want to assign an IP address to the **MAC Address:** computer you are currently on, click this button to populate the fields.
    - Save: Click Save to save your entry. You must click Save Settings at the top to activate your reservations.

HOD BHEI KESEI									
	Enable :								
Comput	er Name :	<< Computer Name							
IP	Address:	0.0.0.0							
MAC	Address:	00:00:00:00:00							
	(	Copy Your PC's MAC Address							
	ſ	Save Clear							
DHCP RESERVAT	IONS LIST								
Enable Compu	ter Name	MAC Address IP Address							
NUMBER OF DYNAMIC DHCP CLIENTS : 1									
	IP Address	MAC Address Expire Time							

Number of In this section you can see what LAN devices are currently leasing IP addresses.

#### Dynamic DHCP

**Clients:** 

**Revoke:** Click **Revoke** to cancel the lease for a specific LAN device and free an entry in the lease table. Do this only if the device no longer needs the leased IP address, because, for example, it has been removed from the network.

#### Section 3 - Configuration

- **Note:** The Revoke option will not disconnect a PC with a current network session from the network; you would need to use MAC Address Filter to do that. Revoke will only free up a DHCP Address for the very next requester. If the previous owner is still available, those two devices may both receive an IP Address Conflict error, or the second device may still not receive an IP Address; in that case, you may still need to extend the "DHCP IP Address Range" to address the issue, it is located in the DHCP Server section.
- **Reserve:** The Reserve option converts this dynamic IP allocation into a DHCP Reservation and adds the corresponding entry to the DHCP Reservations List.

## **Virtual Server**

The DIR-615 can be configured as a virtual server so that remote users accessing Web or FTP services via the public IP address can be automatically redirected to local servers in the LAN (Local Area Network).

The DIR-615 firewall feature filters out unrecognized packets to protect your LAN network so all computers networked with the DIR-615 are invisible to the outside world. If you wish, you can make some of the LAN computers accessible from the Internet by enabling Virtual Server. Depending on the requested service, the DIR-615 redirects the external service request to the appropriate server within the LAN network.

The DIR-615 is also capable of port-redirection meaning incoming traffic to a particular port may be redirected to a different port on the server computer.

Each virtual service that is created will be listed at the bottom of the screen in the Virtual Servers List. There are pre-defined virtual services already in the table. You

may use them by enabling them and assigning the server IP to use that particular virtual service.

For a list of ports for common applications, please visit http://support.dlink.com/faq/view.asp?prod\_id=1191.

D-Lini	K					
DIR-615	SETUR	P ADVANCED	TOOLS		STATUS	SUPPORT
VIRTUAL SERVER	VIRTUAL	SERVER				Helpful Hints
PORT FORWARDING APPLICATION RULES QOS ENGINE NETWORK FILTER	to an interna	Server option allows you to defi al LAN IP Address and Private L es such as FTP or Web Servers. tings Don't Save Setti	AN port if required. T			Check the Application Name drop down menu for a list of predefined server types. If you select one of the predefined server
ACCESS CONTROL	24 VIR	TUAL SERVERS LIST				types, click the arrow button next to the
INBOUND FILTER			Port	Traffic Type		drop down menu to fill out the corresponding
FIREWALL SETTINGS	Name	< Application Na	ne 🗸 🛛 O	Protocol	Schedule Always	field. You can select a
	IP Add	tress	Private Por		Inbound Filter	computer from the list of DHCP clients in the Computer Name drop
ADVANCED NETWORK	0.0.0.0	0 << Computer Nam	e 🔽 0 Public Port	6 Protocol	Allow All 💌	down menu, or you can manually enter the
	Name	< Application Nat			Always 🗸	IP address of the LAN computer to which
	IP Add	tress	Private Por	t	Inbound Filter	you would like to open the specified port.
	0.0.0.0		e 💙 🛛 🔍	6	Allow All 💌	Select a schedule for
	Name	< Application Nat	ne 💙 🛛 D	: Protocol TCP 🖌	Schedule Always 💙	when the virtual server will be enabled. If you do not see the

This will allow you to open a single port. If you would like to open a range of ports, refer to the next page.

24 -- VIRTHAL SERVERS LIS

- Name: Enter a name for the rule or select an application from the drop-down menu. Select an application and click << to populate the fields.
- **IP Address:** Enter the IP address of the computer on your local network that you want to allow the incoming service to. If your computer is receiving an IP address automatically from the router (DHCP), you computer will be listed in the "Computer Name" drop-down menu. Select your computer and click <<.
- Private Port/ Enter the port that you want to open next to PrivatePublic Port: Port and Public Port. The private and public ports are usually the same. The public port is the port seen from the Internet side, and the private port is the port being used by the application on the computer within your local network.
- Protocol Type: Select TCP, UDP, Both or Other from the dropdown menu.
- Inbound Filter: Select Allow All (most common) or a created Inbound filter. You may create your own inbound filters in the Advanced > Inbound Filter page.
  - Schedule: The schedule of time when the Virtual Server Rule will be enabled. The schedule may be set to Always, which will allow the particular service to always be enabled. You can create your own times in the **Tools** > Schedules section.

•	TINTONE SERVICE	5 2131			
			Port	Traffic Type	
	Name	Application Name	Public 0	Both 💌	Schedule Always 💌
	IP Address 0.0.0.0	Computer Name	Private 0	Protocol 0	Inbound Filte Allow All
	Name	Application Name	Public 0	Both 💌	Schedule Always 🚩
	IP Address 0.0.0.0	Computer Name	Private 0	Protocol 0	Inbound Filter Allow All 🔽
	Name	Application Name	Public 0	Both 💌	Schedule Always 💟
	IP Address 0.0.0.0	Computer Name	Private 0	Protocol 0	Inbound Filte Allow All 🔽
	Name	Application Name	Public 0	Both 💌	Schedule Always 💌
	IP Address 0.0.0.0	Computer Name	Private 0	Protocol 0	Inbound Filte Allow All 💌
	Name	Application Name	Public 0	Both 💌	Schedule Always 🚩
	IP Address 0.0.0.0	Computer Name	Private 0	Protocol 0	Inbound Filte Allow All 🔽

#### D-Link DIR-615 User Manual

## **Port Forwarding**

This will allow you to open a single port or a range of ports.

- Name: Enter a name for the rule or select an application from the drop-down menu. Select an application and click << to populate the fields.
- **IP Address:** Enter the IP address of the computer on your local network that you want to allow the incoming service to. If your computer is receiving an IP address automatically from the router (DHCP), you computer will be listed in the "Computer Name" drop-down menu. Select your computer and click <<.
- **TCP/UDP:** Enter the TCP and/or UDP port or ports that you want to open. You can enter a single port or a range of ports. Separate ports with a common.

Example: 24,1009,3000-4000

- Inbound Filter: Select Allow All (most common) or a created Inbound filter. You may create your own inbound filters in the Advanced > Inbound Filter page.
  - Schedule: The schedule of time when the Virtual Server Rule will be enabled. The schedule may be set to Always, which will allow the particular service to always be enabled. You can create your own times in the Tools > Schedules section.

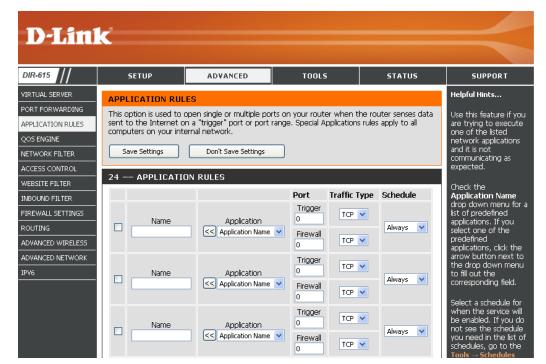
<b>D-Lin</b> l	K						$\prec$
DIR-615		SETUP	ADVANCED		TOOLS	STATUS	SUPPORT
VIRTUAL SERVER	POR	T FORWARDIN	IG RULES :				Helpful Hints
PORT FORWARDING			open multiple ports or a rang				Check the
APPLICATION RULES			o a single PC on your networ 1g, Port Ranges (100-150), I				Application Name drop down menu for a
QOS ENGINE	(102	0-5000, 689).					list of predefined applications. If you
NETWORK FILTER		Save Settings	Don't Save Settings	٦			select one of the
ACCESS CONTROL							predefined applications, click the
WEBSITE FILTER	24 ·	PORT FORW	ARDING RULES				arrow button next to the drop down menu
					Ports to Ope	n	to fill out the
FIREWALL SETTINGS		Name			TCP	Schedule	corresponding field.
ROUTING			Application Name	*	0	Always 💌	You can select a
ADVANCED WIRELESS		IP Address			UDP	Inbound Filter	computer from the list of DHCP clients in the
ADVANCED NETWORK		0.0.0.0	Computer Name	*	0	Allow All 🔽	Computer Name drop
IPV6		Name		~	TCP	Schedule	down menu, or you can manually enter the
			< Application Name	<b>V</b>			IP address of the LAN computer to which
		IP Address 0.0.0.0	< Computer Name	~	UDP	Inbound Filter	you would like to open
		Name			TCP	Schedule	the specified port.
			< Application Name	~	0	Always 🗸	Select a schedule for when the rule will be
		IP Address			UDP	Inbound Filter	enabled. If you do not
		0.0.0.0	Computer Name	~	0	Allow All 🔽	see the schedule you need in the list of

## **Application Rules**

Some applications require multiple connections, such as Internet gaming, video conferencing, Internet telephony and others. These applications have difficulties working through NAT (Network Address Translation). Special Applications makes some of these applications work with the DIR-615. If you need to run applications that require multiple connections, specify the port normally associated with an application in the "Trigger Port" field, select the protocol type as TCP or UDP, then enter the firewall (public) ports associated with the trigger port to open them for inbound traffic.

The DIR-615 provides some predefined applications in the table on the bottom of the web page. Select the application you want to use and enable it.

- Name: Enter a name for the rule. You may select a pre-defined application from the drop-down menu and click <<.
- **Trigger:** This is the port used to trigger the application. It can be either a single port or a range of ports.
- **Traffic Type:** Select the protocol of the trigger port (TCP, UDP, or Both).
  - **Firewall:** This is the port number on the Internet side that will be used to access the application. You may define a single port or a range of ports. You can use a comma to add multiple ports or port ranges.
- **Traffic Type:** Select the protocol of the firewall port (TCP, UDP, or Any).
  - **Schedule:** The schedule of time when the Application Rule will be enabled. The schedule may be set to Always, which will allow the particular service to always be enabled. You can create your own times in the **Tools** > **Schedules** section.



# **QoS Engine**

The QoS Engine option helps improve your network gaming performance by prioritizing applications. By default the QoS Engine settings are disabled and application priority is not classified automatically.

- **Enable QoS Engine:** This option is disabled by default. Enable this option for better performance and experience with online games and other interactive applications, such as VoIP.
  - Automatic Uplink This option is enabled by default when the Speed: QoS Engine option is enabled. This option will allow your router to automatically determine the uplink speed of your Internet connection.
  - Measured Uplink This displays the detected uplink speed. Speed:
    - Manual Uplink The speed at which data can be transferred Speed: from the router to your ISP. This is determined by your ISP. ISP's offer speed as a download/

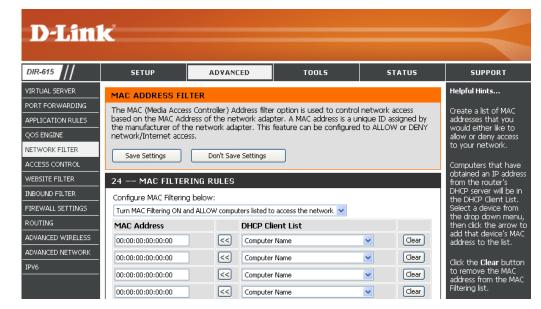


upload pair. For example, 1.5Mbits/284Kbits. Using this example, you would enter 284. Alternatively you can test your uplink speed with a service such as www.dslreports.com.

## **Network Filters**

Use MAC (Media Access Control) Filters to allow or deny LAN (Local Area Network) computers by their MAC addresses from accessing the Network. You can either manually add a MAC address or select the MAC address from the list of clients that are currently connected to the Broadband Router.

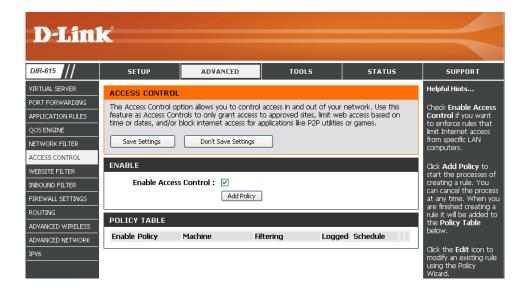
- **Configure MAC** Select Turn MAC Filtering Off, allow MAC **Filtering:** addresses listed below, or deny MAC addresses listed below from the drop-down menu.
- MAC Address: Enter the MAC address you would like to filter. To find the MAC address on a computer, please refer to the Networking Basics section in this manual.
- **DHCP Client:** Select a DHCP client from the drop-down menu and click << to copy that MAC Address.



## **Access Control**

The Access Control section allows you to control access in and out of your network. Use this feature as Parental Controls to only grant access to approved sites, limit web access based on time or dates, and/or block access from applications like P2P utilities or games.

Add Policy: Check the Enable Access Control check box and click the Add Policy button to start the Access Control Wizard.



#### **Access Control Wizard**

Click Next to continue with the wizard.

#### ADD NEW POLICY

This wizard will guide you through the following steps to add a new policy for Access Control.								
Step 1 - Choose a unique name for your policy Step 2 - Select a schedule Step 3 - Select the machine to which this policy applies Step 4 - Select filtering method Step 5 - Select filters Step 6 - Configure Web Access Logging								
Prev Next Save Cancel								

Enter a name for the policy and then click **Next** to continue.

STEP 1: CHOOSE POLICY NAME							
Choose a unique name for your policy.							
Policy Name : Example 1							
Prev Next Save Cancel							

Select a schedule (I.E. Always) from the drop-down menu and then click **Next** to continue.

Enter the following information and then click **Next** to continue.

- Address Type Select IP address, MAC address, or Other Machines.
- IP Address Enter the IP address of the computer you want to apply the rule to.

STEP 2: SELECT SCHEDULE									
Choose a schedule to apply to this policy.									
Details :	Always V Always								
Prev Next Save Cancel									

STEP 3: SELECT MACHINE									
Select the machine to which this policy applies.									
Specify a machine with its IP or MAC address, or select "Other Machines" for machines that do not have a policy.									
Address Type :	Address Type: 💿 IP 🔘 MAC 🔘 Other Machines								
IP Address :									
Machine Address :		<< Computer Name	~						
	Copy Your PC's N	1AC Address							
	OK Cancel								
Machine									
192.168.0.100			<b>E</b>	8					
	Prev Next Save Cancel								

Select the filtering method and then click **Next** to continue.

STEP 4: SELECT FILTERING METHOD									
Select the method for filtering.									
Method :	🔘 Log Web Access Only 🔘 Block All Access 💿 Block Some Access								
Apply Web Filter :									
Apply Advanced Port Filters :									
	Prev Next Save Cancel								

Enter the rule:

Enable - Check to enable the rule.
Name - Enter a name for your rule.
Dest IP Start - Enter the starting IP address.
Dest IP End - Enter the ending IP address.
Protocol - Select the protocol.
Dest Port Start - Enter the starting port number.
Dest Port End - Enter the ending port number.

Add Port Filters Rules. Specify rules to prohibit access to specific IP addresses and ports.									
Enable	Name	Dest IP Start	Dest IP End	Protocol	Dest Port Start	Dest Port End			
		0.0.0.0	255.255.255.255	Any 💌	0	65535			
		0.0.0.0	255.255.255.255	Any 💌	0	65535			
		0.0.0.0	255.255.255.255	Any 💌	0	65535			
		0.0.0.0	255.255.255.255	Any 🔽	0	65535			
		0.0.0.0	255.255.255.255	Any 🔽	0	65535			
		0.0.0.0	255.255.255.255	Any 💌	0	65535			
		0.0.0.0	255.255.255.255	Any 🔽	0	65535			
		0.0.0.0	255.255.255.255	Any 🔽	0	65535			

To enable web logging, click Enable.

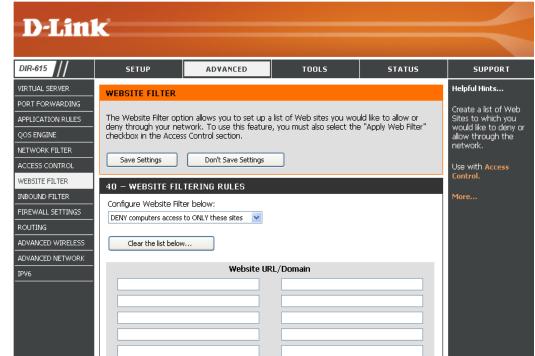
Click **Save** to save the access control rule.

STEP 6: CONFIGURE WEB ACCESS LOGGING									
Web Access Logging :	<ul> <li>Disabled</li> <li>Enabled</li> </ul>								
	Prev Next Save Cancel								

## **Website Filters**

Website Filters are used to allow you to set up a list of allowed Web sites that can be used by multiple users through the network. To use this feature select to **Allow** or **Deny**, enter the domain or website and click **Add**, and then click **Save Settings**. You must also select **Apply Web Filter** under the Access Control section (page 41).

