# D-Link DES-1026G 

## 24-Port 10/100Mbps + 2-Port Combo GE Copper/SFP Ethernet Switch

Manual

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## 1. Package Contents

■ One DES-1026G 24-Port 10/100Mbps + 2-Port Combo GE Copper/SFP Ethernet Switch

- One AC power cord
- Four rubber feet to be used for shock cushioning
- Screws and two mounting brackets
- Manual

If any of the above items are missing, please contact your reseller.

## 2. Introduction

Congratulations on your purchase of the DES-1026G 24-Port 10/100Mbps + 2-Port Combo GE Copper/SFP Ethernet Switch. This device integrates 1000Mbps Gigabit Ethernet, 100Mbps Fast Ethernet, and 10Mbps Ethernet network capabilities into one cost-effective solution. This manual discusses how to install your DES-1026G 24-Port 10/100Mbps + 2-Port Combo GE Copper/SFP Ethernet Switch.

In this manual, the term "Switch" (first letter upper case) refers to your DES-1026G 24 -Port 10/100Mbps + 2-Port Combo GE Copper/SFP Ethernet Switch, and "switch" (first letter lower case) refers to other Ethernet switches.

This chapter describes the features of the Switch and some background information about Ethernet/ Fast Ethernet/ Gigabit Ethernet switching technology.

## Fast Ethernet Technology

Ethernet, along with its speedier counterpart Fast Ethernet, is the most popular networking standard in use today. 100BaseT Fast Ethernet is an extension of the 10BaseT Ethernet standard, designed to raise the data transmission capacity of 10BaseT from 10Mbits/sec to

100Mbits/sec. An important technology incorporated by 100BaseT is its use of the Carrier Sense Multiple Access with Collision Detection (CSMA/CD) protocol - which is the same protocol that 10BaseT uses because of its ability to work with several different types of cable, including basic twisted-pair wiring. Both of these features play an important role in network considerations, and they make 100BaseT an attractive migration path for those networks based on 10BaseT. Since the 100Mbps Fast Ethernet is compatible with all other 10 Mbps Ethernet environments, it provides a straightforward upgrade and takes advantage of the existing investment in hardware, software, and personnel training.

## Switching Technology

Switching is a cost-effective way of increasing the total network capacity available to users on a LAN. If an Ethernet network begins to display symptoms of congestion, low throughput, slow response times, and high rates of collision, installing a switch to an network can preserve much or all of the existing network's cabling and workstation interface card infrastructure while still greatly enhancing the throughput for users. A switch is a viable solution even if demanding applications, such as multimedia production and video conferencing, are on the horizon. The most promising techniques, as well as the best return on investment, could well consist of installing the right mixture of Ethernet switches.

A switch increases capacity and decreases network loading by dividing a local area network into different LAN segments. Dividing a LAN into multiple segments is one of the most common ways of increasing available bandwidth. If segmented correctly, most network traffic will remain within a single segment, enjoying the full-line speed bandwidth of that segment.

Switches provide full-line speed and dedicated bandwidth for all connections. This is in contrast to hubs, which use traditional shared networking topology, where the connected nodes contend for the same network bandwidth. When two switching nodes are communicating, they are connected with a dedicated channel between them, so there is no contention for network bandwidth with other nodes. As a result, the switch considerably reduces the likelihood of traffic congestion.
For Fast Ethernet networks, a switch is an effective way of eliminating the problem of chaining hubs beyond the "two-repeater limit." A switch can be
used to split parts of the network into different collision domains, making it possible to expand your Fast Ethernet network beyond the 205-meter network diameter limit for 100BASE-TX networks. Switches supporting both traditional 10Mbps Ethernet and 100Mbps Fast Ethernet are also ideal for bridging between existing 10Mbps networks and new 100Mbps networks.

Switching LAN technology is a marked improvement over the previous generation of network hubs and bridges, which were characterized by higher latencies. Routers have also been used to segment local area networks, but the cost, setup, and maintenance required make routers relatively impractical. Today switches are an ideal solution to most kinds of local area network congestion problems.

## Features and Benefits

24* 10/100BASE-TX Fast Ethernet ports + 2*Combo GE
Copper/SFP Ethernet ports

- Auto MDI/MDI-X support on each port
Full/half duplex transfer mode for 10/100Mbps Fast
Ethernet transmission
Full duplex transfer mode for Gigabit Ethernet
transmission
Wire-speed reception and transmission
- Store-and-Forward switching method
Integrated address Look-Up Engine, supports 8K MAC
addresses
Supports 512KBytes RAM for data buffering
Extensive front-panel diagnostic LEDs
IEEE $802.3 x$ flow control for full-duplex
Back pressure flow control for half-duplex
Standard 19" Rack-mount size


## LEDs

## LED stands for Light-Emitting Diode.

The front panel LEDs provides instant status feedback and simplifies monitoring and troubleshooting tasks


LED indicators of the Switch

## - POWER

| On | When the Power LED light is on, the Switch is <br> receiving power. |
| :--- | :--- |
| Off | When the Power LED light is off, the power cord <br> is improperly connected. |

## Ports 1-24 Status LEDs

- LINKIACT

| On | When the LED light is on, the respective port is connected <br> to the 10/100/Mbps Etherent network. |
| :--- | :--- |
| Blinking | When the LED light is blinking, the port is transmitting or <br> receiving data on the $10 / 100 \mathrm{Mbps}$ Ethernet network. |
| Off | No link. |

## Ports 25\&26 Status LEDs

- LINKIACT

| On | When the LED light on, the respective port is connected to <br> a 10/100/1000Mbps Ethernet network. |
| :--- | :--- |
| Blinking | When the LED light is blinking, the respective port is <br> transmitting or receiving data on the $10 / 100 / 1000 \mathrm{Mbps}$ <br> Ethernet network. |
| Off | No link. |

## ■ 1000Mbps

| On | When the LED light on, the respective port is connected to |
| :--- | :--- |


|  | a Gigabit Ethernet network. |
| :--- | :--- |
| Off | When the LED light is off, the respective port is connected <br> to a 10/100Mbps Ethernet network, or no link. |

## Connections

## Front Panel

10/100 Base-TX Twisted-Pair Ports


LED Indicators

- 10/100 BASE-TX Twisted-Pair Ports(Port1~24)

These ports support network speeds of either 10Mbps or 100Mbps, and can operate in half- and full-duplex transfer modes. These ports also support automatic MDI/MDIX crossover detection, giving true "plug and play" capability. Just plug the network cable directly into the hub; you can use either straight-through or crossover cable.