- **Configure Website** Select **Deny** or **Allow** computers access to **Filter Below:** only these sites.
  - Clear the list Click to delete all entries in the list. below:
  - Website URL/ Enter the keywords or URLs that you want to **Domain:** allow or deny.



## **Inbound Filters**

The Inbound Filter option is an advanced method of controlling data received from the Internet. With this feature you can configure inbound data filtering rules that control data based on an IP address range. Inbound Filters can be used with Virtual Server, Port Forwarding, or Remote Administration features.

Name: Enter a name for the inbound filter rule.

Action: Select Allow or Deny.

Enable: Check to enable rule.

- **Source IP Start:** Enter the starting IP address. Enter 0.0.0.0 if you do not want to specify an IP range.
- **Source IP End:** Enter the ending IP address. Enter 255.255.255.255 if you do not want to specify and IP range.
  - **Save:** Click the **Save** button to apply your settings. You must click Save Settings at the top to save the settings.
- Inbound Filter This section will list any rules that are created. Rules List: You may click the Edit icon to change the settings or enable/disable the rule, or click the Delete icon to remove the rule.



## **Firewall Settings**

A firewall protects your network from the outside world. The D-Link DIR-615 offers a firewall type functionality. The SPI feature helps prevent cyber attacks. Sometimes you may want a computer exposed to the outside world for certain types of applications. If you choose to expose a computer, you can enable DMZ. DMZ is short for Demilitarized Zone. This option will expose the chosen computer completely to the outside world.

**Enable SPI:** SPI (Stateful Packet Inspection, also known as dynamic packet filtering) helps to prevent cyber attacks by tracking more state per session. It validates that the traffic passing through the session conforms to the protocol.

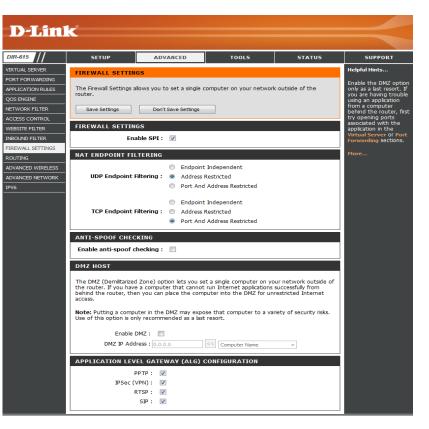
**NAT Endpoint** Select one of the following for TCP and UDP ports:

**Filtering: Endpoint Independent** - Any incoming traffic sent to an open port will be forwarded to the application that opened the port. The port will close if idle for 5 minutes.

**Address Restricted** - Incoming traffic must match the IP address of the outgoing connection.

**Address + Port Restriction** - Incoming traffic must match the IP address and port of the outgoing connection.

- **Enable Anti-Spoof** Enable this option to provide protection from certain kinds of **Checking:** "spoofing" attacks.
- **Enable DMZ Host:** If an application has trouble working from behind the router, you can expose one computer to the Internet and run the application on that computer.



**Note:** Placing a computer in the DMZ may expose that computer to a variety of security risks. Use of this option is only recommended as a last resort.

IP Address: Specify the IP address of the computer on the LAN that you want to have unrestricted Internet communication. If this computer obtains its IP address automatically using DHCP, be sure to make a static reservation on the System > Network Settings page so that the IP address of the DMZ machine does not change.

## Routing

This page allows you to specify custom routes that determine how data is moved around your network.

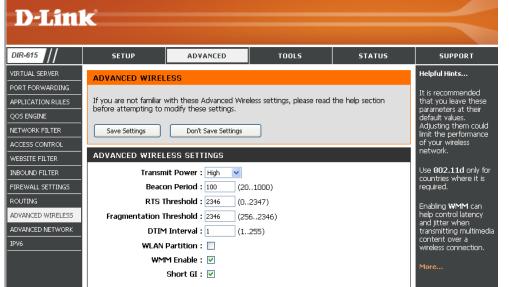
- **Routing List:** Each Route has a checkbox next to it, check the box of the route you wish to enable.
  - **Metric:** The route metric is a value from 1 to 16 that indicates the cost of using this route. A value 1 is the lowest cost and 15 is the highest cost.
  - Name: Specify a name for identification of this route.
  - **Metric:** The route metric is a value from 1 to 16 that indicates the cost of using this route. A value 1 is the lowest cost and 15 is the highest cost.
  - **Interface:** Select the interface which the IP packet must use to transit out of the router when this route is used.
- **Destination IP:** Enter the address of the host or network you wish to access.
  - **Netmask:** This field identifies the portion of the destination IP in use.
  - Gateway: The IP address of the router will be displayed here.

D-Lin1	۲°					
DIR-615	9	SETUP	ADVANCED	TOOLS	STATUS	SUPPORT
VIRTUAL SERVER	ROUT	ING :				Helpful Hints
PORT FORWARDING APPLICATION RULES QOS ENGINE		outing page allow d your network.	ws you to specify custom	routes that determine ho	w data is moved	Each route has a check box next to it, check this box if you want the route to be enabled.
ACCESS CONTROL	Sa	ve Settings	Don't Save Settings			The name field allows
WEBSITE FILTER	32	ROUTE LIST				you to specify a name for identification of this
INBOUND FILTER			Ĭ	Metric	Interface	route, e.g. 'Network 2'
FIREWALL SETTINGS ROUTING ADVANCED WIRELESS		Name	Destination IP 0.0.0.0	1	WAN -	The destination IP address is the address of the host or network
ADVANCED WIRELESS		Netmask 0.0.0.0	gateway 0.0.00			you wish to reach.
IPV6		Name	Destination IP 0.0.0.0		WAN	The netmask field identifies the portion of the destination IP in
		Netmask 0.0.0.0	gateway 0.0.0.0	1	WAN 👻	use.
		Name	Destination IP 0.0.0.0			The gateway IP address is the IP address of the router,
		Netmask 0.0.0.0	gateway 0.0.00	1	WAN 🗸	if any, used to reach the specified destination.

## **Advanced Wireless Settings**

Transmit Power: Set the transmit power of the antennas.

- **Beacon Period:** Beacons are packets sent by an Access Point to synchronize a wireless network. Specify a value. 100 is the default setting and is recommended.
- **RTS Threshold:** This value should remain at its default setting of 2346. If inconsistent data flow is a problem, only a minor modification should be made.
- **Fragmentation** The fragmentation threshold, which is specified **Threshold:** in bytes, determines whether packets will be fragmented. Packets exceeding the 2346 byte setting will be fragmented before transmission. 2346 is the default setting.
- **DTIM Interval:** (Delivery Traffic Indication Message) 3 is the default



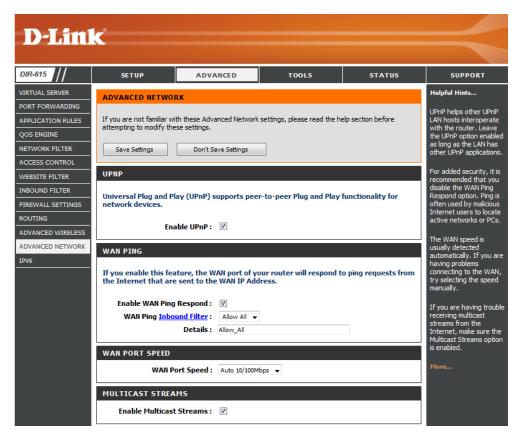
setting. A DTIM is a countdown informing clients of the next window for listening to broadcast and multicast messages.

- WLAN Partition: This enables 802.11d operation. 802.11d is a wireless specification developed to allow implementation of wireless networks in countries that cannot use the 802.11 standard. This feature should only be enabled if you are in a country that requires it.
  - WMM Enable: WMM is QoS for your wireless network. This will improve the quality of video and voice applications for your wireless clients.
    - Short GI: Check this box to reduce the guard interval time therefore increasing the data capacity. However, it's less reliable and may create higher data loss.

## **Advanced Network Settings**

- **UPnP Settings:** To use the Universal Plug and Play (UPnP<sup>™</sup>) feature click on **Enabled**. UPNP provides compatibility with networking equipment, software and peripherals.
  - **WAN Ping:** Unchecking the box will not allow the DIR-615 to respond to pings. Blocking the Ping may provide some extra security from hackers. Check the box to allow the Internet port to be "pinged".
- WAN Port Speed: You may set the port speed of the Internet port to 10Mbps, 100Mbps, or auto. Some older cable or DSL modems may require you to set the port speed to 10Mbps.

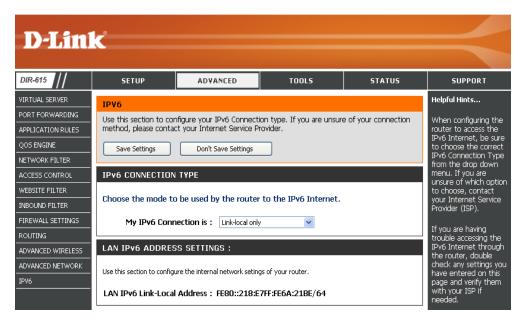
**Multicast** Check the box to allow multicast traffic to pass **Streams:** through the router from the Internet.



## IPv6

#### **Link-Local Connectivity**

- My IPv6 Connection: Select Link-Local Only from the drop-down menu.
  - LAN IPv6 Address Displays the IPv6 address of the router. Settings:



## Static IPv6 (Stateful)

My IPv6 Connection:	Select <b>Static IPv6</b> from the drop-down menu.	IPv6 CONNECTION TYPE
WAN IDv6 Addross		Choose the mode to be used by the router to the IPv6 Internet.
	Enter the address settings supplied by your Internet provider (ISP).	My IPv6 Connection is : Static IP v6
LAN IPv6 Address:	Enter the LAN (local) IPv6 address for the router.	WAN IPv6 ADDRESS SETTINGS :
I AN Link-Local	Displays the Router's LAN Link-Local	Enter the IPv6 address information provided by your Internet Service Provider (ISP).
	Address.	IPv6 Address :
Enchlo	Charle to proble the Autoconfiguration	Subnet Prefix Length :
Autoconfiguration:	Check to enable the Autoconfiguration feature.	Defauti Gateway :
A. I		Primary DNS Address : Secondary DNS Address :
_	Select <b>Stateful (DHCPv6)</b> or <b>Stateless</b> . Refer to the next page for Stateless.	
		LAN IPv6 ADDRESS SETTINGS :
•	Enter the start IPv6 Address for the DHCPv6 range for your local computers.	Use this section to configure the internal network setings of your router. If you change the LAN IPv6 Address here, you may need to adjust your PC's network settings to access the network again.
-	Enter the end IPv6 Address for the DHCPv6	LAN IPv6 Address : /64
End:	range for your local computers.	LAN IPv6 Link-Local Address : FE80::218:E7FF:FE6A:21BE/64
IPv6 Address Lifetime:	Enter the IPv6 Address Lifetime (in minutes).	ADDRESS AUTOCONFIGURATION SETTINGS
		Use this section to setup IPv6 Autoconfiguration to assign IP addresses to the computers on your network.
		Enable Autoconfiguration : 🔽
		Autoconfiguration Type : Stateful (DHCPv6)
	,	IPv6 Address Range(Start): /64 IPv6 Address Range(End): /64
		IPv6 Address Lifetime: 30 (minutes)

#### Static IPv6 (Stateless)

My IPv6 Connection:	Select Static IPv6 from the drop-down	IPv6 CONNECTION TYPE
	menu.	Choose the mode to be used by the router to the IPv6 Internet.
	Enter the address settings supplied by your Internet provider (ISP).	My IPv6 Connection is : Static IPv6
LAN IPv6 Address:	Enter the LAN (local) IPv6 address for the router.	WAN IPv6 ADDRESS SETTINGS : Enter the IPv6 address information provided by your Internet Service Provider (ISP).
	Displays the Router's LAN Link-Local Address.	IPv6 Address : Subnet Prefix Length :
Enable Autoconfiguration:	Check to enable the Autoconfiguration feature.	Defautl Gateway : Primary DNS Address : Secondary DNS Address :
Autoconfiguration Type:	Select Stateless. Refer to the previous page	LAN IPv6 ADDRESS SETTINGS :
	for Stateful. Enter the Router Advertisement Lifetime (in minutes).	Use this section to configure the internal network setings of your router. If you change the LAN IPv6 Address here, you may need to adjust your PC's network settings to access the network again.           LAN IPv6 Address :         /64           LAN IPv6 Link-Local Address :         FE80::240:F4FF:FE03:1A9C/64
		ADDRESS AUTOCONFIGURATION SETTINGS
		Use this section to setup IPv6 Autoconfiguration to assign IP addresses to the computers on your network.
		Enable Autoconfiguration : 📝
		Autoconfiguration Type : Stateless -
		Router Advertisement Lifetime: 30 (minutes)

#### DHCPv6 (Stateful)

- My IPv6 Connection: Select DHCPv6 from the drop-down menu.
  - IPv6 DNS Settings: Select either Obtain DNS server address automatically or Use the following DNS Address.
- Primary/Secondary Enter the primary and secondary DNS DNS Address: server addresses.
- LAN IPv6 Address: Enter the LAN (local) IPv6 address for the router.
  - LAN Link-Local Displays the Router's LAN Link-Local Address: Address.

**Enable** Check to enable the Autoconfiguration **Autoconfiguration:** feature.

- Autoconfiguration Select Stateful (DHCPv6) or Stateless. Type: Refer to the next page for Stateless.
- **IPv6 Address Range** Enter the start IPv6 Address for the DHCPv6 **Start:** range for your local computers.
- **IPv6 Address Range** Enter the end IPv6 Address for the DHCPv6 **End:** range for your local computers.
- IPv6 Address Lifetime: Enter the IPv6 Address Lifetime (in minutes).

IPv6 CONNECTION TYPE			
Choose the mode to be used by the router to the IPv6 Internet.			
My IPv6 Connection is :	DHCPv6		
IPv6 DNS SETTINGS :			
Obtain DNS server address auto	matically or enter a specific DNS server address.		
۲	Obtain DNS server address automatically		
õ	Use the following DNS address		
Primary DNS Address :			
Secondary DNS Address :			
-			
LAN IPv6 ADDRESS SETTING	6 <b>S</b> :		
	network setings of your router. If you change the LAN IPv6 Address network settings to access the network again.		
LAN IPv6 Address :	/64		
LAN IPv6 Link-Local Address :	FE80::240:F4FF:FE03:1A9C/64		
ADDRESS AUTOCONFIGURAT	TON SETTINGS		
Use this section to setup IPv6 Autoconfi	guration to assign IP addresses to the computers on your network.		
Enable Autoconfiguration :			
Autoconfiguration Type :	Stateful (DHCPv6)		
IPv6 Address Range(Start):	:		
IPv6 Address Range(End):			
IPv6 Address Lifetime:	30 (minutes)		

### DHCPv6 (Stateless)

My IDy6 Connection	Onland DUODec frame that drame design	
Wy IPv6 Connection:	Select <b>DHCPv6</b> from the drop-down menu.	IPv6 CONNECTION TYPE
IPv6 DNS Settings:	Select either Obtain DNS server address automatically or Use the following DNS Address.	Choose the mode to be used by the router to the IPv6 Internet. My IPv6 Connection is : DHCPv6
		IPv6 DNS SETTINGS :
	Enter the primary and secondary DNS server addresses.	Obtain DNS server address automatically or enter a specific DNS server address.
I AN IDVE Address	Enter the LAN (least) IDVC address for the	<ul> <li>Obtain DNS server address automatically</li> </ul>
LAN IFVO AUUIESS.	Enter the LAN (local) IPv6 address for the	C Use the following DNS address
	router.	
		Primary DNS Address :
	Displays the Router's LAN Link-Local Address.	Secondary DNS Address :
		LAN IPv6 ADDRESS SETTINGS :
Enable Autoconfiguration:	Check to enable the Autoconfiguration feature.	Use this section to configure the internal network setings of your router. If you change the LAN IPv6 Address here, you may need to adjust your PC's network settings to access the network again.
Autoconfiguration	Salast <b>Stateless</b> Defer to the provinue page	
_	Select <b>Stateless</b> . Refer to the previous page	LAN IPv6 Address : /64
Type:	for Stateful.	LAN IPv6 Link-Local Address : FE80::218:E7FF:FE6A:182C/64
Poutor Advorticoment	Enter the Douter Adverticement Lifetime (in	
	Enter the Router Advertisement Lifetime (in	ADDRESS AUTOCONFIGURATION SETTINGS
Litetime:	minutes).	Use this section to setup IPv6 Autoconfiguration to assign IP addresses to the computers on your network.
		Enable Autoconfiguration : 🔽
		Autoconfiguration Type : Stateless
		Pouter Advertisement
		Lifetime: 30 (minutes)

#### IPv6 over PPPoE (Stateful)

My IPv6 Connection: Select PPPoE from the drop-down menu.

- **PPPoE:** Enter the PPPoE account settings supplied by your Internet provider (ISP).
- Address Mode: Select Static if your ISP assigned you the IP address, subnet mask, gateway, and DNS server addresses. In most cases, select Dynamic.
  - IP Address: Enter the IP address (Static PPPoE only).

**User Name:** Enter your PPPoE user name.

- **Password:** Enter your PPPoE password and then retype the password in the next box.
- Service Name: Enter the ISP Service Name (optional).

Reconnection Mode: Select either Always-on, On-Demand, or Manual.

- **MTU:** Maximum Transmission Unit you may need to change the MTU for optimal performance with your specific ISP. 1500 is the default MTU.
- Maximum Idle Time: Enter a maximum idle time during which the Internet connection is maintained during inactivity. To disable this feature, enable Auto-reconnect.

IPv6 DNS Settings: Select either Obtain DNS server address automatically or Use the following DNS Address.

**Primary/Secondary DNS** Enter the primary and secondary DNS server addresses. Address:

	IPv6 CONNECTION TYPE	
Choose the mode to be used by the router to the IPv6 Internet.		
My IPv6 Connection is :	PPPoE 💌	
PPPOE :		
IPPPUE :		
Enter the information provided	by your Internet Service Provider (ISP).	
Address Mode		
IP Address :	Oynamic IP     Static IP	
User Name :	0.0.0.0	
Password :		
Passworu : Verify Password :		
•		
Service Name :	(optional)	
Reconnect Mode : Maximum Idle Time :	Always on      On demand      Manual	
	5 (minutes, 0=infinite)	
MTU :	1492 (bytes)	
Obtain DNS server address auto	omatically or enter a specific DNS server address.	
○ ⊙ Primary DNS Address :	Obtain DNS server address automatically Obtain DNS server address automatically Use the following DNS address	
0 •	Obtain DNS server address automatically Use the following DNS address	
Primary DNS Address :     Secondary DNS Address :     LAN IPv6 ADDRESS SETTING Use this section to configure the interna	Obtain DNS server address automatically Use the following DNS address	
Primary DNS Address :     Secondary DNS Address :     LAN IPv6 ADDRESS SETTING Use this section to configure the interna	Obtain DNS server address automatically Use the following DNS address	
Primary DNS Address :     Secondary DNS Address :     LAN IPv6 ADDRESS SETTING Use this section to configure the interna here, you may need to adjust your PC's	Obtain DNS server address automatically         Use the following DNS address         Image: Server addreserver addreserver addreserver address	
Primary DNS Address :     Secondary DNS Address :     LAN IPv6 ADDRESS SETTING Use this section to configure the interna here, you may need to adjust your PC's     LAN IPv6 Address :	Obtain DNS server address automatically         Use the following DNS address         Instruction         35 :         al network settings of your router. If you change the LAN IPv6 Address network settings to access the network again.         2002:0:0001::1       /64         FE80::218:E7FF:FE6A:218E/64	
Primary DNS Address :     Secondary DNS Address :     LAN IPv6 ADDRESS SETTINE Use this section to configure the interma here, you may need to adjust your PC's     LAN IPv6 Address :     LAN IPv6 Link-Local Address :     ADDRESS AUTOCONFIGURAT	Obtain DNS server address automatically         Use the following DNS address         Instruction         35 :         al network settings of your router. If you change the LAN IPv6 Address network settings to access the network again.         2002:0:0001::1       /64         FE80::218:E7FF:FE6A:218E/64	
Primary DNS Address :     Secondary DNS Address :     LAN IPv6 ADDRESS SETTINE Use this section to configure the interma here, you may need to adjust your PCs     LAN IPv6 Address :     LAN IPv6 Address :     LAN IPv6 Link-Local Address :	Obtain DNS server address automatically         Use the following DNS address         Image: Server addres         Image: Server address	
Primary DNS Address :     Secondary DNS Address :     LAN IPv6 ADDRESS SETTINE Use this section to configure the interna here, you may need to adjust your PC's     LAN IPv6 Address :     LAN IPv6 Link-Local Address :     ADDRESS AUTOCONFIGURAT Use this section to setup IPv6 Autoconfigure	Obtain DNS server address automatically         Use the following DNS address         Image: Server addres         Image: Server address	
Primary DNS Address :     Secondary DNS Address :     LAN IPv6 ADDRESS SETTINE Use this section to configure the interna here, you may need to adjust your PC's     LAN IPv6 Address :     LAN IPv6 Link-Local Address :     ADDRESS AUTOCONFIGURAT Use this section to setup IPv6 Autoconfiguration :	Obtain DNS server address automatically         Use the following DNS address         Image: Server address automatically         Image: Server address address         Image: Server address a	
Primary DNS Address :     Secondary DNS Address :     LAN IPv6 ADDRESS SETTING Use this section to configure the interna here, you may need to adjust your PCS     LAN IPv6 Address :     LAN IPv6 Address :     LAN IPv6 Link-Local Address :     ADDRESS AUTOCONFIGURAT Use this section to setup IPv6 Autoconfi Enable Autoconfiguration :     Autoconfiguration Type :	Obtain DNS server address automatically         Use the following DNS address         Instant Settings of your router. If you change the LAN IPv6 Address network settings to access the network again.         2002:0:0:0001::1       /64         FE80::218:E7FF:FE6A:21BE/64         ION SETTINGS         iguration to assign IP addresses to the computers on your network.	

LAN IPv6 Address: Enter the LAN (local) IPv6 address for the router.

- LAN Link-Local Address: Displays the Router's LAN Link-Local Address.
- Enable Autoconfiguration: Check to enable the Autoconfiguration feature.
- Autoconfiguration Type: Select Stateful (DHCPv6) or Stateless. Refer to the next page for Stateless.
- IPv6 Address Range Start: Enter the start IPv6 Address for the DHCPv6 range for your local computers.
- IPv6 Address Range End: Enter the end IPv6 Address for the DHCPv6 range for your local computers.
  - IPv6 Address Lifetime: Enter the IPv6 Address Lifetime (in minutes).

#### IPv6 over PPPoE (Stateless)

My IPv6 Connection: Select PPPoE from the drop-down menu.

- **PPPoE:** Enter the PPPoE account settings supplied by your Internet provider (ISP).
- Address Mode: Select Static if your ISP assigned you the IP address, subnet mask, gateway, and DNS server addresses. In most cases, select Dynamic.
  - **IP Address:** Enter the IP address (Static PPPoE only).
  - User Name: Enter your PPPoE user name.
  - **Password:** Enter your PPPoE password and then retype the password in the next box.
- Service Name: Enter the ISP Service Name (optional).
- Reconnection Mode: Select either Always-on, On-Demand, or Manual.
- **Maximum Idle Time:** Enter a maximum idle time during which the Internet connection is maintained during inactivity. To disable this feature, enable Auto-reconnect.
  - **MTU:** Maximum Transmission Unit you may need to change the MTU for optimal performance with your specific ISP. 1500 is the default MTU.

IPv6 DNS Settings: Select either Obtain DNS server address automatically or Use the following DNS Address.

**Primary/Secondary DNS** Enter the primary and secondary DNS server addresses. Address:

Choose the mode to be used b	y the router to the IPv6 Internet.
My IPv6 Connection is :	PPPoE ▼
PPPOE :	
Enter the information provided	by your Internet Service Provider (ISP).
Address Mode	
IP Address : User Name :	0.0.0.0
Password :	
	••••••
Verify Password : Service Name :	
Reconnect Mode :	(optional)
Maximum Idle Time :	
MTU :	
110.	1492 (bytes)
-	Obtain DNS server address automatically
0	Use the following DNS address
0	Use the following DNS address
Primary DNS Address :	192.168.0.1
0	192.168.0.1
Primary DNS Address :	192.168.0.1           0.0.0.0
Primary DNS Address : Secondary DNS Address : LAN IPv6 ADDRESS SETTING Use this section to configure the interna	192.168.0.1         0.0.0.0         GS :         al network setings of your router. If you change the LAN IPv6 Address
Primary DNS Address : Secondary DNS Address : LAN IPv6 ADDRESS SETTING Use this section to configure the interna	192.168.0.1 0.0.0.0 GS :
Primary DNS Address : Secondary DNS Address : LAN IPv6 ADDRESS SETTING Use this section to configure the interna	192.168.0.1         0.0.0.0         GS :         al network settings of your router. If you change the LAN IPv6 Address network settings to access the network again.
Primary DNS Address : Secondary DNS Address : LAN IPv6 ADDRESS SETTING Use this section to configure the interna here, you may need to adjust your PC's LAN IPv6 Address :	192.168.0.1         0.0.0.0         GS :         al network settings of your router. If you change the LAN IPv6 Address network settings to access the network again.
Primary DNS Address : Secondary DNS Address : LAN IPv6 ADDRESS SETTING Use this section to configure the interna here, you may need to adjust your PC's LAN IPv6 Address : LAN IPv6 Link-Local Address :	192.168.0.1         0.0.0.0         GS :         al network setings of your router. If you change the LAN IPv6 Address         network setings to access the network again.         2002:0:0:0001::1       /64         FE80::240:F4FF:FE03:1A9C/64
Primary DNS Address : Secondary DNS Address : LAN IPv6 ADDRESS SETTING Use this section to configure the interne here, you may need to adjust your PC's LAN IPv6 Address :	192.168.0.1         0.0.0.0         GS :         al network setings of your router. If you change the LAN IPv6 Address         network setings to access the network again.         2002:0:0:0001::1       /64         FE80::240:F4FF:FE03:1A9C/64
Primary DNS Address : Secondary DNS Address : LAN IPv6 ADDRESS SETTING Use this section to configure the interna here, you may need to adjust your PC's LAN IPv6 Address : LAN IPv6 Link-Local Address : ADDRESS AUTOCONFIGURAT	192.168.0.1         0.0.0.0         GS :         al network settings of your router. If you change the LAN IPv6 Address         network settings to access the network again.         2002:0:0:0001::1       /64         FE80::240:F4FF:FE03:1A9C/64
Primary DNS Address : Secondary DNS Address : LAN IPv6 ADDRESS SETTING Use this section to configure the interna here, you may need to adjust your PC's LAN IPv6 Address : LAN IPv6 Link-Local Address : ADDRESS AUTOCONFIGURAT	192.168.0.1         0.0.0.0         GS :         al network setings of your router. If you change the LAN IPv6 Address network settings to access the network again.         2002:0:0:0001::1       /64         FE80::240:F4FF:FE03:1A9C/64         FION SETTINGS         iguration to assign IP addresses to the computers on your network.
Primary DNS Address : Secondary DNS Address : LAN IPv6 ADDRESS SETTING Use this section to configure the interna here, you may need to adjust your PC's LAN IPv6 Address : LAN IPv6 Link-Local Address : ADDRESS AUTOCONFIGURAT Use this section to setup IPv6 Autoconfi	192.168.0.1         0.0.0.0         GS :         al network setings of your router. If you change the LAN IPv6 Address network settings to access the network again.         2002:0:0:0001::1       /64         FE80::240:F4FF:FE03:1A9C/64         FION SETTINGS         iguration to assign IP addresses to the computers on your network.
Primary DNS Address : Secondary DNS Address : LAN IPv6 ADDRESS SETTING Use this section to configure the interna here, you may need to adjust your PC's LAN IPv6 Address : LAN IPv6 Link-Local Address : ADDRESS AUTOCONFIGURAT Use this section to setup IPv6 Autoconfi Enable Autoconfiguration :	192.168.0.1         0.0.0.0         GS :         al network settings of your router. If you change the LAN IPv6 Address         network settings to access the network again.         2002:0:0:0001::1       /64         FE80::240:F4FF:FE03:1A9C/64         FION SETTINGS         iguration to assign IP addresses to the computers on your network.         Image: Stateless

LAN IPv6 Address: Enter the LAN (local) IPv6 address for the router.

LAN Link-Local Address: Displays the Router's LAN Link-Local Address.

Enable Autoconfiguration: Check to enable the Autoconfiguration feature.

Autoconfiguration Type: Select Stateful (DHCPv6) or Stateless.

**Router Advertisement** Enter the Router Advertisement Lifetime (in minutes). Lifetime:

#### 6 to 4 Tunneling (Stateful)

My IPv6 Connection: Select 6 to 4 from the drop-down menu.

- **6 to 4 Settings:** Enter the IPv6 settings supplied by your Internet provider (ISP).
- Primary/Secondary Enter the primary and secondary DNS server DNS Address: addresses.
- LAN IPv6 Address: Enter the LAN (local) IPv6 address for the router.
  - LAN Link-Local Displays the Router's LAN Link-Local Address. Address:

**Enable** Check to enable the Autoconfiguration feature. **Autoconfiguration:** 

- Autoconfiguration Select Stateful (DHCPv6) or Stateless. Refer to Type: the next page for Stateless.
- **IPv6 Address Range** Enter the start IPv6 Address for the DHCPv6 **Start:** range for your local computers.
- **IPv6 Address Range** Enter the end IPv6 Address for the DHCPv6 End: range for your local computers.

IPv6 Address Enter the IPv6 Address Lifetime (in minutes). Lifetime:

IPv6 CONNECTION TYPE			
Choose the mode to be used by the router to the IPv6 Internet.			
My IPv6 Connection is :	6 to 4 👻		
6to4 SETTINGS :			
Enter the IPv6 address information provided by your Internet Service Provider (ISP).			
6to4 Address :	0:0:0:0:0:0:0:0		
Primary DNS Address :			
Secondary DNS Address :			
LAN IPv6 ADDRESS SETTINGS :			
Use this section to configure the internal network setings of your router. If you change the LAN IPv6 Address here, you may need to adjust your PC's network settings to access the network again.			
here, you may need to adjust your PC's			
here, you may need to adjust your PC's LAN IPv6 Address :	network settings to acces		
	2002:0:0: 0001	s the network again.	
LAN IPv6 Address :	network settings to access 2002:0:0:0001 FE80::240:F4FF:FE0	s the network again.	
LAN IPv6 Address : LAN IPv6 Link-Local Address : ADDRESS AUTOCONFIGURAT	network settings to acces 2002:0:0:0001 FE80::240:F4FF:FE0: FION SETTINGS	s the network again. ] ::1/64 3:1A9C/64	
LAN IPv6 Address : LAN IPv6 Link-Local Address : ADDRESS AUTOCONFIGURAT	network settings to acces 2002:0:0:0001 FE80::240:F4FF:FE0: FION SETTINGS	s the network again.	
LAN IPv6 Address : LAN IPv6 Link-Local Address : ADDRESS AUTOCONFIGURAT	network settings to acces 2002:0:0:0001 FE80::240:F4FF:FE0: FION SETTINGS	s the network again. ] ::1/64 3:1A9C/64	
LAN IPv6 Address : LAN IPv6 Link-Local Address : ADDRESS AUTOCONFIGURAT	network settings to access 2002:0:0: 0001 FE80::240:F4FF:FE0: FION SETTINGS	s the network again. ] ::1/64 3:1A9C/64	
LAN IPv6 Address : LAN IPv6 Link-Local Address : ADDRESS AUTOCONFIGURAT Use this section to setup IPv6 Autoconfi Enable Autoconfiguration :	network settings to acces 2002:0:0:0001 FE80::240:F4FF:FE0: FION SETTINGS iguration to assign IP addr	s the network again. ] ::1/64 3:1A9C/64	
LAN IPv6 Address : LAN IPv6 Link-Local Address : ADDRESS AUTOCONFIGURAT Use this section to setup IPv6 Autoconfi Enable Autoconfiguration : Autoconfiguration Type :	network settings to access         2002:0:0: 0001         FE80::240:F4FF:FE0:         FION SETTINGS         iguration to assign IP addr         Image: Stateful (DHCPv6)	esses to the computers on your network.	