- 2*Combo GE Copper/SFP Ethernet ports (Port25~26)

The DES-1026G is equipped with $2 *$ Combo GE Copper/SFP Ethernet ports that are auto negotiable 10/100/1000Mbps and also support auto MDI/MDIX crossover detection. These two ports can operate in half- and full-duplex modes. Furthermore, an SFP port can also connect to servers and devices via fiber.

Rear Panel


## - AC Power Connector

This is a three-pronged connector that supports the power cord. Plug in the female connector of the provided power cord into this connector, and the male into a power outlet. Supported input voltages range from $100 \sim 240 \mathrm{~V}$ AC at $50 \sim 60 \mathrm{~Hz}$.

## 3. Installation

The site where you place the DES-1026G may greatly affect its performance. When installing, take the following into your consideration:

■ Install the DES-1026G in a fairly cool and dry place. See Technical Specifications for the acceptable temperature and humidity operating ranges.

- Install the DES-1026G in a site free from strong electromagnetic field generators(such as motors), vibration, dust, and direct exposure to sunlight.
- Leave at least 10 cm (about 4 inches) of space at the front and rear of the hub for ventilation.
- Install the DES-1026G on a sturdy, level surface that can support its weight, or in an EIA standard-size equipment rack.
- When installing the Switch on a level surface, attach the rubber feet to the bottom of each device. The rubber feet cushion the hub and protect the hub case from scratches.


Attach the adhesive rubber pads to the bottom.

## Rack Mounting

The DES-1026G can be mounted in an EIA standard-size, 19-inch rack, which can be placed in a wiring closet with other equipments. Attach the mounting brackets to both sides of the Switch(one at each side), and secure them with the provided screws.


Use the screws provided. Then, use screws provided with the equipment rack to mount the Switch in the rack.


Mount the Switch in the rack.

## Connecting Network Cable

The DES-1026G supports 10/100/1000Mbps Gigabit Ethernet and fiber connections. It runs in full/half duplex transfer mode for 10/100Mbps and full duplex transfer mode for 1000Mbps. Each port on the DES-1026G supports Auto-MDI/MDI-X. Auto-MDI/MDI-X is a feature that eliminates the need for worrying about using either a standard or crossover cable-you can use either one-and allows any port to be an uplink port.

## AC Power

The DES-1026G can be used with AC power supply 100~240V AC, $50 \sim 60 \mathrm{~Hz}$. The power switch is located at the rear of the unit adjacent to the AC power connector. The switch's power supply will adjust to the local power source automatically and may be turned on without having any or all LAN segment cables connected.

## 4. Technical Specifications

| General |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| Standards | IEEE 802.3 10BASE-T Ethernet IEEE 802.3u 100 BASE-TX Fast Ethernet IEEE 802.3ab 1000BASE-T Gigabit Ethernet IEEE 802.3z 1000BASE-X |
| Protocol | CSMA/CD |
| Data Transfer Rate | Ethernet: 10Mbps (half duplex), 20Mbps (full duplex) Fast Ethernet: 100Mbps (half duplex), 200Mbps (full duplex) Gigabit Ethernet: 2000Mbps (full duplex) |
| Topology | Star |
| Network Cables | 10BASET: 2-pair UTP/STP Cat. 3,4,5; up to 100 m 100BASE-TX: 2-pair UTP/STP Cat. 5; up to 100 m <br> 1000BASE-T: 4-pair UTP/STP Cat. 5; up to 100 m (Cat. 5E is recommended) <br> Single-mode and Multi-mode fiber |
| Number of Ports | $24 \times 10 / 100 B A S E-T X$ Auto-MDIX STP ports $2 \times$ Combo GE Copper/SFP Ethernet ports |
| Physical and Environmental |  |
| $A C$ inputs | 100 to 240 V AC, $50 / 60 \mathrm{~Hz}$ internal universal power supply |
| Power Consumption | Maximum 6.69 watts |
| Temperature | Operating: $0^{\circ} \sim 40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$, Storage:- $10^{\circ} \sim 70^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| Humidity | Operating: 10\% 90\%, Storage: 5\% 90\% |
| Dimensions | $440 \mathrm{~mm} \times 140 \mathrm{~mm} \times 44 \mathrm{~mm} \quad(\mathrm{~W} \times \mathrm{H} \times \mathrm{D})$ |
| Emissions | FCC/ CE/BSMI/CCC Mark Class A |
| Safety | FCC/ CE/BSMI/CCC Mark Class A |
| Performance |  |
| Transmit Method | Store-and-forward |
| RAM Buffer | 512KBytes per device |
| Filtering Address + Table | 8 K entries per device |
| Packet Filtering/ Forwarding Rate | 10Mbps Ethernet: 14,880/pps 100Mbps Fast Ethernet: 148,800/pps 1000Mbps Gigabit Ethernet: $1,488,000 /$ pps |
| MAC Address Learning | Automatic update |