## 6 to 4 Tunneling (Stateless)

My IPv6 Connection:	Select 6 to 4 from the drop-down menu.	IPv6 CONNECTION TYPE
6 to 4 Settings:	Enter the IPv6 settings supplied by your Internet provider (ISP).	Choose the mode to be used by the router to the IPv6 Internet. My IPv6 Connection is : 6 to 4
	Enter the primary and secondary DNS server addresses.	6to4 SETTINGS :
	Enter the LAN (local) IPv6 address for the router. Displays the Router's LAN Link-Local	Enter the IPv6 address information provided by your Internet Service Provider (ISP). 6to4 Address : 0:0:0:0:0:0:0:0 Primary DNS Address :
	Address.	Secondary DNS Address : LAN IPv6 ADDRESS SETTINGS :
Enable Autoconfiguration:	Check to enable the Autoconfiguration feature.	Use this section to configure the internal network setings of your router. If you change the LAN IPv6 Address here, you may need to adjust your PC's network settings to access the network again.
Autoconfiguration Type:	Select <b>Stateless</b> . Refer to the previous page for Stateful.	LAN IPv6 Address : 2002:0:0:0001 ::1/64 LAN IPv6 Link-Local Address : FE80::240:F4FF:FE03:1A9C/64
	Enter the Router Advertisement Lifetime (in minutes).	ADDRESS AUTOCONFIGURATION SETTINGS Use this section to setup IPv6 Autoconfiguration to assign IP addresses to the computers on your network.
		Enable Autoconfiguration : Autoconfiguration Type : Stateless  Router Advertisement Lifetime: 30 (minutes)

## IPv6 in IPv4 Tunneling (Stateful)

Wy IPv6 Connection:	Select <b>IPv6 in IPv4 Tunnel</b> from the drop-down menu.	IPv6 CONNECTION TYPE	
		Choose the mode to be used b	y the router to the IPv6 Internet.
	Enter the settings supplied by your Internet provider (ISP).	My IPv6 Connection is :	IPv6 in IPv4 Tunnel 👻
LAN IPv6 Address:	Enter the LAN (local) IPv6 address for the router.	IPv6 in IPv4 TUNNEL SETTI	
		Enter the IPv6 in IPv4 Tunnel i	nformation provided by your Tunnel Broker.
	Displays the Router's LAN Link-Local Address.	Remote IPv4 Address :	
Auuress.	Address.	Remote IPv6 Address :	
Fnahle	Check to enable the Autoconfiguration	Local IPv4 Address :	
Autoconfiguration:		Local IPv6 Address :	
natooonngarationi		Primary DNS Address :	
•	Select <b>Stateful</b> . Refer to the previous page for	Secondary DNS Address :	
Type:	Stateful.	LAN IPv6 ADDRESS SETTIN	66 •
IDv6 Address Dongs	Estantia start ID-0 Address for the DUOD-0		
•···	Enter the start IPv6 Address for the DHCPv6 range for your local computers.	Use this section to configure the intern	al network setings of your router. If you change the LAN IPv6 Address s network settings to access the network again.
•···		Use this section to configure the intern	
Start: IPv6 Address Range	range for your local computers. Enter the end IPv6 Address for the DHCPv6	Use this section to configure the intern here, you may need to adjust your PC's LAN IPv6 Address :	network settings to access the network again.
Start: IPv6 Address Range	range for your local computers.	Use this section to configure the intern here, you may need to adjust your PC's LAN IPv6 Address :	network settings to access the network again.
Start: IPv6 Address Range End:	range for your local computers. Enter the end IPv6 Address for the DHCPv6 range for your local computers.	Use this section to configure the intern here, you may need to adjust your PC's LAN IPv6 Address :	retwork settings to access the network again. /64 FE80::240:F4FF:FE03:1A9C/64
Start: IPv6 Address Range End: Pv6 Address	range for your local computers. Enter the end IPv6 Address for the DHCPv6	Use this section to configure the intern here, you may need to adjust your PC's LAN IPv6 Address : LAN IPv6 Link-Local Address : ADDRESS AUTOCONFIGURA	retwork settings to access the network again. /64 FE80::240:F4FF:FE03:1A9C/64
Start: IPv6 Address Range End: Pv6 Address	range for your local computers. Enter the end IPv6 Address for the DHCPv6 range for your local computers. Enter the Router Advertisement Lifetime (in	Use this section to configure the interm here, you may need to adjust your PC's LAN IPv6 Address : LAN IPv6 Link-Local Address : ADDRESS AUTOCONFIGURA Use this section to setup IPv6 Autoconf	FE80::240:F4FF:FE03:1A9C/64 FE80 SETTINGS iguration to assign IP addresses to the computers on your network.
Start: IPv6 Address Range End: Pv6 Address	range for your local computers. Enter the end IPv6 Address for the DHCPv6 range for your local computers. Enter the Router Advertisement Lifetime (in	Use this section to configure the interm here, you may need to adjust your PC's LAN IPv6 Address : LAN IPv6 Link-Local Address : ADDRESS AUTOCONFIGURA Use this section to setup IPv6 Autoconf Enable Autoconfiguration :	IN SETTINGS
Start: IPv6 Address Range End: Pv6 Address	range for your local computers. Enter the end IPv6 Address for the DHCPv6 range for your local computers. Enter the Router Advertisement Lifetime (in	Use this section to configure the interm here, you may need to adjust your PC's LAN IPv6 Address : LAN IPv6 Link-Local Address : ADDRESS AUTOCONFIGURA Use this section to setup IPv6 Autoconf	IN SETTINGS
Start: IPv6 Address Range End: Pv6 Address	range for your local computers. Enter the end IPv6 Address for the DHCPv6 range for your local computers. Enter the Router Advertisement Lifetime (in	Use this section to configure the intern here, you may need to adjust your PC's LAN IPv6 Address : LAN IPv6 Link-Local Address : ADDRESS AUTOCONFIGURA Use this section to setup IPv6 Autoconf Enable Autoconfiguration : Autoconfiguration Type :	IN SETTINGS
Start: IPv6 Address Range End: Pv6 Address	range for your local computers. Enter the end IPv6 Address for the DHCPv6 range for your local computers. Enter the Router Advertisement Lifetime (in	Use this section to configure the interm here, you may need to adjust your PC's LAN IPv6 Address : LAN IPv6 Link-Local Address : ADDRESS AUTOCONFIGURA Use this section to setup IPv6 Autoconfiguration : Enable Autoconfiguration : Autoconfiguration Type : IPv6 Address Range(Start):	in etwork settings to access the network again. /64 FE80::240:F4FF:FE03:1A9C/64 Figuration to assign IP addresses to the computers on your network. Stateful (DHCPv6) -

#### IPv6 in IPv4 Tunneling (Stateless)

My IPv6 Connection:	Select <b>IPv6 in IPv4 Tunnel</b> from the drop-down menu.	IPv6 CONNECTION TYPE	
	Enter the settings supplied by your Internet provider (ISP).	Choose the mode to be used b My IPv6 Connection is :	y the router to the IPv6 Internet. IPv6 in IPv4 Tunnel 👻
LAN IPv6 Address:	Enter the LAN (local) IPv6 address for the router.	IPv6 in IPv4 TUNNEL SETTIN Enter the IPv6 in IPv4 Tunnel i	NGS : nformation provided by your Tunnel Broker.
	Displays the Router's LAN Link-Local Address.	Remote IPv4 Address : Remote IPv6 Address :	
Enable Autoconfiguration:	Check to enable the Autoconfiguration feature.	Local IPv4 Address : Local IPv6 Address : Primary DNS Address :	
•	Select <b>Stateful (DHCPv6)</b> or <b>Stateless</b> . Refer to the next page for Stateless.	Secondary DNS Address :	GS:
IPv6 Address Lifetime:	Enter the IPv6 Address Lifetime (in minutes).	Use this section to configure the interna	al network setings of your router. If you change the LAN IPv6 Address a network settings to access the network again.
		LAN IPv6 Address : LAN IPv6 Link-Local Address :	/64 FE80::240:F4FF:FE03:1A9C/64
		ADDRESS AUTOCONFIGURAT	TION SETTINGS
		Enable Autoconfiguration : Autoconfiguration Type :	
		Router Advertisement Lifetime:	30 (minutes)

## Stateless Autoconfiguration (Stateless)

My IPv6 Connection:	Select <b>Stateless Autoconfiguration</b> from the drop-down menu.	IPv6 CONNECTION TYPE
IPv6 DNS Settings:	Enter the settings supplied by your Internet provider (ISP).	Choose the mode to be used by the router to the IPv6 Internet. My IPv6 Connection is : Stateless Autoconfiguration
LAN IPv6 Address:	Enter the LAN (local) IPv6 address for the router.	IPv6 DNS SETTINGS :
LAN Link-Local Address:	Displays the Router's LAN Link-Local Address.	Obtain DNS server address automatically or enter a specific DNS server address. Primary DNS Address : Secondary DNS Address :
	Check to enable the Autoconfiguration feature.	LAN IPv6 ADDRESS SETTINGS :
Туре:	Select <b>Stateless</b> . Refer to the previous page for Stateful.	Use this section to configure the internal network setings of your router. If you change the LAN IPv6 Address here, you may need to adjust your PC's network settings to access the network again.          LAN IPv6 Address :       /64         LAN IPv6 Link-Local Address :       FE80::218:E7FF:FE6A:21BE/64
	Enter the Router Advertisement Lifetime (in minutes).	ADDRESS AUTOCONFIGURATION SETTINGS
		Use this section to setup IPv6 Autoconfiguration to assign IP addresses to the computers on your network.
		Enable Autoconfiguration : Autoconfiguration Type : Stateless Router Advertisement Lifetime: 30 (minutes)

#### Stateless Autoconfiguration (Stateful)

My IPv6 Connection:	Select <b>Stateless Autoconfiguration</b> from the drop-down menu.	IPv6 CONNECTION TYPE
IPv6 DNS Settings:	Enter the settings supplied by your Internet provider (ISP).	Choose the mode to be used by the router to the IPv6 Internet. My IPv6 Connection is : Stateless Autoconfiguration 🗸
LAN IPv6 Address:	Enter the LAN (local) IPv6 address for the router.	IPv6 DNS SETTINGS : Obtain DNS server address automatically or enter a specific DNS server address.
	Displays the Router's LAN Link-Local Address.	Primary DNS Address : Secondary DNS Address :
Enable Autoconfiguration:	Check to enable the Autoconfiguration feature.	LAN IPv6 ADDRESS SETTINGS :
•	Select <b>Stateful</b> . Refer to the previous page for Stateful.	Use this section to configure the internal network setings of your router. If you change the LAN IPv6 Address here, you may need to adjust your PC's network settings to access the network again.
	Enter the start IPv6 Address for the DHCPv6 range for your local computers.	LAN IPv6 Link-Local Address : FE80::218:E7FF:FE6A:21BE/64
IPv6 Address Range	Enter the end IPv6 Address for the DHCPv6 range for your local computers.	ADDRESS AUTOCONFIGURATION SETTINGS Use this section to setup IPv6 Autoconfiguration to assign IP addresses to the computers on your network.
	Enter the Router Advertisement Lifetime (in minutes).	Enable Autoconfiguration :       Image: Configuration Type :         Autoconfiguration Type :       Stateful (DHCPv6)         IPv6 Address Range(Start):
		IPv6 Address Range(End): :: IPv6 Address Lifetime: 30 (minutes)

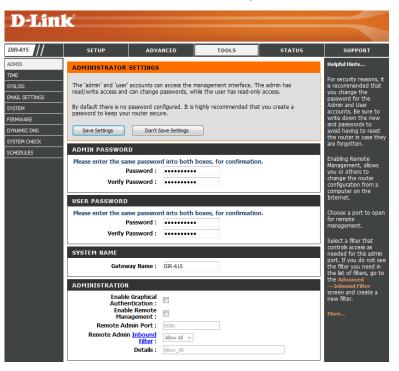
## **Administrator Settings**

This page will allow you to change the Administrator and User passwords. You can also enable Remote Management. There are two accounts that can access the management interface through the web browser. The accounts are admin and user. Admin has read/write access while user has read-only access. User can only view the settings but cannot make any changes. Only the admin account has the ability to change both admin and user account passwords.

- Admin Password: Enter a new password for the Administrator Login Name. The administrator can make changes to the settings.
  - **User Password:** Enter the new password for the User login. If you login as the User, you can only see the settings, but cannot change them.

Gateway Name: Enter a name for the DIR-615 router.

- **Enable Graphical** Enables a challenge-response test to require users to type letters **Authentication:** or numbers from a distorted image displayed on the screen to prevent online hackers and unauthorized users from gaining access to your router's network settings.
  - Enable HTTPS Check to enable HTTPS to connect to the router securely. Server:
  - Enable Remote Remote management allows the DIR-615 to be configured from Management: the Internet by a web browser. A username and password is still required to access the Web-Management interface. In general, only a member of your network can browse the built-in web pages to perform Administrator tasks. This feature enables you to perform Administrator tasks from the remote (Internet) host. The port number used to access the DIR-615.

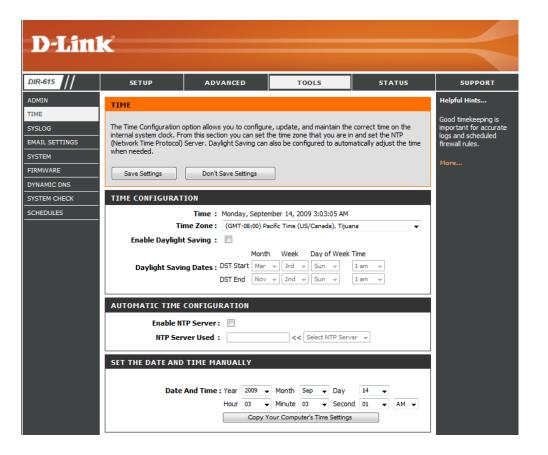


- Remote Admin Example: http://x.x.x.x8080 whereas x.x.x.x is the Internet IP address of the DIR-615 and 8080 is the port used for the Inbound Filter: Web Management interface. If you have enabled HTTPS Server and checked Use HTTPS, you must enter https:// as part of the URL to access the router remotely.
  - **Details:** This section will list any rules that are created. You may click the **Edit** icon to change the settings or enable/disable the rule, or click the **Delete** icon to remove the rule.

## **Time Settings**

The Time Configuration option allows you to configure, update, and maintain the correct time on the internal system clock. From this section you can set the time zone that you are in and set the Time Server. Daylight Saving can also be configured to automatically adjust the time when needed.

- Time Zone: Select the Time Zone from the drop-down menu.
  - Daylight To select Daylight Saving time manually, selectSaving: enabled or disabled, and enter a start date and an end date for daylight saving time.
- Enable NTP NTP is short for Network Time Protocol. NTP Server: synchronizes computer clock times in a network of computers. Check this box to use a NTP server. This will only connect to a server on the Internet, not a local server.
- **NTP Server** Enter the NTP server or select one from the **Used:** drop-down menu.
  - Manual: To manually input the time, enter the values in these fields for the Year, Month, Day, Hour, Minute, and Second and then click Set Time. You can also click Copy Your Computer's Time Settings.

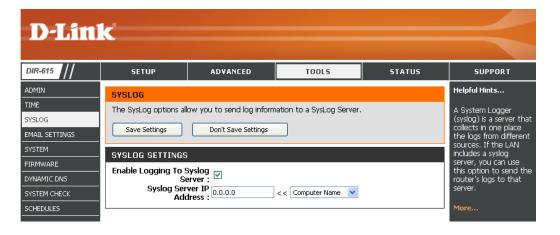


# SysLog

The Broadband Router keeps a running log of events and activities occurring on the Router. You may send these logs to a SysLog server on your network.

Enable Logging to Check this box to send the router logs to a SysLog Server: SysLog Server.

SysLog Server IP The address of the SysLog server that will be Address: used to send the logs. You may also select your computer from the drop-down menu (only if receiving an IP address from the router via DHCP).



# **E-mail Settings**

The Email feature can be used to send the system log files, router alert messages, and firmware update notification to your e-mail address.

- **Enable Email** When this option is enabled, router activity logs **Notification:** are e-mailed to a designated e-mail address.
  - **From Email** This e-mail address will appear as the sender **Address:** when you receive a log file or firmware upgrade notification via e-mail.
- To Email Address: Enter the e-mail address where you want the e-mail sent.
  - SMTP Server Enter the SMTP server address for sending Address: e-mail. If your SMTP server requires authentication, select this option.

**Enable** Check this box if your SMTP server requires **Authentication:** authentication.

- Account Name: Enter your account for sending e-mail.
  - **Password:** Enter the password associated with the account. Re-type the password associated with the account.
  - **On Log Full:** When this option is selected, logs will be sent via e-mail when the log is full.
  - **On Schedule:** Selecting this option will send the logs via e-mail according to schedule.
- **D-Link** DIR-615 SETUP ADVANCED TOOLS STATUS SUPPORT ADMIN Helpful Hints.. EMAIL SETTINGS TIME The Email feature can be used to send the system log files, router alert messages, and firmware You may want to update notification to your email address. SYSLOG make the email settings similar to EMAIL SETTINGS hose of your email Don't Save Settings Save Settings client program. SYSTEM IRMWARE ENABLE More. DYNAMIC DNS Enable Email Notification : SYSTEM CHECK SCHEDULES EMAIL SETTINGS From Email Address : To Email Address : SMTP Server Address : Enable Authentication : Account Name : user Password : .... Verify Password : •••• EMAIL LOG WHEN FULL OR ON SCHEDULE On Log Full : On Schedule : Schedule : Never -Details : Never

**Schedule:** This option is enabled when On Schedule is selected. You can select a schedule from the list of defined schedules. To create a schedule, go to **Tools > Schedules**.

#### **System Settings**

Save Settings Use this option to save the current router to Local Hard configuration settings to a file on the hard disk Drive: of the computer you are using. First, click the Save button. You will then see a file dialog, where you can select a location and file name for the settings.

Load Settings Use this option to load previously saved from Local router configuration settings. First, use the Hard Drive: Browse control to find a previously save file of configuration settings. Then, click the Load button to transfer those settings to the router.

Restore to This option will restore all configuration settings Factory Default back to the settings that were in effect at the Settings: time the router was shipped from the factory. Any settings that have not been saved will be lost, including any rules that you have created. If you want to save the current router configuration settings, use the Save button above.

Reboot Device: Click to reboot the router.

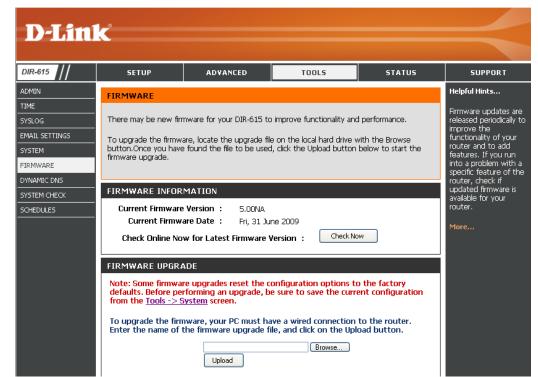
<b>D</b> -Linl	ĸ					$ \prec$
DIR-615	SETUP	ADVA	NCED	TOOLS	STATUS	SUPPORT
ADMIN	SYSTEM SETTINGS					Helpful Hints
TIME SYSLOG EMAIL SETTINGS SYSTEM FIRMWARE	factorý default settings including any rules that The current system se	s. Restoring ti : you have cre ttings can be	he unit to th eated. saved as a f	ot the device, or restore le factory default settings ille onto the local hard driv an be uploaded into the u	: will erase all settings, /e. The saved file or	Once your router is configured the way you want it, you can save the configuration settings to a configuration file.
DYNAMIC DNS						You might need this file so that you can load your configuration
SYSTEM CHECK	SYSTEM SETTINGS					later in the event that the router's default
	Save Settings To I	ocal Hard. Drive:	Save Co	nfiguration		settings are restored.
	Load Settings F H	rom Local Iard Drive:	Resto	Browse re Configuration from File		To save the configuration, click the Save Configuration button.
	Restore To Facto	Sottings:		Factory Defaults	faults	More
	Reboot th	ie Device :	Reboot t	he Device		

#### **Update Firmware**

You can upgrade the firmware of the Router here. Make sure the firmware you want to use is on the local hard drive of the computer. Click on **Browse** to locate the firmware file to be used for the update. Please check the D-Link support site for firmware updates at http://support.dlink.com. You can download firmware upgrades to your hard drive from the D-Link support site.

Firmaware Click on Check Online Now for Latest Information: Firmware Version to find out if there is an updated firmware; if so, download the new firmware to your hard drive.

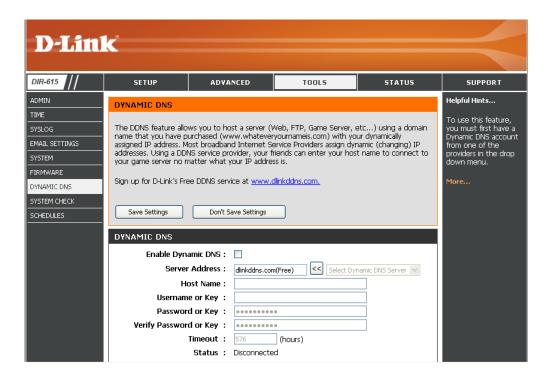
Firmware After you have downloaded the new firmware, Upgrade: click Browse to locate the firmware update on your hard drive. Click Upload to complete the firmware upgrade.



#### DDNS

The DDNS feature allows you to host a server (Web, FTP, Game Server, etc...) using a domain name that you have purchased (www.whateveryournameis.com) with your dynamically assigned IP address. Most broadband Internet Service Providers assign dynamic (changing) IP addresses. Using a DDNS service provider, your friends can enter in your domain name to connect to your server no matter what your IP address is.

- **DDNS:** Dynamic Domain Name System is a method of keeping a domain name linked to a changing IP Address. Check the box to enable DDNS.
- Server Address: Choose your DDNS provider from the drop down menu.
  - Host Name: Enter the Host Name that you registered with your DDNS service provider.
- Username or Key: Enter the Username for your DDNS account.
- Password or Key: Enter the Password for your DDNS account.
  - Timeout: Enter a time (in hours).
    - Status: Displays the current connection status to your DDNS server.



#### System Check

- **Ping Test:** The Ping Test is used to send Ping packets to test if a computer is on the Internet. Enter the IP Address that you wish to Ping, and click **Ping**.
- **Ping Results:** The results of your ping attempts will be displayed here.

<b>D-Lin</b>	k				$\prec$	
DIR-615	SETUP	ADVANCED	TOOLS	STATUS	SUPPORT	
ADMIN TIME	PING TEST				Helpful Hints	
SYSLOG	Ping Test sends "ping	" packets to test a compu	ter on the Internet.		"Ping" checks whether a computer on the Internet is running and	
EMAIL SETTINGS SYSTEM	PING TEST				responding. Enter either the IP address of the target	
FIRMWARE DYNAMIC DNS	Host Nam	e or IP Address :		ping	computer or enter its fully qualified domain name.	
SYSTEM CHECK	IPv6 PING TEST				More	
SCHEDULES	Host Nam	ne or IPv6 Address :		ping		
	PING RESULT					

#### Schedules

- Name: Enter a name for your new schedule.
- **Days:** Select a day, a range of days, or All Week to include every day.
- Time: Check All Day 24hrs or enter a start and end time for your schedule.
- Save: Click Save to save your schedule. You must click Save Settings at the top for your schedules to go into effect.
- Schedule Rules The list of schedules will be listed here. Click List: the Edit icon to make changes or click the Delete icon to remove the schedule.

<b>D-Lin</b>	k				$\prec$	
DIR-615	SETUP	ADVANCED	TOOLS	STATUS	SUPPORT	
	SCHEDULES				Helpful Hints	
TIME SYSLOG EMAIL SETTINGS	The Schedule configur parental control featur	ation option is used to ma es.	nage schedule rules for v	arious firewall and	Schedules are used with a number of other features to define when those	
SYSTEM FIRMWARE	Save Settings	Don't Save Settings			features are in effect. Give each schedule a	
DYNAMIC DNS	10 - ADD SCHEDU	JLE RULE			name that is meaningful to you. For example, a schedule	
SCHEDULES	Nam Day(s	s): 💿 All Week 🔘 S	elect Day(s)	🗌 Fri 🗌 Sat	for Monday through Friday from 3:00pm to 9:00pm, might be called "After School".	
	All Day - 24 hı Start Tim End Tim	e: 12: 00 AM	,,,		Click <b>Save</b> to add a completed schedule to the list below. Click the <b>Edit</b> icon to	
	SCHEDULE RULES	LIST :			change an existing schedule.	
	Name :	Day(s	): Tim	e Frame :	Click the <b>Delete</b> icon to permanently delete a schedule.	

#### **Device Information**

This page displays the current information for the DIR-615. It will display the LAN, WAN (Internet), and Wireless information.

If your Internet connection is set up for a Dynamic IP address then a **Release** button and a **Renew** button will be displayed. Use **Release** to disconnect from your ISP and use **Renew** to connect to your ISP.

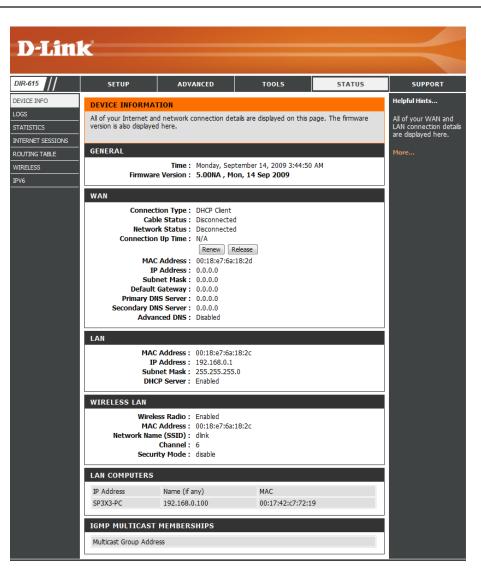
If your Internet connection is set up for PPPoE, a **Connect** button and a **Disconnect** button will be displayed. Use **Disconnect** to drop the PPPoE connection and use **Connect** to establish the PPPoE connection.

See the following page for more information.

<b>D-Lin</b>	k				$\leq$
DIR-615	SETUP	ADVANCED	TOOLS	STATUS	SUPPORT
DEVICE INFO	DEVICE INFORMA	TION			Helpful Hints
LOGS	All of your Internet an	nd network connection de	etails are displayed on this	page. The firmware	All of your WAN and
STATISTICS	version is also displaye	d here.			LAN connection det are displayed here.
INTERNET SESSIONS	GENERAL				More
WIRELESS	-	Time : Monday, Se	ptember 14, 2009 3:43:1	I A AM	Horein
IPV6	Firmwar	e Version : 5.00NA , M			
	WAN				
		tion Type : DHCP Client			
		le Status : Disconnecte			
		rk Status : Disconnecte	20		
	Connection	n Up Time: N/A	Release		
		C Address : 00:18:e7:6a P Address : 0.0.0.0	3:18:20		
		net Mask : 0.0.0.0			
		Gateway: 0.0.0.0			
		NS Server: 0.0.0.0			
		NS Server : 0.0.0.0			
	Adva	nced DNS : Disabled			
	LAN				
	MAC	Address : 00:18:e7:6a	:18:2c		
	IP	Address : 192.168.0.1	l		
		net Mask : 255.255.25	5.0		
	DHO	CP Server : Enabled			
	WIRELESS LAN				
	Wirele	ess Radio : Enabled			
		Address : 00:18:e7:6a	:18:2c		
	Network Nan	ne (SSID): dlink			
		Channel: 6			
	Secur	ity Mode: disable			

General: Displays the router's time and firmware version.

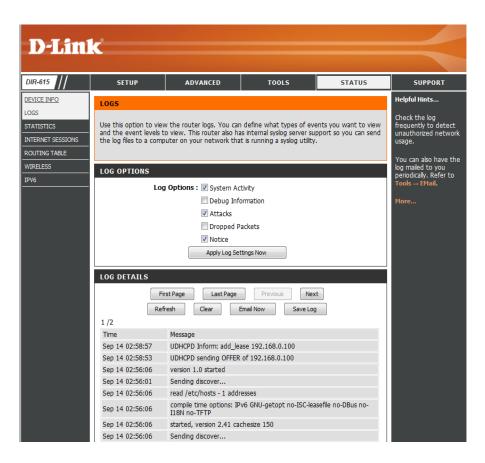
- **WAN:** Displays the MAC address and the public IP settings for the router.
- LAN: Displays the MAC address and the private (local) IP settings for the router.
- Wireless LAN: Displays the wireless MAC address and your wireless settings such as SSID and Channel.
- LAN Computers: Displays computers and devices that are connected to the router via Ethernet and that are receiving an IP address assigned by the router (DHCP).
- **IGMP Multicast** Displays the Multicast Group IP Address. **Memberships:**



### Log

The router automatically logs (records) events of possible interest in it's internal memory. If there isn't enough internal memory for all events, logs of older events are deleted but logs of the latest events are retained. The Logs option allows you to view the router logs. You can define what types of events you want to view and the level of the events to view. This router also has external Syslog Server support so you can send the log files to a computer on your network that is running a Syslog utility.

- What to View: You can select the types of messages that you want to display from the log. Firewall & Security, System, and Router Status messages can be selected.
- View Levels: There are three levels of message importance: Informational, Warning, and Critical. Select the levels that you want displayed in the log.
  - **Apply Log** Will filter the log results so that only the selected **Settings:** options appear.
    - **Refresh:** Updates the log details on the screen so it displays any recent activity.
      - Clear: Clears all of the log contents.
- **Email Now:** This option will send a copy of the router log to the e-mail address configured in the **Tools > Email Settings** screen.
- **Save Log:** This option will save the router to a log file on your computer.



#### **Statistics**

The screen below displays the Traffic Statistics. Here you can view the amount of packets that pass through the DIR-615 on both the Internet and the LAN ports. The traffic counter will reset if the device is rebooted.

D-Lini	K				
DIR-615	SETUP	ADVANCED	TOOLS	STATUS	SUPPORT
DEVICE INFO LOGS STATISTICS INTERNET SESSIONS ROUTING TABLE WIRELESS IPV6	TRAFFIC STATISTI         Traffic Statistics display         Refresh Statistics         LAN STATISTICS         Sent : 1         TX Packets         Dropped : 0	Receive and Transmit pad	ckets passing through you Received : 2727 RX Packets Dropped : <sup>0</sup>		Helpful Hints This is a summary of the number of packets that have passed between the WAN and the LAN since the router was last initialized. More
	Collisions : 0 WAN STATISTICS Sent : 0 TX Packets Dropped : Collisions : 0 WIRELESS STATIS	1	Errors : 0 Received : 0 RX Packets Dropped : 0 Errors : 0		
	Sent:0 TX Packets Dropped:7		Received : 0 RX Packets Dropped : Errors : 0		

#### **Internet Sessions**

The Internet Sessions page displays full details of active Internet sessions through your router. An Internet session is a conversation between a program or application on a LAN-side computer and a program or application on a WAN-side computer.

- **Local:** The IP address and, where appropriate, port number of the local application.
- **NAT:** The port number of the LAN-side application as viewed by the WAN-side application.
- **Internet:** The IP address and, where appropriate, port number of the application on the Internet.
- **Protocol:** The communications protocol used for the conversation.
  - **State:** State for sessions that use the TCP protocol:

**D-Link** DIR-615 SETUP ADVANCED TOOLS STATUS SUPPORT DEVICE INFO Helpful Hints... INTERNET SESSIONS This is a list of all active This page displays the full details of active sessions to your router conversations oetween WAN INTERNET SESSIONS computers and LAN computers. ROUTING TABLE INTERNET SESSIONS WIRELESS Local NAT Internet Protocol State Dir Time Out IPV6

NO: None -- This entry is used as a placeholder for a future connection that may occur.
SS: SYN Sent -- One of the systems is attempting to start a connection.
EST: Established -- the connection is passing data.
FW: FIN Wait -- The client system has requested that the connection be stopped.
CW: Close Wait -- The server system has requested that the connection be stopped.
TW: Time Wait -- Waiting for a short time while a connection that was in FIN Wait is fully closed.
LA: Last ACK -- Waiting for a short time while a connection that was in Close Wait is fully closed.
CL: Closed -- The connection is no longer active but the session is being tracked in case there are any retransmitted packets still pending.

Dir: The direction of initiation of the conversation:

**Out** - Initiated from LAN to WAN. **In** - Initiated from WAN to LAN.

- **Priority:** The preference given to outbound packets of this conversation by the QoS Engine logic. Smaller numbers represent higher priority.
- **Time Out:** The number of seconds of idle time until the router considers the session terminated. The initial value of Time Out depends on the type and state of the connection.

300 seconds - UDP connections.

**240 seconds** - Reset or closed TCP connections. The connection does not close instantly so that lingering packets can pass or the connection can be re-established.

7800 seconds - Established or closing TCP connections.

#### **Routing Table**

This page displays the routing details configured for your router.

<b>D</b> -Lin	<u>_</u>						
DIR-615	SETUP	ADVANCED		TOOLS		STATUS	s
DEVICE INFO	ROUTING						
LOGS							
STATISTICS	Routing Table						
INTERNET SESSIONS	This page displays the	routing details conf	iaured for vou	r router.			
ROUTING TABLE		2	2				
WIRELESS							
IPV6	ROUTING TABLE						
	Destination IP	Netmask	Gateway	Metric	Interface	Creator	
	192.168.0.0	255.255.255.0	0.0.0.0	0	LAN	System	
	239.0.0.0	255.0.0.0	0.0.0.0	0	LAN	System	

#### Wireless

The wireless client table displays a list of current connected wireless clients. This table also displays the connection time and MAC address of the connected wireless clients.

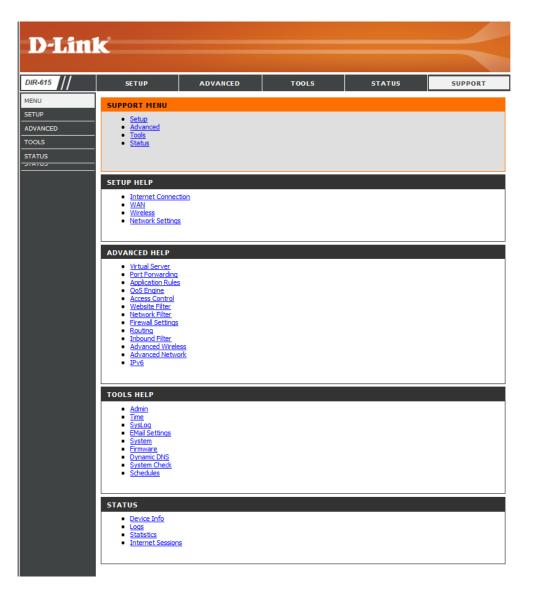
<b>D-Lin</b>	°						
IR-615	SETUP	ADVANCED	TOOLS	STATUS	SUPPORT		
VICE INFO	WIRELESS				Helpful Hints		
TATISTICS	Use this option to viev	v the wireless clients that	are connected to y	our wireless router.	This is a list of all wireless clients that are currently connected to your		
OUTING TABLE	NUMBER OF WIRE	LESS CLIENTS : O			wireless router.		
VIRELESS	MAC Address	IP Address	Mode Rat	e Signal(%)	More		

#### IPv6

This screen will display all of your IPv6 internet and network connection details are displayed on this page.

<b>D-Lin</b>	k				$\prec$
DIR-615	SETUP	ADVANCED	TOOLS	STATUS	SUPPORT
DEVICE INFO LOGS STATISTICS INTERNET SESSIONS		rnet and network connectio	n details are displayed on t	this page.	
ROUTING TABLE		ection Type : Link Local cal Address : fe80::218:e7	'ff:fe6a:182c/64		
IPV6	LAN IPv6 Comp	uters			
	Name (if any)	MAC 00:17:42:c7:72:19	IPv6 Address fe80::fda2:ed33:a577	:d840	

#### Support



# **Wireless Security**

This section will show you the different levels of security you can use to protect your data from intruders. The DIR-615 offers the following types of security:

- WPA2 (Wi-Fi Protected Access 2)
- WPA (Wi-Fi Protected Access)

- WPA2-PSK(Pre-Shared Key)
- WPA-PSK (Pre-Shared Key)

### What is WPA?

WPA, or Wi-Fi Protected Access, is a Wi-Fi standard that was designed to improve the security features of WEP (Wired Equivalent Privacy).

The 2 major improvements over WEP:

- Improved data encryption through the Temporal Key Integrity Protocol (TKIP). TKIP scrambles the keys using a hashing algorithm and, by adding an integrity-checking feature, ensures that the keys haven't been tampered with. WPA2 is based on 802.11i and uses Advanced Encryption Standard (AES) instead of TKIP.
- User authentication, which is generally missing in WEP, through the extensible authentication protocol (EAP). WEP regulates access to a wireless network based on a computer's hardware-specific MAC address, which is relatively simple to be sniffed out and stolen. EAP is built on a more secure public-key encryption system to ensure that only authorized network users can access the network.

WPA-PSK/WPA2-PSK uses a passphrase or key to authenticate your wireless connection. The key is an alpha-numeric password between 8 and 63 characters long. The password can include symbols (!?\*&\_) and spaces. This key must be the exact same key entered on your wireless router or access point.

WPA/WPA2 incorporates user authentication through the Extensible Authentication Protocol (EAP). EAP is built on a more secure public key encryption system to ensure that only authorized network users can access the network.

### **Wireless Network Setup Wizard**

To run the security wizard, browse to the Setup page and then click the Wireless Network Setup Wizard button.



Enter the SSID (Service Set Identifier). The SSID is the name of your wireless network. Create a name using up to 32 characters. The SSID is case-sensitive. Select Automatically and click **Next**.

N	etwork Name (SSID) : dlink
<ul> <li>Ai</li> </ul>	utomatically assign a network key (Recommended)
	p prevent outsiders from accessing your network, the router will automatically assign a security (also called EP or WPA key) to your network.
О М	anually assign a network key
U:	se this options if you prefer to create our own key. se WPA encryption instead of WEP(WPA is stronger than WEP and all D-Link wireless client adapters ipport WPA)

Once this screen appears, the setup is complete. You will be given a detailed summary of your wireless security settings. Click **Save** to continue.

SETUP COMPLETE!	
	your wireless security settings. Please print this page out, or write the , so you can configure the correct settings on your wireless client
Wireless Network Name :	dlink
Wep Key Length :	128 bits
Default WEP Key to Use :	1
Authentication :	Open
Wep Key :	64e3d1782085aedb4a47e30995
	Prev Save Cancel

Enter the SSID (Service Set Identifier). The SSID is the name of your wireless network. Create a name using up to 32 characters. The SSID is case-sensitive. Select Manually and click on **Next**.

	Network Name (SSID) : dlink
0	) Automatically assign a network key (Recommended)
	To prevent outsiders from accessing your network, the router will automatically assign a security (also caller WEP or WPA key) to your network.
۲	) Manually assign a network key
	Use this options if you prefer to create our own key.
	Use WPA encryption instead of WEP(WPA is stronger than WEP and all D-Link wireless client adapters support WPA)

Select a wireless security password. It must be exactly 5 or 13 characters. It must also be exactly 10 or 26 characters using 0-9 and A-F. Click **Next** to continue.

STEP 2: SET YOUR WIRELESS SECURITY PASSWORD
You have selected your security level - you will need to set a wireless security password.
The WEP (Wired Equivalent Privacy) key must meet one of following guildelines:
- Exactly 5 or 13 characters
- Exactly 10 or 26 characters using 0-9 and A-F
A longer WEP key is more secure than a short one
Wireless Security Password :
Note: You will need to enter the same password as keyed in this step into your wireless clients in order to enable proper wireless communication.
Prev Next Cancel

Your Setup is complete. You will be given a detailed summary of your wireless security settings. Click **Save** to finish the Security Wizard.

ETUP COMPLETE!
elow is a detailed summary of your wireless security settings. Please print this page out, or write the formation on a piece of paper, so you can configure the correct settings on your wireless client lapters.
Wireless Network Name : dlink
Wep Key Length : 64 bits
Default WEP Key to Use: 1
Authentication : Open
Wep Key : 111111111
Prev Save Cancel

### Add Wireless Device with WPS Wizard

From the Setup > Wireless Settings screen, click Add Wireless Device with WPS.

ADD WIRELESS DEVICE WITH WPS (WI-FI PROTECTED SETUP) WIZARD
This wizard is designed to assist you in connecting your wireless device to your router. It will guide you through step-by-step instructions on how to get your wireless device connected. Click the button below to begin.
Add Wireless Device with WPS

Select **Auto** to add a wireless client using WPS (Wi-Fi Protected Setup). Once you select **Auto** and click **Connect**, you will have a 120 second time limit to apply the settings to your wireless client(s) and successfully establish a connection.

If you select **Manual**, a settings summary screen will appear. Write down the security key and enter this on your wireless clients.

**PIN:** Select this option to use PIN method. In order to use this method you must know the wireless client's 8 digit PIN and click **Connect**.

**PBC:** Select this option to use PBC (Push Button) method to add a wireless client. Click **Connect**.

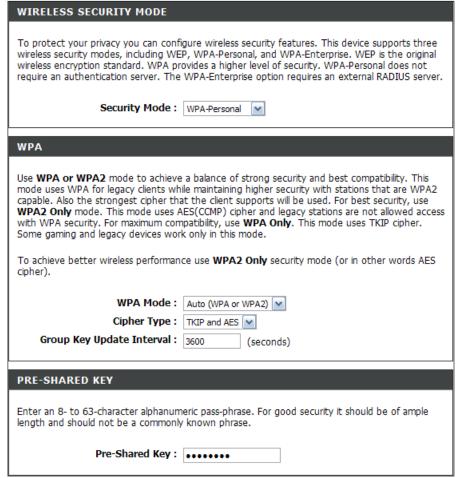
STEP 2: CONNECT YOUR WIRELESS DEVICE
There are two ways to add wireless device to your wireless network: -PIN (Personal Identification Number) -PBC (Push Button Configuration)
PIN:     please enter the PIN from your wireless device and click the below 'Connect' Button
PBC please press the push button on your wireless device and click the below 'Connect' Button within 120 seconds
Prev Next Cancel Connect



# **Configure WPA-Personal (PSK)**

It is recommended to enable encryption on your wireless router before your wireless network adapters. Please establish wireless connectivity before enabling encryption. Your wireless signal may degrade when enabling encryption due to the added overhead.

- Log into the web-based configuration by opening a web browser and entering the IP address of the router (192.168.0.1). Click on Setup and then click Wireless Settings on the left side.
- 2. Next to Security Mode, select WPA-Personal.
- 3. Next to *WPA Mode*, select **Auto**, **WPA2 Only**, or **WPA Only**. Use **Auto** if you have wireless clients using both WPA and WPA2.
- 4. Next to *Cypher Type*, select **TKIP and AES**, **TKIP**, or **AES**. If you have wireless clients that use both types, use **TKIP and AES**.
- 5. Next to *Group Key Update Interval*, enter the amount of time before the group key used for broadcast and multicast data is changed (3600 is default).
- 6. Next to *Pre-Shared Key*, enter a key (passphrase). The key is entered as a pass-phrase in ASCII format at both ends of the wireless connection. The pass-phrase must be between 8-63 characters.



7. Click **Save Settings** to save your settings. If you are configuring the router with a wireless adapter, you will lose connectivity until you enable WPA-PSK on your adapter and enter the same passphrase as you did on the router.

# **Configure WPA-Enterprise (RADIUS)**

It is recommended to enable encryption on your wireless router before your wireless network adapters. Please establish wireless connectivity before enabling encryption. Your wireless signal may degrade when enabling encryption due to the added overhead.

- **1.** Log into the web-based configuration by opening a web browser and entering the IP address of the router (192.168.0.1). Click on **Setup** and then click **Wireless Settings** on the left side.
- 2. Next to Security Mode, select WPA-Enterprise.

**Note:** The user must disable Wi-Fi Protected Setup in order to select **WPA-Enterprise**.

- 3. Next to *WPA Mode*, select **Auto**, **WPA2 Only**, or **WPA Only**. Use **Auto** if you have wireless clients using both WPA and WPA2.
- 4. Next to *Cypher Type*, select **TKIP and AES**, **TKIP**, or **AES**. If you have wireless clients that use both types, use **TKIP and AES**.
- 5. Next to *Group Key Update Interval*, enter the amount of time before the group key used for broadcast and multicast data is changed (3600 is default).
- 6. Next to *Authentication Timeout*, enter the amount of time before a client is required to re-authenticate (60 minutes is default).
- 7. Next to *RADIUS Server IP Address* enter the IP Address of your RADIUS server.

WIRELESS SECURITY MOD	E
security modes including: WEP, WPA	igure wireless security features. This device supports three wireless Personal, and WPA-Enterprise. WEP is the original wireless encryption el of security. WPA-Personal does not require an authentication server. an external RADIUS server.
Security Mode :	WPA-Enterprise 💌
WPA	
for legacy dients while maintaining hi cipher that the dient supports will be (CCMP) cipher and legacy stations ar WPA Only. This mode uses TKIP cipl	e a balance of strong security and best compatibility. This mode uses WPA gher security with stations that are WPA2 capable. Also the strongest used. For best security, use <b>WPA2 Only</b> mode. This mode uses AES e not allowed access with WPA security. For maximum compatibility, use her. Some gaming and legacy devices work only in this mode.
To delivere better mileless performan	
WPA Mode :	WPA Only
Group Key Update Interval :	3600 (seconds)
EAP (802.1X)	
When WPA enterprise is enabled, the server.	router uses EAP (802. 1x) to authenticate clients via a remote RADIUS
Authentication Timeout :	60 (minutes)
RADIUS server IP Address :	0.0.0.0
RADIUS server Port :	1812
RADIUS server Shared Secret :	radius_shared
MAC Address Authentication :	
Advanced >>	

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Section 4 - Security

- 8. Next to *RADIUS Server Port*, enter the port you are using with your RADIUS server. 1812 is the default port.
- 9. Next to *RADIUS Server Shared Secret*, enter the security key.
- 10. If the *MAC Address Authentication* box is selected then the user will need to connect from the same computer whenever logging into the wireless network.
- 11. Click **Advanced** to enter settings for a secondary RADIUS Server.
- 12. Click **Apply Settings** to save your settings.

EAP (802.1X)	
When WPA enterprise is enabled, the server.	e router uses EAP (802.1x) to authenticate clients via a remote RADIUS
Authentication Timeout :	60 (minutes)
RADIUS server IP Address :	0.0.0.0
RADIUS server Port :	1812
RADIUS server Shared Secret :	radius_shared
MAC Address Authentication :	
<< Advanced	
Optional backup RADIUS server	
Second RADIUS server IP Address :	0.0.0.0
Second RADIUS server Port :	1812
Second RADIUS server Shared Secret :	radius_shared
Second MAC Address Authentication :	$\checkmark$

# Connect to a Wireless Network Using Windows® 7

It is recommended to enable wireless security (WPA/WPA2) on your wireless router or access point before configuring your wireless adapter. If you are joining an existing network, you will need to know the security key or passphrase being used.

1. Click on the wireless icon in your system tray (lower-right corner).



2. The utility will display any available wireless networks in your area.

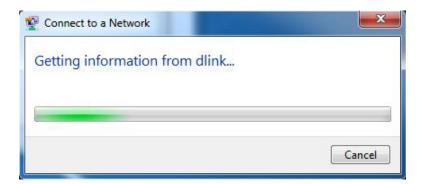


3. Highlight the wireless network (SSID) you would like to connect to and click the Connect button.

If you get a good signal but cannot access the Internet, check your TCP/IP settings for your wireless adapter. Refer to the Networking Basics section in this manual for more information.

4. The following window appears while your computer tries to connect to the router.





5. Enter the same security key or passphrase that is on your router and click **Connect**. You can also connect by pushing the WPS button on the router.

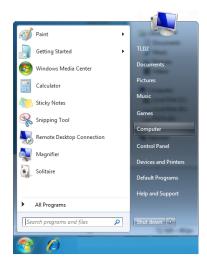
It may take 20-30 seconds to connect to the wireless network. If the connection fails, please verify that the security settings are correct. The key or passphrase must be exactly the same as on the wireless router.

Connect to a Netwo	ork	×
Type the network	< security key	
Security key:	1	]
	Hide characters	
	You can also connect by pushing the button on the router.	
	ОК	Cancel

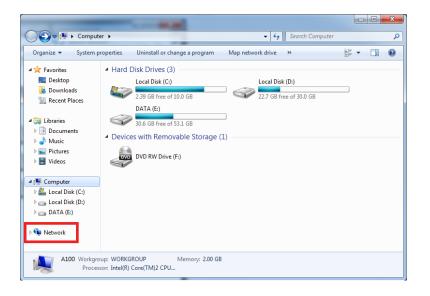
#### **Configure WPS**

The WPS feature of the DIR-615 can be configured using Windows<sup>®</sup> 7. Carry out the following steps to use Windows<sup>®</sup> 7 to configure the WPS feature of the DIR-615:

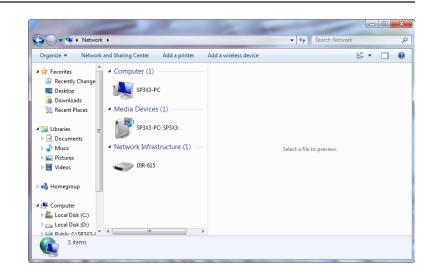
1. Click the **Start** button and select **Computer** from the Start menu.



2. Click the Network option.



3. Double-click the DIR-615 router.



 Input the WPS PIN number (displayed in the WPS window on the Router's LCD screen or in the Setup > Wireless Setup menu in the Router's Web UI) and click Next.

Set Up a Network	
To set up a network, type the 8-digit PIN from the router label	
You can find the numeric PIN on a label attached to the router or in the printed information that came from the manufacturer. PIN:	
	ext Cancel

5. Type a name to identify the network.

6.	To configure	advanced	settings,	click the	$\checkmark$	icon.

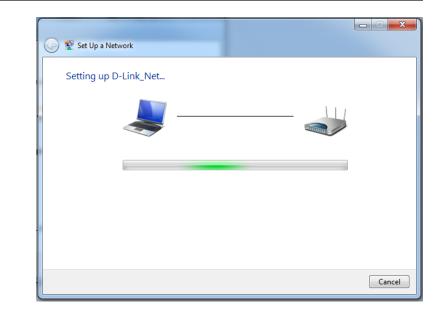
Click Next to continue.

3	👰 Set Up a Network	
	Give your network a name	
	Your network needs a unique name so th characters or less) and recognizable.	nat it can be easily identified. It is best to keep the name short (25
	Type your network name:	Security-enabled network
	D-Link_Net	Your network is being set up using WPA2-Personal.
	Change passphrase, security level and en	cryption type (advanced): 🥑
	🛞 Upgrade or replace the router using t	he network settings stored on this computer
		Next Cancel

G	💱 Set Up a Network	
	Give your network a name	
	Your network needs a unique name so that it ca characters or less) and recognizable.	n be easily identified. It is best to keep the name short (25
	Type your network name:	🧭 Security-enabled network
	D-Link_Net	Your network is being set up using WPA2-Personal.
	Change passphrase, security level and encryptio Security key:	n type (advanced): Security level:
	f6mm-gizb-9vmv	WPA2-Personal (Recommended)
	Connect automatically	Encryption type:
		AES (Recommended)
	log Upgrade or replace the router using the network	ork settings stored on this computer
		Next Cancel

7. The following window appears while the Router is being configured.

Wait for the configuration to complete.



8. The following window informs you that WPS on the DIR-615 has been setup successfully.

Make a note of the security key as you may need to provide this security key if adding an older wireless device to the network in the future.

9. Click **Close** to complete WPS setup.

🕞 🖞 Set Up a Network	
D-Link_Net has been successfully set up To add an older wireless device to this network, you might need to provid	de this security key
894g-eyd5-g5wb	
You can <u>print these network settings</u> for future reference. For gaming consoles or computers running Windows XP, <u>copy the netwo</u> easier set up.	ork profile to a USB drive for
	Close

## Connect to a Wireless Network Using Windows Vista®

Windows Vista<sup>®</sup> users may use the built-in wireless utility. If you are using another company's utility or Windows<sup>®</sup> 2000, please refer to the user manual of your wireless adapter for help with connecting to a wireless network. Most utilities will have a "site survey" option similar to the Windows Vista<sup>®</sup> utility as seen below.

If you receive the **Wireless Networks Detected** bubble, click on the center of the bubble to access the utility.

or

Right-click on the wireless computer icon in your system tray (lower-right corner next to the time). Select **Connect to a network**.

The utility will display any available wireless networks in your area. Click on a network (displayed using the SSID) and click the **Connect** button.

If you get a good signal but cannot access the Internet, check you TCP/IP settings for your wireless adapter. Refer to the **Networking Basics** section in this manual for more information.





#### Configure WPA/WPA2

It is recommended to enable wireless security (WPA/WPA2) on your wireless router or access point before configuring your wireless adapter. If you are joining an existing network, you will need to know the security key or passphrase being used.

1. Open the Windows Vista<sup>®</sup> Wireless Utility by right-clicking on the wireless computer icon in your system tray (lower right corner of screen). Select **Connect to a network**.

2. Highlight the wireless network (SSID) you would like to connect to and click **Connect**.



Show All		47
VOIPtest	Unsecured network	lite
dlink	Unsecured network	llte.
uesday 🛃	Security-enabled network	llte.

**3.** Enter the same security key or passphrase that is on your router and click **Connect**.

It may take 20-30 seconds to connect to the wireless network. If the connection fails, please verify that the security settings are correct. The key or passphrase must be exactly the same as on the wireless router.

Туре	the network security key or passphrase for Candy
The p	erson who setup the network can give you the key or passphrase.
Securi	ity key or passphrase:
Dis Dis	play characters
9	If you have a <u>USB flash drive</u> with network settings for Candy, insert it now.

### **Connect Using WCN 2.0**

The router supports Wi-Fi protection, referred to as WCN 2.0 in Windows Vista<sup>®</sup> and Windows 7. The following instructions for setting this up depends on whether you are using Windows Vista<sup>®</sup> and Windows 7 to configure the router or third party software.

When you first set up the router, Wi-Fi protection is disabled and unconfigured. To enjoy the benefits of Wi-Fi protection, the router must be both enabled and configured. There are three basic methods to accomplish this: use Windows Vista's built-in support for WCN 2.0, use software provided by a third party, or manually configure.

If you are running Windows Vista<sup>®</sup>, log into the router and click the **Enable** checkbox in the **Basic** > **Wireless** section. Use the Current PIN that is displayed on the **Advanced** > **Wi-Fi Protected Setup** section or choose to click the **Generate New PIN** button or **Reset PIN to Default** button.

WI-FI PROTECTED SETUP (ALSO CALLED WCN 2.0 IN WINDOWS VISTA) :		
Enable :		
Current PIN :	97733867	
	Generate New PIN Reset PIN to Default	
Wi-Fi Protected Status :	Enabled / Configured	
	Reset to Unconfigured	

If you are using third party software to set up Wi-Fi Protection, carefully follow the directions. When you are finished, proceed to the next section to set up the newly-configured router.

## Connect to a Wireless Network Using Windows® XP

Windows<sup>®</sup> XP users may use the built-in wireless utility (Zero Configuration Utility). The following instructions are for Service Pack 2 users. If you are using another company's utility or Windows<sup>®</sup> 2000, please refer to the user manual of your wireless adapter for help with connecting to a wireless network. Most utilities will have a "site survey" option similar to the Windows<sup>®</sup> XP utility as seen below.

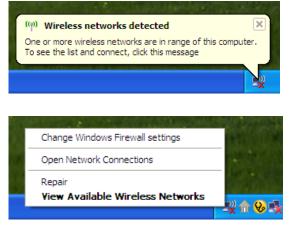
If you receive the **Wireless Networks Detected** bubble, click on the center of the bubble to access the utility.

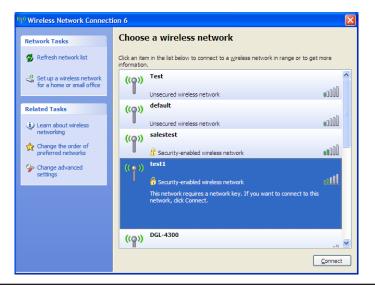
or

Right-click on the wireless computer icon in your system tray (lower-right corner next to the time). Select **View Available Wireless Networks**.

The utility will display any available wireless networks in your area. Click on a network (displayed using the SSID) and click the **Connect** button.

If you get a good signal but cannot access the Internet, check you TCP/IP settings for your wireless adapter. Refer to the **Networking Basics** section in this manual for more information.



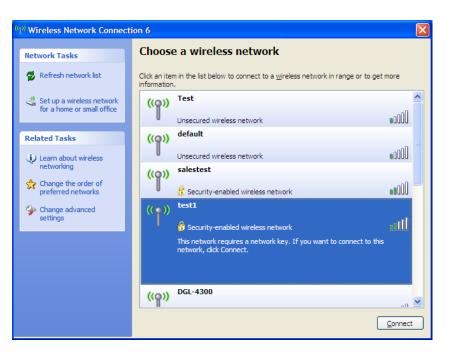


# **Connect to a Wireless Network** Using Windows<sup>®</sup> XP Through WPA-PSK

It is recommended to enable WEP on your wireless router or access point before configuring your wireless adapter. If you are joining an existing network, you will need to know the WEP key being used.

- Open the Windows<sup>®</sup> XP Wireless Utility by right-clicking on the wireless computer icon in your system tray (lower-right corner of screen). Select View Available Wireless Networks.
- 2. Highlight the wireless network (SSID) you would like to connect to and click **Connect**.





Section 5 - Connecting to a Wireless Network

**3.** The **Wireless Network Connection** box will appear. Enter the WPA-PSK passphrase and click **Connect**.

It may take 20-30 seconds to connect to the wireless network. If the connection fails, please verify that the WPA-PSK settings are correct. The WPA-PSK passphrase must be exactly the same as on the wireless router.

Wireless Network Conn	ection 🔀
	a network key (also called a WEP key or WPA key). A network intruders from connecting to this network.
Type the key, and then click	Connect.
Network <u>k</u> ey:	1
Confirm network key:	
	<u>C</u> onnect Cancel

# Troubleshooting

This chapter provides solutions to problems that can occur during the installation and operation of the DIR-615. Read the following descriptions if you are having problems. (The examples below are illustrated in Windows<sup>®</sup> XP. If you have a different operating system, the screen shots on your computer will look similar to the following examples.)

#### 1. Why can't I access the web-based configuration utility?

When entering the IP address of the D-Link router (192.168.0.1 for example), you are not connecting to a website on the Internet or have to be connected to the Internet. The device has the utility built-in to a ROM chip in the device itself. Your computer must be on the same IP subnet to connect to the web-based utility.

• Make sure you have an updated Java-enabled web browser. We recommend the following:

- Internet Explorer 6 or higher
- Netscape 8 or higher
- Mozilla 1.7.12 (5.0) or higher
- Opera 8.5 or higher
- Safari 3 or higher
- Camino 0.8.4 or higher
- Firefox 3.0 or higher
- Verify physical connectivity by checking for solid link lights on the device. If you do not get a solid link light, try using a different cable or connect to a different port on the device if possible. If the computer is turned off, the link light may not be on.
- Disable any Internet security software running on the computer. Software firewalls such as Zone Alarm, Black Ice, Sygate, Norton Personal Firewall, and Windows<sup>®</sup> XP firewall may block access to the configuration pages. Check the help files included with your firewall software for more information on disabling or configuring it.

- Configure your Internet settings:
  - Go to Start > Settings > Control Panel. Double-click the Internet Options Icon. From the Security tab, click the button to restore the settings to their defaults.
  - Click the **Connection** tab and set the dial-up option to Never Dial a Connection. Click the LAN Settings button. Make sure nothing is checked. Click **OK**.
  - Go to the **Advanced** tab and click the button to restore these settings to their defaults. Click **OK** three times.
  - Close your web browser (if open) and open it.
- Access the web management. Open your web browser and enter the IP address of your D-Link router in the address bar. This should open the login page for your the web management.
- If you still cannot access the configuration, unplug the power to the router for 10 seconds and plug back in. Wait about 30 seconds and try accessing the configuration. If you have multiple computers, try connecting using a different computer.

### 2. What can I do if I forgot my password?

If you forgot your password, you must reset your router. Unfortunately this process will change all your settings back to the factory defaults.

To reset the router, locate the reset button (hole) on the rear panel of the unit. With the router powered on, use a paperclip to hold the button down for 10 seconds. Release the button and the router will go through its reboot process. Wait about 30 seconds to access the router. The default IP address is 192.168.0.1. When logging in, the username is **admin** and leave the password box empty.

#### 3. Why can't I connect to certain sites or send and receive e-mails when connecting through my router?

If you are having a problem sending or receiving e-mail, or connecting to secure sites such as eBay, banking sites, and Hotmail, we suggest lowering the MTU in increments of ten (Ex. 1492, 1482, 1472, etc).

#### Note: AOL DSL+ users must use MTU of 1400.

To find the proper MTU Size, you'll have to do a special ping of the destination you're trying to go to. A destination could be another computer, or a URL.

- Click on Start and then click Run.
- Windows<sup>®</sup> 95, 98, and Me users type in **command** (Windows<sup>®</sup> NT, 2000, and XP users type in **cmd**) and press **Enter** (or click **OK**).
- Once the window opens, you'll need to do a special ping. Use the following syntax:

```
ping [url] [-f] [-l] [MTU value]
```

Example: ping yahoo.com -f -l 1472

```
C:\>ping yahoo.com -f -l 1482
Pinging yahoo.com [66.94.234.13] with 1482 bytes of data:
Packet needs to be fragmented but DF set.
Packet needs to be fragmented but DF set.
Packet needs to be fragmented but DF set.
 Packet needs to be fragmented but DF set.
Ping statistics for 66.94.234.13:
Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 0, Lost = 4 (100% loss),
Approximate round trip times in milli-seconds:_
     Minimum = Oms, Maximum = Oms, Average =
                                                            Øms
C:\>ping yahoo.com -f -l 1472
Pinging yahoo.com [66.94.234.13] with 1472 bytes of data:
Reply from 66.94.234.13: bytes=1472 time=93ms TTL=52
Reply from 66.94.234.13: bytes=1472 time=109ms TTL=52
Reply from 66.94.234.13: bytes=1472 time=125ms TTL=52
Reply from 66.94.234.13: bytes=1472 time=203ms TTL=52
Ping statistics for 66.94.234.13:
Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 4, Lost = 0 (0% loss),
Approximate round trip times in milli-seconds:
     Minimum = 93ms, Maximum = 203ms, Average =
                                                                132ms
C:∖>
```

You should start at 1472 and work your way down by 10 each time. Once you get a reply, go up by 2 until you get a fragmented packet. Take that value and add 28 to the value to account for the various TCP/IP headers. For example, lets say that 1452 was the proper value, the actual MTU size would be 1480, which is the optimum for the network we're working with (1452+28=1480).

Once you find your MTU, you can now configure your router with the proper MTU size.

To change the MTU rate on your router follow the steps below:

- Open your browser, enter the IP address of your router (192.168.0.1) and click **OK**.
- Enter your username (admin) and password (blank by default). Click **OK** to enter the web configuration page for the device.
- Click on Setup and then click Manual Configure.
- To change the MTU enter the number in the MTU field and click **Save Settings** to save your settings.
- Test your e-mail. If changing the MTU does not resolve the problem, continue changing the MTU in increments of ten.

# Wireless Basics

D-Link wireless products are based on industry standards to provide easy-to-use and compatible high-speed wireless connectivity within your home, business or public access wireless networks. Strictly adhering to the IEEE standard, the D-Link wireless family of products will allow you to securely access the data you want, when and where you want it. You will be able to enjoy the freedom that wireless networking delivers.

A wireless local area network (WLAN) is a cellular computer network that transmits and receives data with radio signals instead of wires. Wireless LANs are used increasingly in both home and office environments, and public areas such as airports, coffee shops and universities. Innovative ways to utilize WLAN technology are helping people to work and communicate more efficiently. Increased mobility and the absence of cabling and other fixed infrastructure have proven to be beneficial for many users.

Wireless users can use the same applications they use on a wired network. Wireless adapter cards used on laptop and desktop systems support the same protocols as Ethernet adapter cards.

Under many circumstances, it may be desirable for mobile network devices to link to a conventional Ethernet LAN in order to use servers, printers or an Internet connection supplied through the wired LAN. A Wireless Router is a device used to provide this link.

# What is Wireless?

Wireless or Wi-Fi technology is another way of connecting your computer to the network without using wires. Wi-Fi uses radio frequency to connect wirelessly, so you have the freedom to connect computers anywhere in your home or office network.

# Why D-Link Wireless?

D-Link is the worldwide leader and award winning designer, developer, and manufacturer of networking products. D-Link delivers the performance you need at a price you can afford. D-Link has all the products you need to build your network.

# How does wireless work?

Wireless works similar to how cordless phone work, through radio signals to transmit data from one point A to point B. But wireless technology has restrictions as to how you can access the network. You must be within the wireless network range area to be able to connect your computer. There are two different types of wireless networks Wireless Local Area Network (WLAN), and Wireless Personal Area Network (WPAN).

#### Wireless Local Area Network (WLAN)

In a wireless local area network, a device called an Access Point (AP) connects computers to the network. The access point has a small antenna attached to it, which allows it to transmit data back and forth over radio signals. With an indoor access point as seen in the picture, the signal can travel up to 300 feet. With an outdoor access point the signal can reach out up to 30 miles to serve places like manufacturing plants, industrial locations, college and high school campuses, airports, golf courses, and many other outdoor venues.

#### Wireless Personal Area Network (WPAN)

Bluetooth is the industry standard wireless technology used for WPAN. Bluetooth devices in WPAN operate in a range up to 30 feet away.

Compared to WLAN the speed and wireless operation range are both less than WLAN, but in return it doesn't use nearly as much power which makes it ideal for personal devices, such as mobile phones, PDAs, headphones, laptops, speakers, and other devices that operate on batteries.

### Who uses wireless?

Wireless technology as become so popular in recent years that almost everyone is using it, whether it's for home, office, business, D-Link has a wireless solution for it.

#### Home

- Gives everyone at home broadband access
- Surf the web, check e-mail, instant message, and etc
- · Gets rid of the cables around the house
- Simple and easy to use

### **Small Office and Home Office**

- Stay on top of everything at home as you would at office
- Remotely access your office network from home
- Share Internet connection and printer with multiple computers
- No need to dedicate office space

# Where is wireless used?

Wireless technology is expanding everywhere not just at home or office. People like the freedom of mobility and it's becoming so popular that more and more public facilities now provide wireless access to attract people. The wireless connection in public places is usually called "hotspots".

Using a D-Link Cardbus Adapter with your laptop, you can access the hotspot to connect to Internet from remote locations like: Airports, Hotels, Coffee Shops, Libraries, Restaurants, and Convention Centers.

Wireless network is easy to setup, but if you're installing it for the first time it could be quite a task not knowing where to start. That's why we've put together a few setup steps and tips to help you through the process of setting up a wireless network.

# Tips

Here are a few things to keep in mind, when you install a wireless network.

#### **Centralize your router or Access Point**

Make sure you place the router/access point in a centralized location within your network for the best performance. Try to place the router/access point as high as possible in the room, so the signal gets dispersed throughout your home. If you have a two-story home, you may need a repeater to boost the signal to extend the range.

#### **Eliminate Interference**

Place home appliances such as cordless telephones, microwaves, and televisions as far away as possible from the router/access point. This would significantly reduce any interference that the appliances might cause since they operate on same frequency.

# Security

Don't let you next-door neighbors or intruders connect to your wireless network. Secure your wireless network by turning on the WPA or WEP security feature on the router. Refer to product manual for detail information on how to set it up.

# Wireless Modes

There are basically two modes of networking:

- Infrastructure All wireless clients will connect to an access point or wireless router.
- Ad-Hoc Directly connecting to another computer, for peer-to-peer communication, using wireless network adapters on each computer, such as two or more DIR-615 wireless network Cardbus adapters.

An Infrastructure network contains an Access Point or wireless router. All the wireless devices, or clients, will connect to the wireless router or access point.

An Ad-Hoc network contains only clients, such as laptops with wireless cardbus adapters. All the adapters must be in Ad-Hoc mode to communicate.

# **Networking Basics**

# **Check your IP address**

After you install your adapter, by default, the TCP/IP settings should be set to obtain an IP address from a DHCP server (i.e. wireless router) automatically. To verify your IP address, please follow the steps below.

Click on **Start** > **Run**. In the run box type *cmd* and click **OK**. (Windows Vista<sup>®</sup> users type *cmd* in the **Start Search** box.)

At the prompt, type *ipconfig* and press Enter.

This will display the IP address, subnet mask, and the default gateway of your adapter.

If the address is 0.0.0.0, check your adapter installation, security settings, and the settings on your router. Some firewall software programs may block a DHCP request on newly installed adapters.

::\Docu	nents and Settings>ipconfig	
	IP Configuration	
Etherne	; adapter Local Area Connection:	
	Connection-specific DNS Suffix .: dlink IP Address: 10.5.7,114 Subnet Mask: 255.255.255.0 Default Gateway	
::\Docu	nents and Settings>_	

# Statically Assign an IP address

If you are not using a DHCP capable gateway/router, or you need to assign a static IP address, please follow the steps below:

#### Step 1

- Windows<sup>®</sup> 7 Click on Start > Control Panel > Network and Internet > Network and Sharing Center > Change Adapter Setting.
- Windows Vista<sup>®</sup> Click on Start > Control Panel > Network and Internet > Network and Sharing Center > Manage Network Connections.
- Windows XP Click on Start > Control Panel > Network Connections.
- Windows 2000 From the desktop, right-click **My Network Places** > **Properties**.

#### Step 2

Right-click on the Local Area Connection which represents your network adapter and select Properties.

#### Step 3

Highlight Internet Protocol (TCP/IP) and click Properties.

#### Step 4

Click **Use the following IP address** and enter an IP address that is on the same subnet as your network or the LAN IP address on your router.

**Example:** If the router's LAN IP address is 192.168.0.1, make your IP address 192.168.0.X where X is a number between 2 and 99. Make sure that the number you choose is not in use on the network. Set Default Gateway the same as the LAN IP address of your router (192.168.0.1).

Set Primary DNS the same as the LAN IP address of your router (192.168.0.1). The Secondary DNS is not needed or you may enter a DNS server from your ISP.

### Step 5

Click **OK** twice to save your settings.

ieneral	
	ned automatically if your network supports a need to ask your network administrator for
🚫 Obtain an IP address au	utomatically
Subsethe following IP add	dress:
IP address:	192.168.0.52
Subnet mask:	255 . 255 . 255 . 0
Default gateway:	192.168.0.1
<ul> <li>Obtain DNS server addr</li> </ul>	ress automatically
💿 Use the following DNS :	server addresses:
Preferred DNS server:	192.168.0.1
Alternate DNS server:	
	Advanced.

# **Technical Specifications**

#### Standards

- IEEE 802.11n
- IEEE 802.11g
- IEEE 802.3
- IEEE 802.3u

#### Security

- WPA-Personal
- WPA2-Personal
- WPA-Enterprise
- WPA2-Enterprise

#### Wireless Signal Rates\*

- 108Mbps 48Mbps
- 54Mbps 24Mbps
- 36Mbps 12Mbps
- 18Mbps 9Mbps
- 11Mbps 5.5Mbps
- 6Mbps 1Mbps
- 2Mbps

# MSC (0-15)

- 130Mbps (270)
- 104Mbps (216) 78M
- 66Mbps (135) 58.5M
- 52Mbps (108) 3
- 26Mbps (54)
- 12Mbps (27)

- 117Mbps (243)
- 78Mbps (162)
- 58.5Mbps (121.5)
- 39Mbps (81)
  - 19.5Mbps (40.5)
- 6.5Mbps (13.5)

### **Frequency Range**

• 2.4GHz to 2.483GHz

#### **Transmitter Output Power**

• 17dBm ± 2dB

#### LEDs

- Power
   Internet
- WLAN LAN (10/100)

### **Operating Temperature**

• 32°F to 104°F (0°C to 40°C)

#### Humidity

• 95% maximum (non-condensing)

#### Safety & Emissions

- FCC
- IC
- CE

#### Dimensions

- L = 7.8 inches
- W = 5 inches
- H = 1.2 inches

#### Warranty

• 1 Year Limited

\* Maximum wireless signal rate derived from IEEE Standard 802.11g and 802.11n specifications. Actual data throughput will vary. Network conditions and environmental factors, including volume of network traffic, building materials and construction, and network overhead, lower actual data throughput rate. Environmental factors will adversely affect wireless signal range.

# **Contacting Technical Support**

U.S. and Canadian customers can contact D-Link technical support through our web site or by phone.

Before you contact technical support, please have the following ready:

- Model number of the product (e.g. DIR-615)
- Hardware Revision (located on the label on the bottom of the router (e.g. rev E1))
- Serial Number (s/n number located on the label on the bottom of the router).

You can find software updates and user documentation on the D-Link website as well as frequently asked questions and answers to technical issues.

For customers within the United States: Phone Support: (877) 453-5465 Internet Support: http://support.dlink.com

For customers within Canada:

Phone Support: (800) 361-5265

Internet Support: http://support.dlink.ca

# Warranty

Subject to the terms and conditions set forth herein, D-Link Systems, Inc. ("D-Link") provides this Limited Warranty:

- Only to the person or entity that originally purchased the product from D-Link or its authorized reseller or distributor, and
- Only for products purchased and delivered within the fifty states of the United States, the District of Columbia, U.S. Possessions or Protectorates, U.S. Military Installations, or addresses with an APO or FPO.

#### **Limited Warranty:**

D-Link warrants that the hardware portion of the D-Link product described below ("Hardware") will be free from material defects in workmanship and materials under normal use from the date of original retail purchase of the product, for the period set forth below ("Warranty Period"), except as otherwise stated herein.

- Hardware (excluding power supplies and fans): One (1) year limited
- Power supplies and fans: One (1) year limited
- Spare parts and spare kits: Ninety (90) days

The customer's sole and exclusive remedy and the entire liability of D-Link and its suppliers under this Limited Warranty will be, at D-Link's option, to repair or replace the defective Hardware during the Warranty Period at no charge to the original owner or to refund the actual purchase price paid. Any repair or replacement will be rendered by D-Link at an Authorized D-Link Service Office. The replacement hardware need not be new or have an identical make, model or part. D-Link may, at its option, replace the defective Hardware or any part thereof with any reconditioned product that D-Link reasonably determines is substantially equivalent (or superior) in all material respects to the defective Hardware. Repaired or replacement hardware will be warranted for the remainder of the original Warranty Period or ninety (90) days, whichever is longer, and is subject to the same limitations and exclusions. If a material defect is incapable of correction, or if D-Link determines that it is not practical to repair or replace the defective Hardware. All Hardware or part thereof that is replaced by D-Link upon return to D-Link of the defective Hardware. All Hardware or part thereof that is replaced by D-Link, or for which the purchase price is refunded, shall become the property of D-Link upon replacement or refund.

# Limited Software Warranty:

D-Link warrants that the software portion of the product ("Software") will substantially conform to D-Link's then current functional specifications for the Software, as set forth in the applicable documentation, from the date of original retail purchase of the Software for a period of ninety (90) days ("Software Warranty Period"), provided that the Software is properly installed on approved hardware and operated as contemplated in its documentation. D-Link further warrants that, during the Software Warranty Period, the magnetic media on which D-Link delivers the Software will be free of physical defects. The customer's sole and exclusive remedy and the entire liability of D-Link and its suppliers under this Limited Warranty will be, at D-Link's option, to replace the non-conforming Software (or defective media) with software that substantially conforms to D-Link's functional specifications for the Software or to refund the portion of the actual purchase price paid that is attributable to the Software. Except as otherwise agreed by D-Link in writing, the replacement Software is provided only to the original licensee, and is subject to the terms and conditions of the license granted by D-Link for the Software. Replacement Software will be warranted for the remainder of the original Warranty Period and is subject to the same limitations and exclusions. If a material non-conformance is incapable of correction, or if D-Link determines in its sole discretion that it is not practical to replace the non-conforming Software (and all copies the original licensee for the non-conforming Software will be refunded by D-Link; provided that the non-conforming Software (and all copies thereof) is first returned to D-Link. The license granted respecting any Software for which a refund is given automatically terminates.

#### Non-Applicability of Warranty:

The Limited Warranty provided hereunder for Hardware and Software portions of D-Link's products will not be applied to and does not cover any refurbished product and any product purchased through the inventory clearance or liquidation sale or other sales in which D-Link, the sellers, or the liquidators expressly disclaim their warranty obligation pertaining to the product and in that case, the product is being sold "As-Is" without any warranty whatsoever including, without limitation, the Limited Warranty as described herein, notwithstanding anything stated herein to the contrary.

#### Submitting A Claim:

The customer shall return the product to the original purchase point based on its return policy. In case the return policy period has expired and the product is within warranty, the customer shall submit a claim to D-Link as outlined below:

- The customer must submit with the product as part of the claim a written description of the Hardware defect or Software nonconformance in sufficient detail to allow D-Link to confirm the same, along with proof of purchase of the product (such as a copy of the dated purchase invoice for the product) if the product is not registered.
- The customer must obtain a Case ID Number from D-Link Technical Support at 1-877-453-5465, who will attempt to assist the customer in resolving any suspected defects with the product. If the product is considered defective, the customer must obtain a Return Material Authorization ("RMA") number by completing the RMA form and entering the assigned Case ID Number at https://rma.dlink.com/.

- After an RMA number is issued, the defective product must be packaged securely in the original or other suitable shipping
  package to ensure that it will not be damaged in transit, and the RMA number must be prominently marked on the outside
  of the package. Do not include any manuals or accessories in the shipping package. D-Link will only replace the defective
  portion of the product and will not ship back any accessories.
- The customer is responsible for all in-bound shipping charges to D-Link. No Cash on Delivery ("COD") is allowed. Products sent COD will either be rejected by D-Link or become the property of D-Link. Products shall be fully insured by the customer and shipped to D-Link Systems, Inc., 17595 Mt. Herrmann, Fountain Valley, CA 92708. D-Link will not be held responsible for any packages that are lost in transit to D-Link. The repaired or replaced packages will be shipped to the customer via UPS Ground or any common carrier selected by D-Link. Return shipping charges shall be prepaid by D-Link if you use an address in the United States, otherwise we will ship the product to you freight collect. Expedited shipping is available upon request and provided shipping charges are prepaid by the customer. D-Link may reject or return any product that is not packaged and shipped in strict compliance with the foregoing requirements, or for which an RMA number is not visible from the outside of the package. The product owner agrees to pay D-Link's reasonable handling and return shipping charges for any product that is not packaged and shipped in accordance with the foregoing requirements, or that is determined by D-Link not to be defective or non-conforming.

#### What Is Not Covered:

The Limited Warranty provided herein by D-Link does not cover:

Products that, in D-Link's judgment, have been subjected to abuse, accident, alteration, modification, tampering, negligence, misuse, faulty installation, lack of reasonable care, repair or service in any way that is not contemplated in the documentation for the product, or if the model or serial number has been altered, tampered with, defaced or removed; Initial installation, installation and removal of the product for repair, and shipping costs; Operational adjustments covered in the operating manual for the product, and normal maintenance; Damage that occurs in shipment, due to act of God, failures due to power surge, and cosmetic damage; Any hardware, software, firmware or other products or services provided by anyone other than D-Link; and Products that have been purchased from inventory clearance or liquidation sales or other sales in which D-Link, the sellers, or the liquidators expressly disclaim their warranty obligation pertaining to the product.

While necessary maintenance or repairs on your Product can be performed by any company, we recommend that you use only an Authorized D-Link Service Office. Improper or incorrectly performed maintenance or repair voids this Limited Warranty.

#### **Disclaimer of Other Warranties:**

EXCEPT FOR THE LIMITED WARRANTY SPECIFIED HEREIN, THE PRODUCT IS PROVIDED "AS-IS" WITHOUT ANY WARRANTY OF ANY KIND WHATSOEVER INCLUDING, WITHOUT LIMITATION, ANY WARRANTY OF MERCHANTABILITY, FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE AND NONINFRINGEMENT.

IF ANY IMPLIED WARRANTY CANNOT BE DISCLAIMED IN ANY TERRITORY WHERE A PRODUCT IS SOLD, THE DURATION OF SUCH IMPLIED WARRANTY SHALL BE LIMITED TO THE DURATION OF THE APPLICABLE WARRANTY PERIOD SET FORTH ABOVE. EXCEPT AS EXPRESSLY COVERED UNDER THE LIMITED WARRANTY PROVIDED HEREIN, THE ENTIRE RISK AS TO THE QUALITY, SELECTION AND PERFORMANCE OF THE PRODUCT IS WITH THE PURCHASER OF THE PRODUCT.

#### Limitation of Liability:

TO THE MAXIMUM EXTENT PERMITTED BY LAW, D-LINK IS NOT LIABLE UNDER ANY CONTRACT, NEGLIGENCE, STRICT LIABILITY OR OTHER LEGAL OR EQUITABLE THEORY FOR ANY LOSS OF USE OF THE PRODUCT, INCONVENIENCE OR DAMAGES OF ANY CHARACTER, WHETHER DIRECT, SPECIAL, INCIDENTAL OR CONSEQUENTIAL (INCLUDING, BUT NOT LIMITED TO, DAMAGES FOR LOSS OF GOODWILL, LOSS OF REVENUE OR PROFIT, WORK STOPPAGE, COMPUTER FAILURE OR MALFUNCTION, FAILURE OF OTHER EQUIPMENT OR COMPUTER PROGRAMS TO WHICH D-LINK'S PRODUCT IS CONNECTED WITH, LOSS OF INFORMATION OR DATA CONTAINED IN, STORED ON, OR INTEGRATED WITH ANY PRODUCT RETURNED TO D-LINK FOR WARRANTY SERVICE) RESULTING FROM THE USE OF THE PRODUCT, RELATING TO WARRANTY SERVICE, OR ARISING OUT OF ANY BREACH OF THIS LIMITED WARRANTY, EVEN IF D-LINK HAS BEEN ADVISED OF THE POSSIBILITY OF SUCH DAMAGES. THE SOLE REMEDY FOR A BREACH OF THE FOREGOING LIMITED WARRANTY IS REPAIR, REPLACEMENT OR REFUND OF THE DEFECTIVE OR NONCONFORMING PRODUCT. THE MAXIMUM LIABILITY OF D-LINK UNDER THIS WARRANTY IS LIMITED TO THE PURCHASE PRICE OF THE PRODUCT COVERED BY THE WARRANTY. THE FOREGOING EXPRESS WRITTEN WARRANTIES AND REMEDIES ARE EXCLUSIVE AND ARE IN LIEU OF ANY OTHER WARRANTIES OR REMEDIES, EXPRESS, IMPLIED OR STATUTORY.

#### **Governing Law:**

This Limited Warranty shall be governed by the laws of the State of California. Some states do not allow exclusion or limitation of incidental or consequential damages, or limitations on how long an implied warranty lasts, so the foregoing limitations and exclusions may not apply. This Limited Warranty provides specific legal rights and you may also have other rights which vary from state to state.

#### **Trademarks:**

D-Link is a registered trademark of D-Link Corporation/D-Link Systems, Inc. Other trademarks or registered trademarks are the property of their respective owners.

### **Copyright Statement:**

No part of this publication or documentation accompanying this product may be reproduced in any form or by any means or used to make any derivative such as translation, transformation, or adaptation without permission from D-Link Corporation/D-Link Systems, Inc., as stipulated by the United States Copyright Act of 1976 and any amendments thereto. Contents are subject to change without prior notice.

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#### **CE Mark Warning:**

This is a Class B product. In a domestic environment, this product may cause radio interference, in which case the user may be required to take adequate measures.

#### **FCC Statement:**

This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class B digital device, pursuant to Part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference in a residential installation. This equipment generates, uses and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instructions, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. However, there is no guarantee that interference will not occur in a particular installation. If this equipment does cause harmful interference to radio or television reception, which can be determined by turning the equipment off and on, the user is encouraged to try to correct the interference by one of the following measures:

- Reorient or relocate the receiving antenna.
- Increase the separation between the equipment and receiver.
- Connect the equipment into an outlet on a circuit different from that to which the receiver is connected.
- Consult the dealer or an experienced radio/TV technician for help.

For detailed warranty information applicable to products purchased outside the United States, please contact the corresponding local D-Link office.

#### **FCC Caution:**

Any changes or modifications not expressly approved by the party responsible for compliance could void the user's authority to operate this equipment.

This device complies with Part 15 of the FCC Rules. Operation is subject to the following two conditions:

- (1) This device may not cause harmful interference, and
- (2) this device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.

### **IMPORTANT NOTE:**

#### FCC Radiation Exposure Statement:

This equipment complies with FCC radiation exposure limits set forth for an uncontrolled environment. This equipment should be installed and operated with minimum distance 20cm between the radiator & your body.

This transmitter must not be co-located or operating in conjunction with any other antenna or transmitter.

We declare that the product is limited in CH1~CH11 by specified firmware controlled in the USA.

#### IC statement

Operation is subject to the following two conditions:

- 1) This device may not cause interference and
- 2) This device must accept any interference, including interference that may cause undesired operation of the device.

This device has been designed to operate with an antenna having a maximum gain of 2dBi. Antenna having a higher gain is strictly prohibited per regulations of Industry Canada. The required antenna impedance is 50 ohms.

# **IMPORTANT NOTE:**

#### IC Radiation Exposure Statement:

This equipment complies with IC radiation exposure limits set forth for an uncontrolled environment. End users must follow the specific operating instructions for satisfying RF exposure compliance. This equipment should be installed and operated with minimum distance 20cm between the radiator & your body.

This transmitter must not be co-located or operating in conjunction with any other antenna or transmitter.

#### Règlement d'Industry Canada

Les conditions de fonctionnement sont sujettes à deux conditions:

- 1) Ce périphérique ne doit pas causer d'interférence et.
- 2) Ce périphérique doit accepter toute interférence, y compris les interférences pouvant perturber le bon fonctionnement de ce périphérique.

The Class [B] digital apparatus meets all requirements of the Canadian Interference-Causing Equipment Regulation.

Cet appareil numerique de la class [B] respecte toutes les exigences du Reglement sur le materiel brouilleur du Canada.

# Registration



Product registration is entirely voluntary and failure to complete or return this form will not diminish your warranty rights.